

Office of the Governor of Guahan

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Felix P. Camacho Governor

Michael W. Cruz, M.D. Lieutenant Governor

> The Honorable Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D. Speaker *Mina' Trenta Na Liheslaturan Guahan* 155 Hessler Street Hagåtña, Guam 96910

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Dear Speaker Won Pat:

Transmitted herewith is Substitute Bill 441-30 (COR) "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND ADOPT A NEW TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15; AND TO AMEND 10 GCA CHAPTER 50 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS," which I signed into law on September 1, 2010 as Public Law 30-197.

Sinseru yan Magåhet,

**FELIX P. CAMACHO** *I Maga'låhen Guahan* Governor of Guahan

Attachment: copy of Bill

30-10-0846

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# *I MINA'TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN* 2010 (SECOND) Regular Session

## **CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO I MAGA'LAHEN GUÅHAN**

This is to certify that **Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR)**, "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND ADOPT A NEW TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15; AND TO AMEND 10 GCA CHAPTER 50 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS", was on the 20<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2010, duly and regularly passed.

Judith T. Won Pat, Ed. D. Speaker

Attested:

Tina Rose Muña Barnes Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by I Maga'lahen Guåhan this 22 day of Au, 2010, at

1-20 o'clock \_\_\_\_.M.

APPROVED:

FELIX P. CAMACHO I Maga'lahen Guåhan

Date: / SEPTEMBER 2010

Public Law No. \_\_\_\_\_\_ **P.L. 30–197** 

tant Staff Officer Maga'lahi's Office

# *I MINA'TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN* 2010 (SECOND) Regular Session

#### Bill No. 441-30 (COR)

As substituted by the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs and amended on the Floor.

Introduced by:

R. J. Respicio
T. C. Ada
V. Anthony Ada
F. B. Aguon, Jr.
F. B. Aguon, Jr.
F. F. Blas, Jr.
E. J.B. Calvo
B. J.F. Cruz
J. V. Espaldon
Judith P. Guthertz, DPA
T. R. Muña Barnes
Adolpho B. Palacios, Sr.
v. c. pangelinan
Telo Taitague
Ray Tenorio
Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D.

# AN ACT TO *REPEAL* AND ADOPT A NEW TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15; AND TO *AMEND* 10 GCA CHAPTER 50 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS.

#### **BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

2 Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds that
3 the current provisions of the Pesticides Regulations in Title 22, Division III,
4 Chapter 15 of Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations (GARR) were

1 established in 1981. The 1997 version that is available from the Compiler of Laws 2 is a re-numbering of the 1981 version, however, no substance was changed.

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3 These regulations have been reviewed and revised by the Guam Environmental Protection Agency (GEPA), in accordance with the Administrative 4 5 Adjudication Law, and based on the authority of the Agency granted pursuant to Title 10, GCA, Chapter 50 - "The Guam Pesticides Act". The new regulations 6 proposed for adoption in this Act are an updated version of the 1981 regulations, 7 8 which have been amended to reflect current environmental concerns and 9 conditions.

These regulations were passed by the Guam Environmental Protection 10 11 Agency (GEPA) on May 12, 2010 and transmitted to I Liheslaturan Guåhan for consideration on May 17, 2010. After further review of the documents, GEPA 12 13 provided technical amendments and clarifying language to the Committee on 14 Natural Resources to incorporate into the adopted version of the regulations.

It is the intent of I Liheslatura to repeal Title 22, GARR, Division III, 15 16 Chapter 15 and to *replace* said Chapter with the pesticide regulations adopted in this Act, attached herein as "Appendix 1". 17

18 It is also the intent of *I Liheslatura* to *repeal* and *reenact* §50107(d) of Title 19 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The Guam Pesticides Act" to accurately reflect the changes 20 made to the applicator training requirements set forth in the regulations herein.

21 Section 2. Title 10, GCA, §50107(d) is hereby repealed and reenacted to 22 read:

Training. Any person who applies general use pesticides as the 23 "(d) 24 primary part of his/her job or duties shall be required to meet specific 25 training requirements as set forth in the regulations promulgated under this Chapter." 26

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Section 3. Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division
 III, Chapter 15 is hereby *repealed*. Hereby *adopted* in its place are the provisions
 set forth in "Appendix 1".

Section 4. Effective Date. *Except* for Title 22 GARR §15602(a), "Basic
Training", and Title 22 GARR §15703(b), "Basic Training Qualification Cards",
the provisions of this Act *shall* be effective upon enactment. The provisions set
forth in Title 22 GARR §§ 15602(a) and 15703(b) *shall* be effective on October 1,
2011.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

## Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

## Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 1 General Provisions

- 1 §15101. Words in Singular Form.
- 2 §15102. Definitions.
- 3 §15101. Words in Singular Form.

For purposes of this Chapter, words used in the singular form *shall* include the
plural and vice-versa, as appropriate.

6 §15102. Definitions.

Terms and expressions used in this Chapter but not defined below, *shall* have the
meanings set forth in 10 GCA §50102. For purposes of this Chapter, the following terms
and expressions *shall* have the meanings set forth below:

(a) *Act shall* mean "The Guam Pesticides Act" of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated,
Chapter 50 as enacted in 2007 by Public Law 29-26.

(b) 'Agricultural Commodity Applicator' shall mean a person who applies any pesticide
on or around any agricultural commodity.

(c) 'Agricultural Establishment' shall mean a farm, plant nursery, greenhouse or forest
 area.

(d) 'Agricultural Operator' shall mean any person such as a landowner, grower, lease
 holder or pesticide applicator who is responsible for management or condition of an
 agricultural establishment that hires or uses such persons. Agricultural operator

includes any person who hires, contracts for or uses the services of any person
 (compensated or uncompensated) to perform activities related to the production of
 agricultural plants.

4 (e) "Basic Training" shall mean a type of pesticide training for certain applicants
5 handling general use pesticides. Basic Training is divided into two categories:

- 6 (1) "Basic Training-A" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves a
  7 four (4) hour training course and an open-book exam.
- 8 (2) "Basic Training-B" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves an
  9 eight (8) hour training course and a closed-book exam.

(f) 'Body of Water' shall mean any surface water resource within the borders of Guam
 including, but not limited to lakes, rivers, streams, bays, lagoons, harbors, intertidal
 areas, wetlands and coastal ocean waters.

(g) 'Category Training' shall mean a specialized type of training for the use, or
 supervision of the use of, restricted use pesticides.

15 **(h)** *Certification shall* refer to

- (1) The process which an individual must successfully complete in order to be
   authorized to use, or supervise the use of, restricted use pesticides; or
- 18 (2) The successful completion of the process which an individual must
- 19 successfully complete in order to be authorized to use, or supervise the20 use of, restricted use pesticides,

21 as appropriate to the context in which the term appears.

(i) 'Certification Card' shall mean an identification card issued by Guam EPA to an
 individual, evidencing that he has successfully completed the process required for an
 individual to be authorized to use or supervise the use of restricted use pesticides.

25 (j) '*Certified Pesticide Sales Manager' shall* mean a person in charge of the sale of 26 restricted use pesticides and who has successfully passed an examination of any

# Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) APPENDIX 1

#### Page 2

1 category to qualify for that position.

2 (k) *Chemigation shall* mean the application of pesticides through any type of
3 irrigation system including any sprinkler, food, furrow, drip or greenhouse system.

(1) 'Competent person' shall mean a person who is qualified to perform functions
associated with pesticide application; the degree of capability required being directly
related to the nature of the activity and the associated responsibility. A competent person
must have successfully completed the appropriate training and must have obtained the
appropriate certification card from Guam EPA.

9 (m) *Dealer shall* mean any person, company or corporation engaged in the business 10 of purchasing and selling restricted and/or general use pesticide products or devices.

(n) *Distributor shall* mean any company other than a *dealer* or *sales outlet* that sells
 only general use pesticides or devices.

(o) 'Federal Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of federal
law, especially "The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Rodenticide Act", and/or any and
all applicable provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

16 (p) '*Guam EPA' shall* mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.

(q) *Hazard shall* mean a situation where there exists a possibility that a given
 pesticide will cause injury or have an adverse effect on the environment.

(r) 'Keep Out of Reach of Children' shall mean that children under the age of seventeen
(17) shall not open or remove pesticides without parental supervision.

(s) 'Local Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of Guam law,
especially "The Guam Pesticides Act", and/or any and all applicable provisions of this
Chapter.

(t) 'Non-Refillable Container' shall mean a container that is designed and constructed
 for one time containment of a pesticide for sale or distribution. Reconditioned
 containers are considered to be *non-refillable containers*.

(u) Owner shall mean any person who has present possessory interest (fee, leasehold,
 rental or other) in any type of operation that uses, sells and/or distributes pesticides.

- 3 (v) 'Pest Control Operator (PCO)' shall mean a company that provides pest control
  4 activities for hire and that has obtained a PCO license from Guam EPA.
- 5 (w) *Program shall* mean the Guam EPA Pesticide Enforcement Program.

(x) 'Qualification Card' shall mean an identification card issued by Guam EPA to an
individual, evidencing that he has successfully completed the process required for an
individual to be authorized to use or supervise the use of general use pesticides.

9 (y) '*Refillable Container' shall* mean a container that is intended by the registrant of 10 the pesticide to be filled with pesticide more than once for sale or distribution.

11 (z) *Respondent shall* mean an alleged violator.

(aa) 'Sales Outlet' shall mean a location where any restricted use pesticide is sold or
distributed; or kept or stored for sale or distribution; and where records of such sales
and distribution are kept.

(bb) 'Treated Article' shall mean an article or substance treated with or containing a pesticide to protect the integrity of the article or substance itself treated with a pesticide if the pesticide is registered for such use.

18 (cc) 'Under the Direct Supervision of a Certified Applicator' shall refer to a situation in 19 which a restricted use pesticide is applied by a Core Training Qualified applicator 20 acting under the instructions, control and direct supervision of a certified applicator, 21 who is required to be physically present on-site and observing the application of the 22 RUP at the time of the application. The person supervising must be certified for the 23 type of pesticide application he is directly supervising.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### **Division 3**

#### **Guam Pesticide Regulations**

## Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 2 Sale of Pesticides

- 1 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.
- 2 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

#### 3 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.

Every pesticide product sold and distributed in Guam must be registered with USEPA and *shall* bear a label or labeling conforming to 10 GCA §50108 and all applicable local and federal requirements. All persons must maintain the integrity of the original pesticide label or labeling, including legibility and completeness.

#### 8 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

9 No restricted use pesticide *shall* be sold to a person who is not a certified 10 pesticide applicator.

- 11 (a) Dealers and Sales Outlets.
- (1) Dealer's License Required. No person *shall* sell a restricted use pesticide
  unless he has obtained a dealer's license from Guam EPA.
- (2) Certified Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) Required. Each dealer and sales outlet *shall* have a CPSM, who must hold a valid certification card by Guam EPA in any category training. The name of each CPSM *shall* be submitted together with the application for a dealer's license for each sales outlet. The Administrator must be notified in writing by the owner of the sales outlet within fifteen (15) working days of any change of personnel in this position.

#### 20 (b) Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements.

21 Dealers and sales outlets *shall* keep a monthly record of each sale of each **Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** APPENDIX 1

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restricted use pesticide. Dealers and sales outlets *shall* prepare sales records in duplicate. Such records *shall* include: the name, address, and certification number of the purchaser; the expiration date of the purchaser's certification; the date of sale; the USEPA Registration number, quantity, and brand name of RUPs sold; and the CPSM's signature, which must be affixed at the time of the sale transaction.

6 The original copies of the monthly sales records *shall* be submitted to the 7 Administrator within five (5) working days after the end of each month. The duplicate 8 copies *shall* be kept for a period of two (2) years at the physical location where the sale 9 transactions took place.

#### 22 GARR - Guam Environmental Protection Agency

## Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

## Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 3 Use of Pesticides

- 1 §15301. Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements for Application.
- 2 §15302. Disposal.
- 3 §15303. Storage and Display.
- 4 §15304. Transportation.
- 5 §15305. Notice of Intent.
- 6 §15306. Posting of Signs.
- 7 §15307. Special Requirements for Foggers.
- 8 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.
- 9 §15309. Worker Protection Standards.

10 §15301. Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements for Application.

11 Record keeping is required for all applicators who apply any amount of 12 restricted use pesticides. Applicators *shall* keep and maintain, for the period of at least 13 two (2) years, routine operational records, copies of which *shall* be provided by the 14 applicant to the site manager or facility owner. Such records *shall* include the following 15 information:

- (a) The name, address, and certification number of the person who applied thepesticide;
- 18 **(b)** The expiration date of the applicator's certification;
- 19 (c) The name and address of the entity for whom the pesticide was applied;

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(d) The USEPA registration number and trade (or common) name of each pesticide
 applied;

3 (e) The date, time, location, and method of pesticide application;

4 (f) Target pests;

5 (g) Target site (i.e., the specific crop (or commodity), residence, school, etc...); and

6 (h) Where or how any rinsate, remaining pesticide and/or the pesticide container is
7 stored or disposed of.

8 §15302. Disposal.

9 Pesticides, empty containers (or parts thereof), or equipment that holds (or has
10 held) a pesticide, *shall* not be emptied or disposed of in such a manner that may present
11 a hazard to persons, animals (especially bees), food, feed, crops or property.

Empty non-refillable pesticide containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to render useless. To dispose of any non-refillable pesticide container that cannot be triple rinsed and punctured, the user must follow directions on the container's pesticide label.

16 Empty refillable containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to be rendered 17 useless if such container is not being returned to an authorized refiller.

Pesticides that are considered hazardous waste must be disposed of inaccordance with all applicable local and federal requirements.

20 **§15303.** 

#### Storage and Display.

21 No person *shall* store or display pesticides in violation of the USEPA-accepted 22 label or labeling or local or federal requirements. All pesticides must be stored in the 23 following manner:

(a) No pesticide, empty pesticide container (or parts thereof), or equipment that
 holds (or has held) a pesticide *shall* be stored, displayed, or left unattended under
 conditions:

1	(1)	Where food, food containers, animal feed or any other products are likely
2		to become contaminated; or
3	(2)	That may create a hazard or cause injury to humans, vegetation, crops,
4		live-stock, wildlife, beneficial insects or aquatic life.
5	(b) Pesti	cides must be stored in a locked, well-ventilated, cool and dry storage area.
6	(c) Restr	icted Use Pesticide storage areas must be posted with a warning sign that
7	states any, all, or any combination, of the following statements, as applicable:	
8	(1)	"Danger";
9	(2)	"Poison Storage Area";
10	(3)	"All Unauthorized Persons Keep Out"; or
11	(4)	"Keep Door Locked When Not In Use".
12	(d) Pesti	cides must not be stored in places where flooding is possible or in places
13	where pesti	cides might spill or leak into wells, drains, groundwater, or any body of
14	water.	
15	(e) Pesti	cides must be stored or displayed in such a way that they are kept out of
16	reach of chi	ldren and pets.
17	(f) Pesti	cides must not be stored near flammable liquids or solids; or near a source
18	of ignition i	ncluding, but not limited to, a furnace, car, gas grill, or lawnmower.
19	(g) Pesti	cides must be stored in their original containers with the complete original
20	label, whic	h includes, but is not limited to, the USEPA Registration number &
21	establishme	nt number, ingredient statement, directions for use, personal protective
22	equipment	and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.
23	(h) Pesti	cides must not be transferred to any container including, but not limited to,
24	soft drink	bottles or other food or drink containers other than proper mixing and
25	application	equipment.
26	(i) Pesti	cides must not be stored near incompatible chemicals.
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#### 1 §15304. Transportation.

Pest Control Operators transporting pesticides must have a company logo readily recognizable to the public on all vehicles used for such transportation. Such vehicles *shall* not be used for transportation of passengers and pets until such time that the pesticides have been removed and the vehicle or pesticide equipment in the vehicle have been properly sanitized.

7 **§15305**.

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#### Notice of Intent.

(a) Notice of Intent: Structural Pesticide Application (NOI: SPA). Any person
 intending to perform structural pesticide applications for termites (including pre- or
 post- construction treatments to soil), must submit a notice of intent for structural
 pesticide prior to the proposed application.

- (1) NOI: SPA Form. The NOI: SPA *shall* be on a form prescribed by the
   Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
- 14 (A) The date and time of proposed application; and
- 15 **(B)** Information on the pesticide to be used:
- 16 (i) An electronic copy of the label or labeling for each pesticide to be
  17 used;
- 18 (ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
- 19 (iii) A description of the proposed application method;
- 20 **(C)** Information on the applicator:
- (i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticideapplicator involved in the project; and
- (ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing theapplication;
- 25 **(D)** Information on the application site:
  - (i) The physical address of the application site, including a map to

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- the site and the site lot number; 1 2 (ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area to be treated: 3
  - (iii) A map showing all bodies of water within one thousand (1,000) feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected.
- (2) NOI: SPA General Requirements. Prior to any termite and other soil 7 applications, the applicator must ensure that: 8
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(A) After the chemical pesticide application is completed, the treated area is adequately protected from the elements to protect rainwater from 10 reaching the treated area. 11

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**(B)** If the treated area is to be covered with concrete, the concrete must be poured *no later than* twelve (12) hours after the application is completed.

14 Should it be determined that the proposed pesticide's physical-chemical characteristics such as solubility, adsorption, volatility and degradation indicate 15 16 potential for adverse impact to surface and ground water of Guam, the applicator must find a suitable less toxic or lower risk alternative for termite 17 treatment at the proposed site. Any alternative pesticide used must meet federal 18 and local requirements for the intended use. 19

(b) Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation (NOI: SF). Any person intending to 20 perform fumigation of any structure including, but not limited to, buildings and any 21 fumigation of soil, must submit a notice of intent for structural fumigation to the 22 Agency *at least* two (2) days prior to the proposed application. 23

- (1) NOI: SF Form. The NOI: SF shall be on a form prescribed by the 24 Administrator and shall include, at minimum: 25
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## (A) The date and time of proposed application; and

1	(B) Information on the pesticide to be used:
2	(i) An electronic copy of the label or labeling for each pesticide to be
3	used;
4	(ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
5	(iii) A description of the equipment to be used;
6	<b>(C)</b> Information on the applicator:
7	(i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide
8	applicator involved in the project; and
9	(ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
10	application;
11	(D) Information on the application site:
12	(i) The physical address of the application site;
13	(ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area
14	to be treated;
15	(iii) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
16	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
17	(iv) A map showing all bodies of water and wells within seventy-five
18	(75) feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional
19	information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected.
20	(E) General Information on the Project:
21	(i) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the
22	project manager;
23	(ii) A standard operating procedure for the project;
24	(iii) A health and safety plan;
25	(iv) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management
26	Plan by the product label;
	Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) APPENDIX 1

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(v) A listing of the target pests.

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#### (2) NOI: SF General Requirements.

(A) All affected parties must be notified as required by the pesticide label for the product to be used.

(B) The Pest Control Operator must provide written notices to each household and business that is located within seventy-five (75) feet of the proposed application. If the application area is a single-owner complex with multiple units, then The PCO must inform the owner and manager of the site to be fumigated. Notices to the residents must be made by the applicator *at least* two (2) days prior to the fumigation project. In the event of an emergency, the Administrator may waive the two (2) day notice requirement.

(C) A Pest Control Company who proposes to apply a fumigant must 12 have in its possession an occupant's fumigation notice that has been signed 13 by the primary occupant of the household or business, or the designated 14 agent of the structure. The occupant's fumigation notice must state the pest 15 to be controlled, the proposed pesticide(s) to be applied including the active 16 ingredients and the registration number, and all applicable precautionary 17 This form must state that the lethal gas will be used in the statements. 18 indicated areas during the indicated date(s) and time(s), and that it is unsafe 19 to return to the indicated area until a notice of re-entry is posted by the 20 licensee in charge of the fumigation. In the event the primary occupant of the 21 household or business, or the designated agent of the structure, is unavailable 22 or unwilling to sign that he has received the fumigation notice, the PCO shall 23 provide proper documentation to Guam EPA evidencing all attempts made, 24 including, but not limited to, a written statement signed by the PCO 25 representative and a witness, along with a photograph of the fumigation 26

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notice being left at the household, business or other structure.

2 (D) At least one (1) hour prior to any fumigation application, the PCO 3 must place a copy of the NOI: SF at the primary entrance of the building or 4 structure to be fumigated. The NOI: SF must remain posted throughout the 5 fumigation process. The NOI: SF must be removed by the PCO after the PCO 6 renders it safe to enter.

7 **§15306.** 

Posting of Signs.

8 (a) **RUP-Treated Areas.** *At least* one (1) hour prior to any restricted use pesticide 9 application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written 10 in the English language, are posted within fifty (50) feet of all entrances leading to the 11 application site. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the 12 label or labeling.

The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is completed.

(b) Public Right-of-Way or Roadside Areas. At least one (1) hour prior to any 19 pesticide application on or along a roadside, the project manager shall assure that 20 warning signs are posted at least one (1) hour prior to the pesticide application. Signs 21 must be written in the English language and must be visible from all usual points of 22 23 entry to the treated area including each access road, border, footpath and other walking 24 route that leads to the treated area. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must 25 be posted in the corners of the treated area or in any other location affording maximum visibility. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the label or 26

1 labeling.

The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is completed.

8 (c) Structural Fumigation Application. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fumigation 9 application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written 10 in the English language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs, 11 which must be readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include 12 the following information:

13 (1) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FUMIGATION IN14 PROGRESS";

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(2) The date of application;

16 17 (3) The name of a contact person;

(4) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of fumigation fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs at the appropriate times.

22 **§15307.** 

#### Special Requirements for Foggers.

(d) Ventilation. Pest Control Operators and for-hire applicators of foggers must
follow all requirements listed on the USEPA-accepted label. Applicators must verify
that there is no evidence of fogging fumes in the treated area prior to reentry by anyone.
Applicators may utilize industrial size fans and or air conditioning after fogging took

1 place before anyone is allowed into the treated area.

(e) Posting of Signs. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fogging application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written in the English language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs, which must be readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include the following information:

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(5) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FOGGING IN PROGRESS";

- 8 (6) The date of application;
- 9 (7) The name of a contact person;

10 (8) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of fogging fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs at the appropriate times.

15 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.

(a) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit Required. No person *shall* apply any
pesticides by aircraft unless specifically permitted by the accepted USEPA label; and
unless he has obtained a Guam EPA "Aerial Pesticide Application Permit". In addition,
the permittee *shall* notify the Administrator in writing at least three (3) days in advance
of any aerial pesticide application.

(b) Pesticide Application Equipment Safety and Maintenance Requirements.
 Equipment used for aerial pesticide application shall be kept and maintained according
 to the following conditions:

- (1) Spray equipment on aircraft shall be leak-proof. Spray nozzles shall be
   equipped with a device to prevent dribble when spray is turned off.
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(2) Flexible hoses carrying liquid pesticides under pressure shall not pass

1 unshielded through the cockpit of an airplane or helicopter.

(3) Self-propelled power rigs used for inter-row or broadcast applications shall
be equipped with a pressure control device and a pressure gauge.

4 (4) Power rigs, mist blowers, boom sprayers and other pesticide application
5 equipment shall be in good working order with no leaks.

6 (5) Persons who own or operate pesticide mixing, loading or application 7 equipment shall ensure that equipment used for mixing, loading, transferring or 8 applying pesticides is inspected before each day of use for leaks, clogging, and worn 9 or damaged parts, and equipment with any safety defect is repaired or altered to 10 remove the hazard before further use.

(6) Applicators or employees who clean, service, or repair mixing and application equipment shall be provided by their employer with any necessary protective equipment or clothing and shall be instructed and supervised in the maintenance operation in a manner that will reduce work hazards.

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#### §15309. Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

16 Worker Protection Standard (WPS) is a federal regulation aimed at reducing the 17 risk of pesticide poisoning and injuries among workers, handlers, and volunteer 18 workers who work in any farm, forest, greenhouse or nursery.

All agricultural operators who have workers and handlers who work on a farm,
forest, greenhouse or nursery where a pesticide has been applied within the past thirty
(30) days must follow the WPS requirements as described in 40 CFR, Part 170.

For the purposes of this section, '*worker' shall* mean any person who is performing activities relating to the production of agricultural plants on an agricultural establishment. This requirement applies to family members, friends, and volunteers. Workers may or may not be compensated for their work.

26 For the purposes of this section, *'handler' shall* mean anyone who mixes or loads

pesticides on an agricultural establishment including, but not limited, to flaggers, those
 handling or cleaning application equipment, those performing soil incorporation, and
 those disposing of pesticides or pesticide containers.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

## Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

## Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 4 Importation of Pesticides and Pesticide Devices

- 1 §15401. Notice of Arrival.
- 2 §15402. Arrival of Shipment.
- 3 §15403. Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.
- 4 §15404. Sample of Imports.
- 5 §15401. Notice of Arrival.

6 (a) Notice of Arrival Form. Any person desiring to import pesticides or 7 pesticide devices into Guam – regardless of origin, type and quantity – *shall* submit 8 to the Administrator a completed Guam EPA "Notice of Arrival" (NOA) form, *no* 9 *later than* ten (10) calendar days prior to the arrival of the shipment in Guam. The 10 Administrator, or his designee, may waive this deadline if the importer provides 11 valid documents evidencing that the shipment will arrive in Guam in less than 10 12 days from the date of exportation from the point of origin.

For any shipment that includes more than one (1) type of pesticide and/or device, the importer must indicate the on his NOA form all pertinent information for each pesticide and/or device. Importers who apply for a NOA for the first time for a specific pesticide or device must also provide respective labels for each pesticide or device.

1 Upon receipt, the Administrator, or his designee, shall complete the form, 2 indicating the disposition to be made of the shipment of pesticides or devices upon 3 its arrival in Guam and *shall* return the form to the importer or his agent.

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(b) Notice of Arrival Required. No pesticide or device *shall* be imported into Guam without an accompanying "Notice of Arrival" that has been approved and 5 signed by the Administrator or his designee. 6

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§15402.

Arrival of Shipment.

(a) Notice of Arrival Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, the importer, or 8 his designee, shall present to the Customs Officer at the port of entry an approved 9 and signed NOA which indicates the action to be taken by the Customs Officer with 10 respect to the shipment. The Customs Officer *shall* compare entry documents for the 11 shipment with the NOA and must notify the Administrator of any discrepancies. 12

13 (b) Notice of Arrival Not Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, if the importer, or his designee, does not present an approved and signed NOA to the 14 15 Customs Officer at the port of entry, the shipment *shall* be detained until such time a signed and approved NOA is presented; or until other disposition is ordered by the 16 17 Administrator.

(c) Detained Shipments. A shipment may be detained for up to fifteen (15) 18 days. A shipment that remains detained for more than fifteen (15) days shall be 19 20 treated as prohibited importation.

§15403. **Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.** 21

22 If the signed and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to release the shipment of pesticides or devices, and from examination if it appears to be in 23 24 compliance, the shipment *shall* be released to the importer or his designee. If the signed 25 and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to refuse entry of a shipment, or from examination of the shipment it appears to violate local or federal requirements, such 26

1 shipment *shall* be refused entry and treated as prohibited importation.

The Customs Officer *shall* notify the importer at least twenty (20) days prior to the date of exportation of the shipment. If a shipment of pesticides or devices is refused entry into Guam, the shipment can be detained at the importer's storage area pending exportation to the country of origin. However, during the detainment period, the shipment shall not be used, sold or distributed or otherwise disposed of other than exportation.

8 Any expenses incident to the handling, storage or transfer of pesticides or 9 devices refused entry into Guam *shall* be at the risk and expense of the importer.

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#### §15404. Sample of Imports.

Upon the request of the Administrator, either on the NOA or otherwise written request, the Customs Officer *shall* allow the Administrator, or his designee, to collect samples from a shipment. If the sample is found to be in compliance with local and federal requirements, the Administrator *shall* notify the Customs Officer in writing that the shipment may be released to the importer or his designee.

If upon the examination or analysis, the sample demonstrates that there is a 16 17 violation of local or federal requirements, the Administrator, or his designee, shall promptly notify the importer, who shall be provided with an opportunity to introduce 18 19 testimony to show cause why the shipment should not be refused entry. If after consideration of all the evidence presented, it remains the opinion of the Administrator 20 that the shipment is in violation of local or federal requirements; the Administrator 21 22 shall notify the Customs Officer that the shipment shall be refused entry and treated as a prohibited importation. 23

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

## Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 5 Special Pesticides

1 §15501. Exemptions.

2 §15502. Determination by Use.

3 §15503. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.

4 §15501.Exemptions. The pesticides or classes of pesticides listed in this section have been 5 determined to be of a character not requiring regulation under FIFRA, and are therefore exempt 6 from all provisions of FIFRA, the Act and this Chapter when intended for use, and used, only in 7 the manner specified.

(a) Treated articles or substances. An article or substance treated with, or containing, a
 pesticide to protect the article or substance itself (for example, paint treated with a pesticide to
 protect the paint coating, or wood products treated to protect the wood against insect or fungus
 infestation), if the pesticide is registered for such use.

(b) Pheromones and pheromone traps. Pheromones and identical or substantially similar compounds labeled for use only in pheromone traps (or labeled for use in a manner which the Administrator determines poses no greater risk of adverse effects on the environment than use in pheromone traps), and pheromone traps in which those compounds are the sole active ingredient(s).

(1) For the purposes of this paragraph, a pheromone is a compound produced by
an arthropod which, alone or in combination with other such compounds, modifies the
behavior of other individuals of the same species.

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#### Page 22

(2) For the purposes of this paragraph, a synthetically produced compound is identical to a pheromone only when their molecular structures are identical, or when the only differences between the molecular structures are between the stereochemical isomer ratios of the two compounds, except that a synthetic compound found to have toxicological properties significantly different from a pheromone is not identical.

(3) When a compound possesses many characteristics of a pheromone but does not meet the criteria in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, it may, after review by the Agency, be deemed a substantially similar compound.

9 (4) For the purposes of this paragraph, a pheromone trap is a device containing a 10 pheromone or an identical or substantially similar compound used for the sole purpose 11 of attracting, and trapping or killing, target arthropods. Pheromone traps are intended 12 to achieve pest control by removal of target organisms from their natural environment 13 and do not result in increased levels of pheromones or identical or substantially similar 14 compounds over a significant fraction of the treated area.

- 15 (c) Preservatives for biological specimens.
- 16 (1) Embalm

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(1) Embalming fluids.

17 (2) Products used to preserve animal or animal organ specimens, in mortuaries,
18 laboratories, hospitals, museums and institutions of learning.

(3) Products used to preserve the integrity of milk, urine, blood, or other bodyfluids for laboratory analysis.

(d) Foods. Products consisting of foods and containing no active ingredients, which are
 used to attract pests.

23 (e) Natural cedar.

(1) Natural cedar blocks, chips, shavings, balls, chests, drawer liners, paneling,
and needles that meet all of the following criteria: (i) The product consists totally of
cedarwood or natural cedar. (ii) The product is not treated, combined, or impregnated
with any additional substance(s). (iii) The product bears claims or directions for use
solely to repel arthropods other than ticks or to retard mildew, and no additional claims

1	are made in sale or distribution. The labeling must be limited to specific arthropods, or
2	must exclude ticks if any general term such as arthropods, insects, bugs, or any other
3	broad inclusive term, is used. The exemption does not apply to natural cedar products
4	claimed to repel ticks.
5	(2) The exemption does not apply to cedar oil, or formulated products which
6	contain cedar oil, other cedar extracts, or ground cedar wood as part of a mixture.
7	(f) Minimum risk pesticides.
8	(1) Exempted products. Products containing the following active ingredients are
9	exempt from the requirements of FIFRA, alone or in combination with other substances
10	listed in this paragraph, provided that all of the criteria of this section are met.
11	Castor oil (U.S.P. or equivalent)
12	Cedar oil Cinnamon and cinnamon oil
13	Citric acid
14	Citronella and citronella oil
15	Cloves and clove oil
16	Corn gluten meal
17	Corn oil
18	Cottonseed oil
19	Dried blood
20	Eugenol
21	Garlic and garlic oil
22	Geraniol
23	Geranium oil
24	Lauryl sulfate
25	Lemongrass oil
26	Linseed oil
27	Malic acid
28	Mint and mint oil

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1	Peppermint and peppermint oil
2	2-Phenethyl propionate (2-phenylethyl propionate)
3	Potassium sorbate
4	Putrescent whole egg solids
5	Rosemary and rosemary oil
6	Sesame (includes ground sesame plant) and sesame oil
7	Sodium chloride (common salt)
8	Sodium lauryl sulfate
9	Soybean oil
10	Thyme and thyme oil
11	White pepper
12	Zinc metal strips (consisting solely of zinc metal and impurities)
13	(2) Permitted inerts. A pesticide product exempt under paragraph (g)(1) of this
14	section may only include inert ingredients listed in the most current List 4A. This list is
15	updated periodically and is published in the Federal Register. The most current list may
16	be obtained by writing to Registration Support Branch (4A Inerts List) Registration
17	Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200
18	Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.
19	(3) Other conditions of exemption. All of the following conditions must be met
20	for products to be exempted under this section: (i) Each product containing the
21	substance must bear a label identifying the name and percentage (by weight) of each
22	active ingredient and the name of each inert ingredient.
23	(ii) The product must not bear claims either to control or mitigate
24	microorganisms that pose a threat to human health, including but not limited to
25	disease transmitting bacteria or viruses, or claims to control insects or rodents
26	carrying specific diseases, including, but not limited to ticks that carry Lyme
27	disease.

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(iii) The product must not include any false and misleading labeling statements, including those listed in 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5)(i) through (viii).

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#### §15502. Determination by Use.

Some products are not pesticides because they are not deemed to be used for a pesticidal effect. A product that is not intended to prevent, destroy, repel, or mitigate a pest, or to defoliate, desiccate or regulate the growth of plants, is not considered to be a pesticide. The following types of products or articles are not considered to be pesticides unless a pesticidal claim is made on their labeling or in connection with their sale and distribution:

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(a) Deodorizers, bleaches, and cleaning agents;

(b) Products not containing toxicants, intended only to attract pests for survey or
 detection purposes, and labeled accordingly;

(c) Products that are intended to exclude pests only by providing a physical
barrier against pest access, and which contain no toxicants, such as certain pruning
paints to trees.

15 §15503. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.

(a) Local Designation Authority. Pursuant to 10 GCA §50103(3), the Board, or
its designee, has the authority to designate a restricted use pesticide. The consideration
and designation of a restricted use pesticide must be done in accordance with Title 5,
Chapter 9 of Guam Code Annotated – "The Guam Administrative Adjudication Law."
Restricted use pesticides so classified in Guam *shall* be in addition to those USEPAclassified restricted use pesticides.

(b) Chlorine Gas. All chlorine gas used as a pesticide (including, but not limited to, chlorine gas that has a USEPA registration number and establishment number) is hereby considered a restricted use pesticide in Guam. Persons applying chlorine gas must be hold a valid certification card in Category 7d, "Chlorine Gas"; or must otherwise hold a valid certification card for Core Training *and* must, at the time of

application, be under the direct supervision of an applicator who holds a valid
 certification card in Category 7d.

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(c) Designation by Label or Labeling. If the registered label for a general use pesticide states, or has related statements indicating, that the applicator must be professional, licensed, registered, certified, or trained (for example, "Only For Sale, Use, and storage by Professional Pest Control Operators", etc...), the applicator must be certified by Guam EPA in the category most related to the pesticide use prior to the application of said pesticide.

## 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

## Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

## Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 6 Certification

- 1 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.
- 2 §15602. General Use Pesticide Training Qualification.
- 3 §15603. Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.
- 4 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.
- 5 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.

Basic Training, Core Training, or Category Training may be offered by the
University of Guam, the Guam Community College or an independent contractor. Any
person intending to provide any type of training must first meet the requirements set
forth below.

(a) Conducting "Train-the-Trainer". Instructor qualifications and requirements to
 conduct a "Train-the-Trainer" course are:

(1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or
 individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related
 activity. Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors,
 owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public
 health regulatory agency;

- 17 (2) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;
- (3) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federal
   requirements; and

2	course material, including the use of a variety of teaching tools.
3	(b) Conducting Training. Instructor qualifications and requirements to conduct
4	Basic, Core or Category Training are:
5	(1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or
6	individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related
7	activity. Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors,
8	owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public
9	health regulatory agency;
10	(2) Successful completion of a Guam-EPA approved "Train-the-Trainer" course
11	and the passage of any applicable exam;
12	(3) Current qualification/certification in the type of training to be conducted (BT-A,
13	BT-B, Core or the applicable Category/ies);
14	(4) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;
15	(5) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federal
16	requirements; and
17	(6) The ability to teach and communicate effectively with student-applicators to
18	prepare them for proper performance of their occupational duties.
19	(c) Approved Training Plan Required. An approved training plan must adequately
20	incorporate general standards developed by Guam EPA concerning the use of
21	pesticides as appropriate to the type of activities in which the pesticide applicator will
22	be engaged. An approved training plan must identify the type of training to be
23	provided (Basic Training-A, Basic Training-B, Core Training and/or Category Training),
24	and must include, at a minimum:
25	(1) Instructor information, including:
26	(A) The name and address of each instructor;

(4) The ability to effectively prepare student-instructors for teaching the required

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1	(B) A description of each instructor's qualifications and experience;
2	(C) A copy of the current qualification/certification card for each instructor;
3	and
4	(2) Training information, including a copy of the training agenda and descriptions
5	of:
6	(A) Topics to be covered;
7	(B) The target audience;
8	(C) How the trainer will ensure that the training is provided in a manner and
9	language that the target audience will understand;
10	(D) When, where and how often the training will be conducted;
11	(E) How the exam will be administered and graded, if applicable; and
12	(F) How the training will incorporate information on all relevant local and
13	federal requirements; and Guam-specific challenges and needs.
14	§15602. General Use Pesticide Training Qualification.
15	(a) Basic Training.
16	(1) Basic Training-A ("BT-A"). BT-A is required for applicants who are paid
17	housekeeping workers including, but not limited to, cleaners and janitors in hotels,
18	hospitals, apartment complexes or condominium complexes, nursing homes, or
19	other non-private residences, and who apply general use antibacterial,
20	antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other pesticides as part of their
21	occupational duties. BT-A applicants must complete a four (4) hour training course
22	and must successfully pass the open-book BT-A exam.
23	The Basic Training-A curriculum shall be developed by the Agency in
24	conjunction with USEPA. The Agency shall also establish and consult a local task
25	force, which shall include representative from the public and private sectors,

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including but *not limited to* the University of Guam, the Guam Community College,
 and the Guam Hotel and Restaurant Association.

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(2) Basic Training-B ("BT-B"). BT-B is required for applicants who are paid
swimming pool operators and water treatment operators using general use
pesticides as part of their occupational duties. BT-B applicants must complete an
eight (8) hour training course and must successfully pass the closed-book BT-B
exam.

8 Workers in this category *may* satisfy this requirement by attending eight (8)
9 hours of Core Training and passing either the BT-B or Core Training exam.

10 Swimming pool or water treatment operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine 11 products in carrying out their occupations duties must successfully complete Core 12 Training and are not required to complete BT-B. Any applicant who intends to use 13 chlorine gas *must also* obtain certification in Category 7d.

(b) Core Training. Core Training is required for any applicant, other than those
 described in subsection (a) above, who intends to use general use pesticides as part of
 carrying out his occupational duties. Core Training consists of a sixteen (16) hour
 training course and a closed-book exam.

18 **§15603**.

#### **Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.**

(a) Certification of RUP-Applicators. Category Training is required for all
 restricted use pesticide applicators. Satisfactory completion of Core Training is
 required as a prerequisite for Category Training. Category Training consists of sixteen
 hours (16) of a specialized type of training course and a closed-book exam. Applicators
 applying restricted use pesticides shall be certified either as a commercial applicator or
 a private applicator.

1 (1) Commercial Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of, 2 restricted use pesticides in pest control work, demonstration work or similar pest control activity. Commercial applicators are paid for their services. 3

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(2) Private Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of, 5 restricted use pesticides for the purpose of producing any agricultural commodity 6 on property owned or rented by him, his employer, or another person. Persons in 7 this category are not compensated for their work. For purposes of this section, 'compensation' does not include the trading of personal services between producers 8 9 of agricultural commodities.

Applicators shall be further divided into the 10 (b) RUP-Applicator Categories. following categories and subcategories based on general patterns of use and sites where 11 12 specific knowledge related to the use patter or site is required to demonstrate 13 competency. A person may be certified in as many categories or subcategories as 14 necessary.

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#### **Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control.**

Category 1a: Plants. This category includes applicators using or 16 supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in production of 17 agricultural crops, including without limiting the foregoing, tobacco, 18 peanuts, cotton, feed grains, soybeans and forage; vegetables, small fruits, 19 20 fruit trees and nuts, as well as on grasslands and non-crop agricultural lands. 21

22 **Category 1b: Animals.** This category includes applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides on animals, including 23 24 without limiting the foregoing, beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, sheep, horse, goats, poultry, and livestock, and to places on or in which animals 25 are confined. Doctors of Veterinary Medicine engaged in the business of 26

applying pesticides for hire, publicly holding themselves out as pesticide applicators, or engaged in large scale use of pesticides are included in this category.

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4 Category 2: Forest Pest Control. This category includes commercial
 5 applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in forests,
 6 forest nurseries, and forest seed producing areas.

Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control. This category includes
 commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides
 to control pests in the maintenance and production of ornamental trees, shrubs,
 flowers, and turf.

11Category 4: Seed Treatment.This category includes commercial12applicators using or supervising the use of restricted pesticides on seeds.

13 **Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control.** This category includes commercial 14 applicators using or supervising the use of any restricted use pesticide 15 purposefully applied to any body of water as defined in these regulations, 16 including but not limited to standing or running water; the territorial sea; and 17 bays and harbors of Guam, excluding applicators engaged in public health 18 activities included in Category (8).

19 **Category 6: Right-of-Way Pest Control**. This category includes 20 commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides 21 in maintenance of public roads, electric power lines, pipelines, railway rights-of-22 way or other similar areas.

- Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest
   Control.
- 25Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control. This category26includes commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted

use pesticides in, on, or around food handling establishments, human dwellings, institutions such as schools and hospitals, industrial establishments, including warehouses and grain elevators, and any other structures and adjacent areas, public or private; and for the protection of stored, processed, or manufactured products.

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6 Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigations. This 7 category is for applicants who apply fumigants to sites including but not 8 limited to commodity storage or holding sites, buildings, boats, and 9 shipping containers. In addition to being certified, applicators of 10 fumigants must\_submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent: Structural 11 Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as stipulated in 12 §15305(b) of this Chapter.

Category 7c: Soil Fumigation. This category is for applicants who apply fumigants to kill organisms such as fungi, insects, nematodes, parasite and other soil-borne diseases. In addition to being certified, applicators of fumigants must submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as described in §15305 of this Chapter.

19Category 7d: Chlorine Gas.This category is for commercial20applicants who use, or supervise the use of, chlorine gas for the treatment21of swimming pools, hot tubs, spas and production wells.

Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. This category includes local, federal or other governmental employees using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in public health programs for the management and control of pests having medical and public health importance.

**Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control.** This category includes local, federal or other governmental employees who use or supervise the use of restricted use pesticides in the control of regulated pests.

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Demonstration and Research Pest Control. This category includes 4 individuals who demonstrate, or supervise a demonstration, to the public the 5 proper use and techniques of applications of restricted use pesticides. Examples 6 7 of such persons include, but are not limited to, extension specialists and local agents, commercial representatives demonstrating pesticide products, and those 8 9 individuals demonstrating methods used in public programs. Category 10 also 10 includes persons conducting field research with pesticides and in doing so, use, or supervise the use of, restricted use pesticides. This includes, but is not limited 11 to, local, federal, other governmental employees, or other commercial 12 applicators. 13

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(c) Standards for Certification.

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(1) Commercial Applicators.

(A) Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling 16 17 of pesticides shall be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below, both 18 19 of which *shall* be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing shall include the general standards applicable to all categories and the additional 20 standards specifically identified for each category or subcategory in which an 21 applicator is to be classified, and to the pesticide or class of pesticides covered by 22 the persons certification. 23

(B) General Standards of Competency. All commercial applicators *shall* demonstrate practical knowledge of the principles and practices of pest control
 and safe use of pesticides as described below. Testing shall be based on

1	examples of problem	ns and situations appropriate to the particular category or			
2	subcategory of the	applicator's certification and the following areas of			
3	competency:				
4	(i) Label a	nd Labeling Comprehension. Including factors such as:			
5	(aa) (	General format of labels and terminology that are used on			
6	pesticide labels and labeling;				
7	(bb) I	nstructions, warnings, terms, symbols, and other			
8	information	n commonly appearing on pesticide labels;			
9	(cc) (	Classification of the product, general or restricted; and			
10	(dd) 1	Necessity for use consistent with the label.			
11	(ii) Safety	. Including factors such as:			
12	(aa) I	Pesticide toxicity and hazard to man and common exposure			
13	routes;				
14	(bb) (	Common types and causes of pesticide accidents;			
15	(cc) I	Precautions necessary to guard against injury to applicators			
16	and other individuals in or near treated areas;				
17	(dd) 1	Need for and use of protective clothing and equipment;			
18	(ee) S	Symptoms of pesticide poisoning;			
19	(ff) I	First Aid and other procedures to be followed in case of a			
20	pesticide accident; and				
21	(gg) I	Proper identification, storage, transport, handling, mixing			
22	procedures and disposal methods for pesticides and used pesticide				
23	containers, including precautions to be taken to prevent children from				
24	having access to pesticides and pesticide containers.				
25	(iii) Poten	tial Environmental Consequences of the Use and Misuse			
26	of Pesticides.	Including influential factors such as:			
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1	(aa) Weather and other climatic conditions;			
2	(bb) Types of terrain, soil or other substrate;			
3	(cc) Presence of fish, wildlife and other non-target organisms;			
4	and			
5	(dd) Drainage patterns.			
6	(iv) Pests. Including factors such as:			
7	(aa) Common features of pest organisms and characteristics of			
8	damage needed for pest recognition;			
9	(bb) Recognition of relevant pests; and			
10	(cc) Pest development and biology as it may be relevant to			
. 11	problem identification and control.			
12	(v) Pesticides. Including factors such as:			
13	(aa) Types of pesticides;			
14	(bb) Types of formulations;			
15	(cc) Compatibility, synergism, persistence and animal and plant			
16	toxicity of the formulations;			
17	(dd) Hazards and residues associated with use;			
18	(ee) Factors which influence effectiveness or lead to such			
19	problems as resistance to pesticides; and			
20	(ff) Dilution procedures, including calculations to achieve			
21	21 correct application rate.			
22	(vi) Equipment. Including factors such as:			
23	(aa) Types of equipment and advantages and limitations of each			
24	type; and			
25	(bb) Use, maintenance and calibration.			
26	(vii) Application techniques. Including factors such as:			
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1(aa) Methods of procedure used to apply various formulations of2pesticides, solutions, and gases, together with knowledge of which3technique of application to use in a given situation;

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(cc) Prevention of drift and pesticide loss into the environment.

Relationship of discharge and placement of pesticides to

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(viii) All local and federal requirements.

proper use, unnecessary use, and misuse; and

8 **(C) Specific Standards of Competency.** Commercial Applicators should 9 demonstrate additional competence and knowledge appropriate to their 10 particular category of certification, described as follows:

11 Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control.

(bb)

Category 1a: Plants. Applicators must demonstrate practical 12 knowledge of the crops grown and the specific pests on these crops on 13 which they may be using RUPs. The importance of such competency is 14 amplified by the extensive areas involved, the quantities of pesticides 15 needed, and the ultimate use of many commodities as food and feed. 16 Practical knowledge is required concerning soil and water problems, pre-17 harvest intervals, re-entry intervals, phytotoxicity, and potential for 18 environmental contamination, non-target injury and community problems 19 from the use of restricted use pesticides in agricultural areas. 20

Category 1b: Animals. Persons applying pesticides directly to animals must demonstrate knowledge of such animals and their associated pests. A practical knowledge is also required concerning specific pesticide toxicity and residue potential, since host animals will frequently be used for food. Further, the applicator must know the

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relative hazards associated with such factors as formulation application techniques, age of animals, and focus and extent of treatment.

3 Category 2: Forest Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the extent and types of forests, forests nurseries, and seed 4 production in Guam and the pests involved. They should demonstrate practical 5 knowledge of the cyclic occurrence of certain pests and specific population 6 7 dynamics as a basis for programming pesticide applications. A practical knowledge is required of the relative biotic agents and their vulnerability to 8 9 pesticides to be applied. Because forest stands frequently include aquatic habitats and harbor wildlife, the consequences of pesticide use may be difficult to 10 11 The applicators must therefore demonstrate practical knowledge of assess. control methods that will minimize the possibility of secondary problems such as 12 13 unintended effects on wildlife. Proper use of specialized equipment must be demonstrated, especially as it may relate to meteorological factors and adjacent 14 land use. 15

Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control. Applicators shall 16 demonstrate practical knowledge of pesticide problems associated with the 17 production and maintenance of ornamental trees, shrubs, plantings, and turf, 18 including cognizance of potential phytotoxicity due to a wide variety of plant 19 material, drift, and persistence beyond the intended period of pest control. 20 Because of the frequent proximity of human habitations to application activities, 21 applicators in this category must demonstrate practical knowledge of the 22 hazards to humans, pets, and other domestic animals. 23

Category 4: Seed Treatment. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of types of seeds that require chemical protection against pests and factors such as seed coloration, carriers, and surface active agents which

influence pesticide binding and may affect germination. They must demonstrate practical knowledge of hazards associated with handling, sorting and mixing, and misuse of treated seed such as introduction of treated seed into food and feed channels, as well as proper disposal of unused treated seed.

5 Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the secondary effects which can be caused by improper application 6 rates, incorrect formulations, and faulty application of restricted use pesticides 7 used in this category. They shall demonstrate practical knowledge of various 8 water use situations and the potential of downstream effects. Further, they must 9 have practical knowledge concerning potential pesticide effects on plants, fish, 10 birds, beneficial insects and other organisms which may be present in aquatic 11 12 environments. These applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the principles of limited area application. 13

Category 6: Right-of-way Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate 14 15 practical knowledge of a wide variety of environments since rights-of-ways can traverse many different terrains, including waterways. They shall demonstrate 16 practical knowledge of the problems of runoff, drift, and excessive foliage 17 destruction and ability to recognize target organisms. They shall also 18 demonstrate practical knowledge of the nature of herbicides and the need for 19 20 containment of these pesticides within the right-of-way area, and the impact of their application activities in the adjacent areas and communities and special 21 drift control methods and procedures. 22

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Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest Control.

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Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control. Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of a variety of pests including their life

1 cycles, as well as types of formulations appropriate for their control and 2 methods of application that avoid contamination of food and damage and 3 contamination of habitat, and exposure of people and pets. Since human exposure, especially to babies, children, pregnant women, and elderly 4 people, is frequently a potential problem, applicators must demonstrate 5 practical knowledge of the specific factors which may lead to a hazardous 6 condition, including continuous exposure in the various situations 7 8 encountered in this category. Because health related pest control may involve outdoor applications, applicators in this category must also 9 10 demonstrate practical knowledge of environmental conditions particularly related to this activity. 11

Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigation. 12 In this subcategory, types of structures include, but are not limited to inhabited 13 buildings, containers, boat. Applicators must demonstrate practical 14 knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and fumigation use 15 16 laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, of handler and worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety training, preventing 17 18 heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to interpret and follow label directions and requirements. 19

20 Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards 21 associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, 22 environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, 23 of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, 24 and responding to fumigant emergencies.

25 Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper 26 fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate

application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use practices.

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**Category 7c: Soil Fumigation.** Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and fumigation use laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, of handler and worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety training, preventing heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to interpret and follow label directions and requirements.

9 Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards 10 associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, 11 environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, 12 of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, 13 and responding to fumigant emergencies.

Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use practices.

Category 7d: Chlorine Gas. Applicators must demonstrate practical 18 19 knowledge of the toxicity of liquefied chlorine gas; the dispersion 20 properties and other characteristics of gaseous chemicals; equipment types; calibration procedures; application techniques; air and water monitoring 21 procedures; use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and 22 clothing; and factors that may lead to a hazardous conditions, including 23 handling of pressurized chemicals and direct or continuous exposure to 24 25 chlorine gas.

Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of pests of public health importance, vector-disease relationships, and etiology of disease-host relationships. Since a wide variety of pests are involved, these pests must be known and recognized by public health control applicators, and the life's cycles and habitats of each thoroughly understood. These applicators should be familiar with a great variety of environmental conditions ranging from streams to dwellings. They should also be cognizant of such non-chemical control methods as sanitation, waste disposal, and drainage.

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10 Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of regulated pests, applicable law relating to guarantine and 11 other regulation of pests, and the potential impact on the environment of 12 restricted use pesticides used in suppression and eradication programs. They 13 shall demonstrate knowledge of factors influencing introduction, spread, and 14 population dynamics of relevant pests. Their knowledge shall extend beyond 15 16 that required by their immediate duties, since their services are frequently required in Guam and other areas of the country where emergency measures are 17 18 invoked to control regulated pests and where individual judgments in new situations must be made. 19

Category 10: Demonstration and Research Pest Control. Persons demonstrating the safe and effective use of pesticides to other applicators and the public will be expected to meet comprehensive standards reflecting a broad spectrum of pesticide uses. Many different pest problems situations will be encountered in the course of activities associated with demonstration, and practical knowledge of problems, pests, and population levels occurring in each demonstration situation is required. Further, they should demonstrate an

understanding of pesticide-organism interactions and the importance of integrating pesticide use with other control methods.

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Applicators doing demonstration pest control work, conducting field research or method improvement work with RUPs should possess a practical knowledge of all of the general standards detailed in §15603(c)(2) of this Chapter. In addition, they shall be expected to know the specific standards described in §15603(c)(3)(A) through (I) of this Chapter as may be applicable to their particular activity.

9 For the purposes of this Chapter, the above standards do not apply to 10 persons conducting laboratory-type research involving RUPs; or Doctors of 11 Medicine or Doctors of Veterinary Medicine applying pesticides as drugs or 12 medication during the course of their normal practice.

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#### (2) Private Applicators.

(A)Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of pesticides *shall* be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below both of which *shall* be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing *shall* include the standards applicable to Category 1, 1a and 1b in which an applicator is to be classified.

(B) Standards of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of pesticides by a private applicator *shall* be determined by the procedures set forth below. As a minimum requirement for certification, a private applicator must show that s/he possesses a practical knowledge of the pest problems and pest control practices associated with his agricultural operations; proper storage, use, handling and disposal of the pesticides and containers; and his related legal responsibility. The practical knowledge includes ability to:

(i) Recognize common pests to be controlled and damage caused by them;

(ii) Read and understand the label and labeling information including the common name of pesticides he applied; pest(s) to be controlled, timing and methods of application; safety precautions; any pre-harvest or re-entry restrictions; and any specific disposal procedures;

7 (iii) Apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and 8 warnings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentrations of 9 pesticide to be used under particular circumstances taking into account 10 such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment 11 will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operation;

(iv) Recognize local environmental situations that must be considered
 during application to avoid contamination;

(v) Recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to follow in case of
 pesticide accident; and

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(vi) Consult reliable sources of information on the safe and proper use of each pesticide related to the applicator's certification.

Standards for Supervision of Uncertified Applicators. The supervisor of a 18 (3) uncertified applicator must ensure that the applicator holds a valid Core Training 19 20 Qualification Card and is someone who follows instructions. In addition, the supervisor must be certified in the appropriate category for the type of application 21 22 he/she is directly supervising; he must demonstrate practical knowledge of all local and federal requirements; and he must be physically present on site observing the 23 24 application of the pesticide at the time of application. The uncertified applicator must complete the appropriate category training no later than ninety (90) days from 25 his date of hire. 26

## 1 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.

- 2 Training course and exam offerings are subject to space and instructor availability.
- 3 Exams, however, will be offered at least once per month.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 7 Licenses, Permits, Cards and Fees.

- 1 §15701. Special Licenses.
- 2 §15702. Permits.
- 3 §15703. Qualification and Certification Cards.

4 §15704. Fees.

5 §15701. Special Licenses.

(a) Pest Control Operator (PCO) License. Any person intending to conduct
 structural pest control in or around residential and commercial buildings *shall* obtain
 a PCO License from Guam EPA prior to conducting any structural pest control.

(b) Pesticide Trainers License. Any person intending to provide Basic
 Training, Core Training or Category Training must obtain a Pesticide Trainers
 License from Guam EPA. This licensure requirement is in addition to the training
 instructor qualifications and requirements stipulated in §15601 of this Chapter. All
 applicable requirements must be satisfied prior to the start of any pesticide training.

(c) Pesticide Dealers License. Any person intending to sell restricted use
 pesticides must first obtain a Pesticide Dealers License from Guam EPA.
 Additionally, a Pesticide Dealers License *shall* be required for each sales outlet
 operating in Guam. Each Pesticide Dealers License issued *shall* expire on December
 31 of the year in which the license was issued. The application for a Pesticide

1 Dealers License *shall* be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum: 2 3 **a.** The name and address of the applicant; **b.** The physical address of the sales outlet (primary and all branch outlets, 4 5 when applicable); and c. The name, address, and certified applicator number of the Certified 6 Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) at each sales outlet. 7 Permits. §15702. 8 (a) Fumigation Permit. Any person intending to perform any fumigation must first 9 obtain a Fumigation Permit from Guam EPA. An application for a Fumigation Permit 10 shall be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum: 11 12 (1) Information on the pesticide to be used: (A) The name, registration number, and an electronic copy of the label or 13 14 labeling for each pesticide to be used; **(B)** A description of the equipment to be used; and 15 (C) An estimated amount of the fumigant to be used for each permit period. 16 17 (2) Information on the applicator: (A) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide applicator 18 involved in the project; and 19 (B) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the 20 application; 21 (3) Information on the permanent application site, or any temporary sites, if 22 applicable: 23 (A) The physical address of the application site; 24 25 **(B)** A description of the application site, including the size of the area to be treated; 26

1	(C) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
2	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
3	(4) General Information on the Project:
4	(A) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the project
5	manager;
6	(B) Description or history of the company's work experience with using the
7	fumigant that is proposed for application;
8	(C) A standard operating procedure for the project;
9	<b>(D)</b> A health and safety plan;
10	(E) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management Plan
11	by the product label;
12	(F) A listing of the target pests.
13	(b) Chemigation Permit. Any person intending to conduct any chemigation, msut
14	first obtain a Chemigation Permit from Guam EPA; and must meet the following
15	conditions:
16	The applicator must provide sufficient written evidence to Guam EPA in advance of
17	the application that a chemigation application is the only viable method for pest
18	control. In order to demonstrate to Guam EPA that there are no other viable
19	methods of pest control, the applicator must provide a list of target pests, location of
20	proposed chemigation, a description of equipment to be used, including required
21	back flow prevention devices to prevent contamination of the water sources, a copy
22	of the label for the pesticide(s) proposed for use, and a description of the other types
23	of pest control methods that have been attempted and the results of these methods.
24	The copy of the label submitted to Guam EPA must be a copy of the label on the
25	container(s) of the pesticide to be used. Upon review of the applicator's submission
26	and the EPA accepted label for the product to be used, Guam EPA will make a
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determination as to whether the chemigation application will be allowed. If Guam
 EPA allows the application, a written permit will be issued by Guam EPA. The
 pesticide to be used must be registered by U.S. EPA for use in chemigation.

(1) Areas to be chemigated must be posted with a sign when 1) any part of a
treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor
camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or
any public areas such as schools parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not
including public roads., or 2) when the chemigated areas is open to the public such
as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

(2) Application areas must be posted by the pesticide applicator with signs in 10 English at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the 11 12 listed sensitive area. When there are not usual point of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other locations affording maximum 13 14 visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign must face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs must be printed in the English 15 16 language. Signs must be posted prior to the application and remain posted until 17 foliage has dried and soil surface water as disappeared. Signs must remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and 18 maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period. 19 Applicators are responsible to remove the signs from the treated areas. 20

(3) Effective posting consists of letters at least 2 ½ inches tall, with all letters and
symbols in color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the
top of the sign must be the words "KEEP OUT", followed by an octagonal stop sign
symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word "STOP". Below the stop
sign symbol must be the words "PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATION WATER."

1	(c) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit. Any person intending to apply pesticides			
2	by aircraft must first obtain and Aerial Pesticide Application Permit from Guam EPA.			
3	An application for a Aerial Pesticide Application Permit shall be on a form prescribed			
4	by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum:			
5	(1) Information on the pesticide to be used:			
6	(A) The name and registration number of each pesticide to be applied;			
7	<b>(B)</b> An electronic copy of the label or labeling for each pesticide to be used;			
8	(C) The formulation, dilution and application rates for each pesticide to be			
9	applied;			
10	(D) A description of the equipment to be used;			
11	(2) Information on the applicant, pilot and/or applicator:			
12	(A) The name, certification number, and certification expiration date of the			
13	applicant and pilot/applicator, if different from the applicant;			
14	(B) A copy of the certification card for the applicant and pilot/applicator, if			
15	different from the applicant;			
16	(C) A copy of the pilot license and any other licenses needed in Guam to			
17	operate an aircraft;			
18	(3) Information on the application site:			
19	(A) The physical address of the proposed application site; and			
20	(B) A sketch or map of the site, indicating general wind directions,			
21	surrounding homes, bodies of water, schools, hospitals, places of worship,			
22	roadways, and crop plantings within five hundred (500) feet of the application			
23	site. The Administrator may require additional information to ensure that			
24	waters of Guam are protected.			
25	(4) General Information on the Project:			
26	(A) A description of the purpose of aerial application and why aerial			
	Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR)			

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application is desired;

- (B) The method of aerial application of the proposed pesticides to be 2 applied; 3
- (C) The number of application to be made, and the proposed time and date 4 5 of each application;
- (D) A description of prior attempts to control the subject pest by other 6 application methods and the results of those efforts; 7
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(E) An indication of what measures will be taken to prevent drift or 9 overspray of non-target sites.

The Administrator may refuse to issue an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit if 10 it is determined that the proposed aerial treatment may cause unreasonable adverse 11 effects to human health or the environment. 12

Any Aerial Pesticide Application Permit issued pursuant to this Chapter shall 13 specify the time period for which the permit is valid. The Administrator may specify 14 and limit the Aerial Pesticide Application Permit to cover a single treatment or multiple 15 and continued treatments when conditions are not expected to change or vary during 16 17 subsequent treatments that are conducted in the same designated area. In no case shall any pesticide be applied contrary to the U.S. EPA accepted label. 18

The issuance of an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit shall not relieve the 19 permittee from the penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or 20 21 contamination of crops or plants, animals, man and the environment resulting from such aerial treatment. 22

§15703. 23

#### **Qualification and Certification Cards.**

Any person intending to apply pesticides as part of their occupational duties must 24 first obtain a qualification/certification card from Guam EPA. Qualification/Certification 25 cards *shall* be issued after successful completion of the appropriate training. Successful 26

1 completion is measured by the applicator's attendance at the appropriate training 2 course (as certified by the training instructor), together with passing the appropriate 3 exam with a score of seventy percent (70%) or higher (as certified by the exam 4 administrator).

5 (a) **Temporary Cards.** Temporary cards may be issued to individuals who are 6 unable to attend a the appropriate training course (due to the availability of classes) 7 within approximately one month's time from the date he has submitted his application 8 for qualification/certification to Guam EPA. Temporary cards issued pursuant to this 9 section *shall* expire on the last day of the month in which the next appropriate training 10 course will be offered.

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#### (b) Basic Training Qualification Cards.

(1) Basic Training-A Qualification Card. Any person intending to apply general use antibacterial, antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other pesticides as part of their occupational duties must first obtain a "Basic Training-A Qualification Card" from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application. Any new or transferred employee may be granted a three (3) month grace period to come into compliance with the qualification requirements of this section.

18 (2) Basic Training-B Qualification Card. Any person who is a paid swimming pool operator or water treatment operator intending to use general use 19 20 pesticides as part of his occupational duties must first obtain a "Basic Training-B Qualification Card" from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application. 21 This requirement does not apply to paid swimming pool operators or water treatment 22 23 operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine products. Such applicators must obtain RUP-Certification, as described below, in Category 7d as described in §15604 of this 24 25 Chapter.

(c) Core Training Qualification Card. Any person, other than those described in
subsection (a) above, intending to use general use pesticides as part of carrying out his
occupational duties must first obtain a "Core Training Qualification Card" from Guam
EPA prior to any pesticide application. Applicants for Core Training Qualification must
be at least seventeen (17) years of age.

(d) Certification Card. Any person intending to apply restricted use pesticides must
first obtain a Certification Card from Guam EPA for the appropriate category(ies).
Applicants for RUP-Certification Training must be at least eighteen (18) years of age.
RUP-Applicators *shall* be certified either as a

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(1) Commercial Applicator, in the category or subcategory most related to the pesticide he will be using; or

(2) Private Applicator, in Category 1, 1a, or 1b, as described in §15604 of this
Chapter.

(e) Renewal. All Certification Cards issued pursuant to this Chapter *shall* be renewed every three (3) years. Individuals may submit applications for renewal *no more than* thirty (30) days prior to the expiration date of their certification. Individuals intending to renew their certification must successfully pass the appropriate exam. Training for each applicant is required upon initial application for certification. All individuals who hold "Core Training Certification Cards" older than three (3) years from the effective date of this Chapter must renew their certification.

21 **§15704.** Fees.

In order to fulfill the duties and responsibilities associated with the implementation of these regulations, the Agency hereby establishes conditions and fees as set forth in Table 1 of this Chapter. All fees *shall* be paid to and deposited into "The Pesticide Management Fund" as specified in 10 GCA §50119, which shall be maintained separate and apart from any other government of Guam bank account. All fees are non-

1 refundable and must be paid in the following manner:

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- (a) Qualification/Certification Card Fees. Fees must be paid upon issuance of
  the qualification/certification card or a replacement card.
  - (b) Training/Exam Fees. Fees must be paid prior to each training/exam session.
- (c) License/Permit Fees. Fees must be paid at the time a license/permit
  application is submitted.
- 7 (d) Notice of Arrival Fees. Fees must be paid at the time the NOA form is
  8 submitted; or based upon an agreed payment plan between the importer and the
  9 Agency.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 8 Enforcement

1 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.

2 §15802. Enforcement Procedures.

3 §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.

4 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.

5 The rules and regulations in this Chapter are promulgated by the Agency 6 pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter, "The Guam Pesticides Act". The Act also specifies the 7 Agency's authority to inspect and take necessary enforcement actions to carry out the 8 provisions of the Act or this Chapter.

9 In addition, the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA") is 10 applicable to Guam. Pursuant to Section 23 of FIFRA, the Guam Environmental 11 Protection Agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency have entered into a 12 Cooperative Agreement. Under this agreement, Guam EPA has primary enforcement 13 responsibility for pesticide use violations.

The provisions of "The Guam Pesticide Act" and this Chapter are intended to meet minimal requirements of FIFRA. Should there arise a conflict between local and federal requirements, the more stringent requirement applies.

17 §15802. Enforcement Procedures.

All enforcement procedures *shall* comply with 5 GCA Chapter 9 – "The Guam
 Administrative Adjudication Law" and 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The Guam Pesticides
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1 Act".

(a) Notice of Violation and Order of Compliance (NOV/OC). If – from an
inspection, complaint, examination or analysis – there appears to be a violation of the
regulations of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, a written NOV/OC *shall* be
sent by the Agency to the person against whom proceedings are contemplated. The
NOV/OC *shall* state the violation, the manner in which the alleged violator failed to
meet the requirement of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, and what should
be done to correct the violation.

9 When a violation has been alleged, and a NOV/OC has been issued, and the 10 respondent has received the NOV/OC, the respondent has the option of: (1) within ten 11 (10) working days, entering into a "Voluntary Compliance Agreement" (See Section 8.5) 12 with Guam EPA to come into compliance with the violated provision; said settlement 13 agreement shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter; or (2) 14 within fifteen (15) working days, appealing the NOV/OC to the Board.

(b) Notice of Defense. A "Notice of Defense" form *shall* be included with the issued NOV/OC. Should the respondent wish to appeal the NOV/OC to the Board, the respondent must submit a completed "Notice of Defense" form to the Board. The Notice must be received by the Board within fifteen (15) working days from receipt of the NOV/OC. Once the Board receives the "Notice of Defense," any administrative action upon the case *shall* be suspended until a "Notice of Judgment" has been issued by the Board.

(c) Prosecution. Pursuant to "The Guam Pesticides Act," the Administrator may
impose fines before an appeal has been filed or before the violation has been corrected.
Enforcement actions may include monetary fines based on civil/administrative penalties
and/or license suspension, revocation, non-renewal, and/or permit cancellation.

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(d) Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA). If the respondent wishes to

resolve the NOV/OC without appealing to the Board, the respondent has the option of 1 entering into a Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA) with the Agency, which must 2 be reached within ten (10) working days. The respondent must immediately notify the 3 Agency of such intentions upon receipt of the NOV/OC. The Agency may work in 4 5 conjunction with the respondent to determine the terms and conditions of a VCA. The 6 Agency *shall* inform the respondent that he may exercise his right to appeal the 7 NOV/OC to the Board at any time during the fifteen (15) working day time frame by submitting a completed "Notice of Defense" Form. 8

9 The purpose of the VCA option is to provide an opportunity to resolve the 10 NOV/OC without going through the appeal process with the Board or the referral 11 process with the Attorney General of Guam.

12 §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.

13 The issuance, suspension, or revocation of any certification card, license or 14 permit issued under these regulations *shall* not relieve an individual from the criminal 15 and civil penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or 16 contamination resulting from pesticide related activities.

(a) Probable Denial of Application for Certification, License or Permit. An
application for any qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to
this Act or this Chapter, may be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the Act,
for the following causes:

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(1) Falsification of any information required in the application process.

(2) Falsification of or failure to maintain records as required by the Act andthis Chapter.

(3) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction within a five (5) year
 period immediately preceding the date of application of any violation of the Act
 or this Chapter.

- (4) Failure to comply with any order of the Board made pursuant to the Act and this Chapter.
- (5) A suspension of applicant's qualification/certification under the Act and this Chapter within a five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of application.
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(6) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

7 **(b)** Denial of Application for Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. 8 An application for any qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant 9 to this Act or this Chapter, *shall* be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the 10 Act, for the following causes:

- (1) Applicant has been convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction within a
  five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of the application of two (2)
  or more violations of the Act or this Chapter or of the Federal Insecticide,
  Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, or the rules and regulations
  promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (2) Two (2) or more suspensions of applicant's qualification/certification,
   license or permit under this Act and this Chapter within a five (5) year period
   immediately preceding the date of application.
- (3) Revocation of applicant's qualification/certification, license or permit
   under this Act and this Chapter within a one (1) year period immediately
   preceding the date of application.
- (c) Probable Suspension of Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. A
   qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this
   Chapter may be suspended pursuant to §57135 of the Act for the following causes.

(1) Falsification of any information required in the application process or
 falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this
 Chapter.

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(2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

5 (d) Suspension of Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. A 6 qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this 7 Chapter *shall* be suspended for not less than thirty (30) days and not more than one 8 hundred eighty (180) days for the following causes:

- 9 (1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of
  10 the Act.
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(2) Failure to comply with two (2) warning notices issued by GEPA within a two (2) year period.

- (e) Probable Revocation of Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. A
  qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this
  Chapter may be revoked for cause. Revocation *shall* be effectuated by a written
  statement of the Administrator indicating the effective date of the revocation and causes
  for such action. Possible causes include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of
  the Act.

20 (2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

(3) Falsification of any information required in the application process or
 falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this
 Chapter.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 9 Severability

#### 1 §15901. Severability.

۰,

*If* any provision of this Chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity *shall not* affect other provisions or applications of this Chapter which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Chapter are severable.

#### 22 GARR – GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 – PESTICIDES TABLE 1 – GUAM PESTICIDE REGULATION FEES

TYPE OF DOCUMENTATION	COST		EXPLANATION	
1. Notice of Arrival (NOA)	\$3/case for up to 10 cases; \$1	Note: Effective		
1. Notice of Arrival (NOA)	Chlorine tabs/gas \$5/1000 lb	January 1, 2011		
2. Termite Soil Application	\$50 < 250 gal. of emulsion m	Each application		
	$\$100 \ge 250$ gal. of emulsion r			
3. Fumigation Permit Fee	\$1,000	\$1,000		
4. Chemigation Permit Fee	\$100		Per Permit	
	\$250/Primary Sales Outlet		Expires Dec 31	
5. Pesticide Dealers License	\$50/Branch Sales Outlet	(Each Year*)		
	a. Cards	\$15		
6. Certification Cards	b. Training	\$100 (16 hours)	3 Years*	
o. certification cardy	c. Exam	\$50	5 Tears	
	d. Replacement Cards	\$10		
	a. Cards	\$15 (Core); \$15 for (Basic Training-A/B)		
7. Qualification Cards –	b. Training	\$75 (Core); \$35 (BT-B), \$15 (BT-A)		
(Basic & Core Training)	c. Exam	\$25 (Core); \$15 for (BT-A/B)	3 Years*	
(basic & core fraining)	d. Replacement Cards	\$10		
	e. Exam Study Materials	\$15		
8. Pest Control Operators License	\$150		Expires Dec 31	
o. Test control Operators License			(Each Year*)	
	a. Cards	\$15		
9. Pesticide Trainers License	b. Training	\$100 (16 hours)	Den Veget	
2. I esucide Hamers License	c. Exam	\$50	Per Year*	
	d. Replacement Cards	\$10		

\*Annual fees are pro-rated

\*

Without engrossment

# I MINA' TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2010 (SECOND) Regular Session

Date: 8/20/10

## **VOTING SHEET**

SBill No. <u>441-30(COR)</u>

Resolution No. \_\_\_\_\_ Question: \_\_\_\_\_

NOT OUT YEAS NAYS VOTING/ DURING ABSENT NAME ABSTAINED **ROLL CALL** ADA, Thomas C. ADA, V. Anthony AGUON, Frank B., Jr. BLAS, Frank F., Jr. CALVO, Edward J.B. CRUZ, Benjamin J. F. ESPALDON, James V. GUTHERTZ, Judith Paulette **MUNA-BARNES, Tina Rose** PALACIOS, Adolpho Borja, Sr. PANGELINAN, vicente (ben) cabrera **RESPICIO, Rory J.** TAITAGUE, Telo TENORIO, Ray WON PAT, Judith T.

TOTAL

15

CERTIFIED TRUE AND CORRECT:

Patrice Confor

Clerk of the Legislature

\* 3 Passes = No vote EA = Excused Absence

**MAJORITY LEADER** 

CHAIRMAN Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs

AN Res Rs

I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

August 19, 2010

The Honorable Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D.	
Speaker	2010
I Mina'Trenta Na Liheslaturan Guåhan	Alle
155 Hesler Place	<u>ි</u>
Hagåtña, Guam 96910	\$
RE. Committee Report on Calestitute Bill No. 441 20 (COR)	PM
<b>RE:</b> Committee Report on Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR)	?
Hafa Adai Speaker Won Pat:	Segon

The Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs to hereby reports out Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) - "An Act To Repeal And Adopt A New Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules And Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to Amend 10 GCA Chapter 50 Relative To The Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

Committee votes are as follows:

_4	TO PASS				

- \_\_\_\_ NOT TO PASS
- 2 TO REPORT OUT ONLY
- \_\_\_\_ TO ABSTAIN
- 0 TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE

Very Truly Yours,

Rory L'Respicio Chairperson

**MAJORITY LEADER** 

CHAIRMAN Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

# Committee Report on Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Substituted by the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to *Amend* 10 GCA Chapter 50 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

**MAJORITY LEADER** 

CHAIRMAN Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

August 19, 2010

#### **MEMORANDUM**

To: All Members

Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs

Affairs

From: Senator Rory J. Respicio Committee Chairperson

Subject: Committee Report on Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR)

Transmitted herewith for your consideration is the report on Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) -"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to *Amend* 10 GCA Chapter 50 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

This report includes the following:

- Committee Vote Sheet
- Committee Report Digest
- Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced
- Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Substituted
- Public Hearing Sign-in Sheet
- Submitted Testimonies
- Fiscal Note on Bill No. 441-30 (COR)
- COR Referral of Bill No. 441-30 (COR)
- Public Hearing Notices
- Public Hearing Agenda

Please take the appropriate action on the attached voting sheet. Your attention to this matter is greatly appreciated. Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse!

155 Hesler Place • Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547 • roryforguam@gmail.com

MAJORITY LEADER

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON RULES

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES & FEDERAL, FOREIGN & MICRONESIAN AFFAIRS



I MINA' TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

## **COMMITTEE VOTING SHEET**

Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) – R. J. Respicio – "An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to *Amend* 10 GCA Chapter 50 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

	SIGNATURE	TO PASS	NOT TO PASS	TO REPORT OUT ONLY	ABSTAIN DUE TO POTENTIAL CONFLICT	TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE
SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO Chairperson	m	m				
SENATOR JUDITH P. GUTHERTZ Vice-Chairperson	m	N				
SPEAKER JUDITH T. WON PAT, Ed,D. Member	Å	A				
VICE-SPEAKER BENJAMIN J.F. CRUZ Member	Hay			8/18/10 Elez		
LEGISLATIVE SECRETARY TINA ROSE MUÑA BARNES Member	10			P		
SENATOR THOMAS C. ADA Member			Ŧ			
SENATOR FRANK B. AGUON, R. Member	for the second	V				
SENATOR ADOLPHO B. PALACIOS Member	Ø			8/19/10		
SENATOR VICENTE C. PANGELINAN						
SENATOR FRANK F. BLAS, JR. Minority Member						
SENATOR JAMES V. ESPALDON Minority Member						

155 Hesler Place • Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547 • roryforguam@gmail.com

### SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO

**MAJORITY LEADER** 

CHAIRPERSON Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

### **COMMITTEE REPORT DIGEST**

#### I. OVERVIEW

Bill No. 441-30 (COR) - "An Act To *Repeal* And *Adopt* A *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules And Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative To The Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations" was introduced by Senator Rory J. Respicio on August 3, 2010; and was subsequently referred to the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs on the same day.

Senator Rory J. Respicio, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign and Micronesian Affairs convened a public hearing on Bill 441 on Tuesday, August 10, 2010 at 5:30 P.M. in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room to receive public testimony on the measure.

#### **Public Notice Requirements**

In accordance with the Open Government Law, notices were disseminated to all senators and to all main media broadcasting outlets on August 3, 2010 and August 9, 2010. Notices were also issued to various public and private entities.

#### Senators Present

Senator Rory J. Respicio, Chairperson Senator Thomas C. Ada, Member Senator Telo Taitague Senator V. Anthony Ada

#### II. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY & DISCUSSION

#### The public hearing on Bill No. 441-30 (COR) was Called-to-Order at 5:30 P.M.

The public panel was comprised of representatives from the Guam Environmental Protection Agency ("Guam EPA"), the Guam Hotel and Restaurant Association ("GHRA"), NoKaOi, and the University of Guam ("UOG"). Testimony and discussion focused on the following areas:

#### "Basic Training-A"

The mandating of a basic training requirement for general housekeepers, janitorial, custodial workers and the like has been a point of contention for as long as Guam EPA has been working to develop these regulations, which has spanned over a period of three years.

GHRA expressed its willingness to compromise on the issue of requiring basic training for all general housekeeping and janitorial workers. This compromise is based on the establishment of a "Train-the-Trainer" Program, wherein Guam EPA can train individuals to conduct in-house training for their individual establishments (i.e. each hotel, etc...) or as a service provided by that individual as an independent contractor. This compromise eases the concerns of GHRA regarding Guam EPA's creation of an additional bureaucratic requirement that would affect over 1,000 workers, and yet the agency may not be ready to adequately meet the demands it has placed on itself.

Committee Chairperson Senator Respicio notes that he is pleased the stakeholders are not arguing against the necessity of these workers to having a basic level of specialized education as it applies to their field of work. He further notes his satisfaction with the work both the government, regulatory side and the private, industry side have done to reach this agreement. Guam EPA echoes the sentiments of Senator Respicio.

Senator Respicio adds that the establishment of a "Train-the-Trainer" program does provide an added cost for the Agency so the appropriate adjustments were made to the fee schedule to reflect this. The fees originally set for the training course, exam, ID cards, and replacement cards remain in place for those individuals who are not part of large organizations and may need to satisfy this training requirement through other means (i.e. GCC, UOG, independent contractor, etc...). Senator Respicio confirms with Guam EPA that the changes made to the regulations do not dilute the efforts the Agency has made in drafting these regulations. Guam EPA confirms and expresses content with the fact that an agreement could finally be reached on the training issue, which at the end of the day is good all-around, for the workers, the general public, and the environment.

#### **Pheromones**

The identification of pheromones as pesticides is another point of contention in the draft pesticide regulations. In the draft regulations submitted to the Legislature, language identifying pheromones as pesticides was included. After discussions during the Roundtable Discussion held on the draft regulations (prior to the public hearing), UOG made a strong argument that pheromones are not pesticides, unless used in such a manner as to kill (or trap to

kill); while Guam EPA contested this argument, the Agency didn't have any documentation ready to support their claims. During the public hearing, however, Guam EPA provided this Committee with documentation indicating that USEPA expressed caution to Guam EPA that the Agency may potentially lose it's primacy (the ability to regulate locally) over the enforcement of FIFRA should its local regulations be inconsistent with federal regulations.

Extensive and lengthy discussion centered on the debate over whether or not pheromones are pesticides. UOG made their argument and provided supporting documents claiming that pheromones should not be classified as pesticides; and Guam EPA argued the contrary. Both UOG and Guam EPA expressed that they have been going back-and-forth on this issue for years; and have even gone into conference calls with USEPA. Both sides agree that they have come to an impasse. In the end, it was decided that the best compromise would be to cite the language provided in the pertinent sections of the Code of Federal Regulations.

#### "Effective Date"

Senator Tom Ada questioned the reasoning behind setting the "effective date" for the basic training requirement one year later; which was clarified with the explanation that the program isn't in place yet because it still needs to be developed. Guam EPA assured the Committee that it is a great thing Guam is leading the nation in this direction; and that even though the program isn't yet developed, it is a very basic program that Guam EPA and USEPA has already started crafting. It is not complicated and shouldn't take more than 4-5 months to develop. Once the program is developed, the Agency will work with industry to get all affected individuals up to speed with the new requirements.

In the event no classes are available, temporary IDs will be issued to those individuals who pass the prerequisite exam. A three month grace period will also be granted to any new, or transferred, employees.

#### **Requested Amendments**

The focus of the discussion then shifted towards requests for specific amendments to the bill and the included regulations. The amendments requested were to address the issues listed below. Descriptions of discussion on the requested amendments, and how the amendments were subsequently addressed by this Committee are detailed in "Part III: Findings and Recommendations" of this report.

- Establishment of a Task Force for Basic Training-A;
- Amended Language for Page 3, Section 4 Definition of "Certification";

- Replace "Certification" with "Qualification" for Basic/Core Training Completion;
- Electronic Transmission of Pesticide Labels and Labeling;
- Removal of Requirement to Include Company History in "Notice of Intent";
- Deadline for Issuance of Fumigation Notices to Surrounding Residents; and
- Pheromones.

Senator Respicio concluded the public hearing on Bill No. 441-30 (COR) at 7:35 P.M.

#### **III. FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATIONS**

The "Guam Pesticides Act" of 2007 directed the Guam Environmental Protection Agency to draft regulations to govern the Agency's pesticides program. The draft regulations were approved by the Guam EPA Board of Directors on May 12, 2010. Pursuant to the Administrative Adjudication Law of Guam, the regulations were forwarded to the Legislature for review and consideration on May 17, 2010. The consideration of the regulations fell under the jurisdiction of the Committee on Natural Resources, chaired by Senator Respicio, and was thereby referred to this Committee.

Committee and Agency staff spent a few weeks reviewing and revising the regulations. The Committee then held a Roundtable Discussion on Monday, August 2, 2010 to involve the public in the review process of the draft regulations. Following the Roundtable, Senator Respicio incorporated the draft regulations into legislation.

Bill No. 441-30 (COR) - "An Act To *Repeal* And *Adopt* A *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules And Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative To The Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations" was introduced by Senator Respicio on August 3, 2010; and it was subsequently referred to this Committee on the same day. The public hearing on Bill 441 took place the following week.

Based on the testimony from the public hearing, the following amendments have been made to the bill as introduced and are reflected in Substitute Bill No. 441:

#### (1) Establishment of a Task Force for Basic Training-A.

GHRA was content to see a list of requirements and qualifications for the training instructors and the training plans, but requested for language to be included that would establish a task force made up of the enforcement agency(ies), the educational institutions, and the private sector, or specifically GEPA, GHRA, GCC, and UOG. The task force would be tasked with reviewing the Basic Training-A curriculum to ensure that the necessary requirements and standards are in place for the instructors, the training programs, and the exams. This amendment was made and is reflected in the substitute bill.

#### (2) Amended Language for Page 3, Section 4 – Definition of "Certification".

It was initially requested that the definition of "certification" in "Section 4" of Bill 441 be revised to indicate that a person can receive "certification" from *either* the Agency *or* a private training program. "Section 4", however, was drafted because the regulations as proposed in the introduced version of Bill 441 made "certification" a blanket requirement/process for all pesticide application (general or restricted). The type of certification one would need to obtain would be dependent on the type of pesticides he would apply. Instead, however, this entire section, which proposed a revised definition of "certification" was deleted altogether because Guam EPA, based on USEPA advice, requested that "certification" not be used as a blanket requirement/process, but instead be used to refer to only training for restricted use pesticides (which was reflected in the original definition of "certification" in 10 GCA Chapter 50).

#### (3) Replace "Certification" with "Qualification" for Basic/Core Training Completion.

As stated in item (2), Bill 441 was drafted in such a way as to create a blanket certification process for all pesticide training; further, it established various types of certification based on the type of pesticide to be applied. Guam EPA, however, requested that alternate language be used for the successful completion of basic/core training because USEPA advised that the term "certification" be specific to restricted use pesticide application. Guam EPA suggested that "Pesticide Training License" be the alternate term, but "Pesticide Training License" is already used interchangeably with "Pesticide Trainers License" for individuals who successfully complete a "Train-the-Trainer" course. Therefore, Committee staff and Agency staff agreed on the term "qualification". Those who successfully complete basic/core training B Qualification Card", or "Core Training Qualification Card", as applicable. It was re-iterated in the hearing that all "Qualification Cards" would be issued by Guam EPA, although training courses, exams, and grading may be overseen by other parties.

#### (4) Electronic Transmission of Pesticide Labels and Labeling.

On pages 10 and 12 in Appendix 1, the "Notice of Intent" requirements for Structural Pesticide Application and Structural Fumigation include the submission to Guam EPA of labels or labeling for pesticides to be used by Pest Control Operators. It was requested that the language in the regulations indicate that the label or labeling could be provided electronically, since some pesticides are used multiple times, but even more so, since some labels or labeling are rather lengthy. This amendment was made and is reflected in the substitute bill.

#### (5) Removal of Requirement to Include Company History in "Notice of Intent".

On page 13 of Appendix 1, the "Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation" requirements mandate that the Pest Control Operator include a "description or history of the company's work experience with using the fumigant that is proposed for application". It was requested that this requirement be removed for "Notices of Intent: Structural Fumigation" because this requirement is already met in the review/application process for the annual Fumigation Permit. This amendment was made and is reflected in the substitute bill.

#### (6) Deadline for Issuance of Fumigation Notices to Surrounding Residents.

On page 13 of Appendix 1, the "Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation" requirements mandate that a Pest Control Operator issue notices to surrounding residents at least fourteen (14) days prior to the fumigation project. Lengthy discussion ensued during the public hearing between the Agency, private sector representatives and the Committee members. It was agreed that the purpose of the requirement is to ensure that surrounding residents are notified, regardless of whether or not it takes two days or fourteen. The 14 day requirement, however, poses problems for consumers and providers in that it hamstrings business operations because fumigations are almost always last minute, emergency decisions for consumers and therefore, planning 14 days to 2 days; that the Guam EPA Administrator would have the ability to waive this requirement in the case of an emergency; and that a company would be able to provide the Agency with valid documents evidencing situations in which the receiving agent for the household, business or structure is unavailable or unwilling to sign receipt of a fumigation notice.

#### (7) Pheromones.

The debate on whether or not the regulations should classify pheromones as pesticides, as mentioned in "Part II: Summary of Testimony & Discussion", was settled an amendment to include the language on pheromones as it appears on the Code of Federal Regulations.

#### (8) The title of Bill 441 as introduced has been amended to read:

"Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) - An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to *Amend* 10 GCA Chapter 50 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

With consideration of the above, this Committee hereby submits its findings on Bill No. 441; and hereby reports out "**Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** - An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to *Amend* 10 GCA Chapter 50 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

# Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Substituted by the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs

(Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to *Amend* 10 GCA Chapter 50 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

#### I MINA' TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2010 (SECOND) Regular Session

#### Bill No. 441-30 (COR)

As Substituted by the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs

Introduced by:

**R.J. RESPICIO** 

AN ACT TO *REPEAL* AND *ADOPT* A *NEW* TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15; AND TO *AMEND* 10 GCA CHAPTER 50 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS.

#### **1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

SECTION 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that 2 3 the current provisions of the Pesticides Regulations in Title 22, Division III, Chapter 15 of Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations (GARR) were established in 1981. The 4 5 1997 version that is available from the Compiler of Laws is a re-numbering of the 1981 6 version, however, no substance was changed. These regulations have been reviewed and revised by the Guam Environmental 7 8 Protection Agency (GEPA), in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Law, 9 and based on the authority of the Agency granted pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter 50 -

10 "The Guam Pesticides Act". The new regulations proposed for adoption in this Act are

an updated version of the 1981 regulations, which have been amended to reflect current
 environmental concerns and conditions.

3	These regulations were passed by the Guam Environmental Protection Agency
4	("GEPA") on May 12, 2010 and transmitted to I Liheslaturan Guåhan for consideration on
5	May 17, 2010. After further review of the documents, GEPA provided technical
6	amendments and clarifying language to the Committee on Natural Resources to
7	incorporate into the adopted version of the regulations.
8	It is the intent of I Liheslatura to repeal Title 22, GARR, Division III, Chapter 15
9	and to replace said chapter with the pesticide regulations adopted in this Act, attached
10	herein as "Appendix 1".
11	It is also the intent of I Liheslatura to repeal and reenact §50107(d) of 10 GCA
12	Chapter 50 – "The Guam Pesticides Act" to accurately reflect the changes made to the
13	applicator training requirements set forth in the regulations herein.
14	<b>SECTION 2.</b> 10 GCA §50107(d) is hereby <i>repealed</i> and <i>reenacted</i> to read:
15	"(d) Training. Any person who applies general use pesticides as the primary
16	part of his/her job or duties shall be required to meet specific training requirements as
17	set forth in the regulations promulgated under this Chapter."
18	SECTION 3. Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III,
19	Chapter 15 is hereby <i>repealed</i> . Hereby <i>adopted</i> in its place are the provisions set forth in
20	"Appendix 1".

SECTION 4. Effective Date. *Except* for 22 GARR §15602(a) "Basic Training" and
 22 GARR §15703(b) "Basic Training Qualification Cards", the provisions of this Act *shall* be effective upon enactment. The provisions set forth in 22 GARR §§ 15602(a) and
 15703(b) *shall* be effective on October 1, 2011.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 1 General Provisions

- 1 §15101. Words in Singular Form.
- 2 §15102. Definitions.
- 3 §15101. Words in Singular Form.

For purposes of this Chapter, words used in the singular form *shall* include the
plural and vice-versa, as appropriate.

6 §15102. Definitions.

Terms and expressions used in this Chapter but not defined below, *shall* have the
meanings set forth in 10 GCA §50102. For purposes of this Chapter, the following terms
and expressions *shall* have the meanings set forth below:

(a) *Act shall* mean "The Guam Pesticides Act" of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated,
Chapter 50 as enacted in 2007 by Public Law 29-26.

(b) 'Agricultural Commodity Applicator' shall mean a person who applies any pesticide
on or around any agricultural commodity.

(c) 'Agricultural Establishment' shall mean a farm, plant nursery, greenhouse or forest
 area.

(d) 'Agricultural Operator' shall mean any person such as a landowner, grower, lease
 holder or pesticide applicator who is responsible for management or condition of an
 agricultural establishment that hires or uses such persons. Agricultural operator

includes any person who hires, contracts for or uses the services of any person 1 (compensated or uncompensated) to perform activities related to the production of 2 3 agricultural plants.

- 4 (e) "Basic Training" shall mean a type of pesticide training for certain applicants handling general use pesticides. *Basic Training* is divided into two categories: 5

6

7

(1) "Basic Training-A" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves a four (4) hour training course and an open-book exam.

(2) "Basic Training-B" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves an 8 9 eight (8) hour training course and a closed-book exam.

(f) 'Body of Water' shall mean any surface water resource within the borders of Guam 10 11 including, but not limited to lakes, rivers, streams, bays, lagoons, harbors, intertidal 12 areas, wetlands and coastal ocean waters.

(g) 'Category Training' shall mean a specialized type of training for the use, or 13 14 supervision of the use of, restricted use pesticides.

(h) Certification shall refer to 15

- (1) The process which an individual must successfully complete in order to be 16 17 authorized to use, or supervise the use of, restricted use pesticides; or
- 18 (2) The successful completion of the process which an individual must
- 19 successfully complete in order to be authorized to use, or supervise the
- 20 use of, restricted use pesticides,

21 as appropriate to the context in which the term appears.

- 22 (i) 'Certification Card' shall mean an identification card issued by Guam EPA to an 23 individual, evidencing that he has successfully completed the process required for an 24 individual to be authorized to use or supervise the use of restricted use pesticides.
- 25 (j) 'Certified Pesticide Sales Manager' shall mean a person in charge of the sale of restricted use pesticides and who has successfully passed an examination of any 26

Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) **APPENDIX 1** 

Page 5

1 category to qualify for that position.

2 (k) *Chemigation shall* mean the application of pesticides through any type of
3 irrigation system including any sprinkler, food, furrow, drip or greenhouse system.

(1) 'Competent person' shall mean a person who is qualified to perform functions
associated with pesticide application; the degree of capability required being directly
related to the nature of the activity and the associated responsibility. A *competent person*must have successfully completed the appropriate training and must have obtained the
appropriate certification card from Guam EPA.

9 (m) *Dealer shall* mean any person, company or corporation engaged in the business
10 of purchasing and selling restricted and/or general use pesticide products or devices.

(n) *Distributor shall* mean any company other than a *dealer* or *sales outlet* that sells
 only general use pesticides or devices.

(o) 'Federal Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of federal
law, especially "The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Rodenticide Act", and/or any and
all applicable provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

16 (p) '*Guam EPA' shall* mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.

(q) *Hazard shall* mean a situation where there exists a possibility that a given
pesticide will cause injury or have an adverse effect on the environment.

(r) '*Keep Out of Reach of Children' shall* mean that children under the age of seventeen
(17) *shall* not open or remove pesticides without parental supervision.

(s) 'Local Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of Guam law,
especially "The Guam Pesticides Act", and/or any and all applicable provisions of this
Chapter.

(t) 'Non-Refillable Container' shall mean a container that is designed and constructed
for one time containment of a pesticide for sale or distribution. Reconditioned
containers are considered to be *non-refillable containers*.

(u) Owner shall mean any person who has present possessory interest (fee, leasehold,
 rental or other) in any type of operation that uses, sells and/or distributes pesticides.

3 (v) 'Pest Control Operator (PCO)' shall mean a company that provides pest control
4 activities for hire and that has obtained a PCO license from Guam EPA.

5 (w) *Program shall* mean the Guam EPA Pesticide Enforcement Program.

(x) '*Qualification Card' shall* mean an identification card issued by Guam EPA to an
individual, evidencing that he has successfully completed the process required for an
individual to be authorized to use or supervise the use of general use pesticides.

9 (y) *'Refillable Container' shall* mean a container that is intended by the registrant of 10 the pesticide to be filled with pesticide more than once for sale or distribution.

11 (z) *Respondent shall* mean an alleged violator.

(aa) 'Sales Outlet' shall mean a location where any restricted use pesticide is sold or
distributed; or kept or stored for sale or distribution; and where records of such sales
and distribution are kept.

(bb) 'Treated Article' shall mean an article or substance treated with or containing a
 pesticide to protect the integrity of the article or substance itself treated with a pesticide
 if the pesticide is registered for such use.

(cc) 'Under the Direct Supervision of a Certified Applicator' shall refer to a situation in which a restricted use pesticide is applied by a Core Training Qualified applicator acting under the instructions, control and direct supervision of a certified applicator, who is required to be physically present on-site and observing the application of the RUP at the time of the application. The person supervising must be certified for the type of pesticide application he is directly supervising.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### **Division 3**

#### **Guam Pesticide Regulations**

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 2 Sale of Pesticides

- 1 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.
- 2 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

#### 3 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.

Every pesticide product sold and distributed in Guam must be registered with USEPA and *shall* bear a label or labeling conforming to 10 GCA §50108 and all applicable local and federal requirements. All persons must maintain the integrity of the original pesticide label or labeling, including legibility and completeness.

8 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

9 No restricted use pesticide *shall* be sold to a person who is not a certified 10 pesticide applicator.

- 11 (a) Dealers and Sales Outlets.
- 12 (1) Dealer's License Required. No person *shall* sell a restricted use pesticide
  13 unless he has obtained a dealer's license from Guam EPA.
- (2) Certified Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) Required. Each dealer and sales outlet *shall* have a CPSM, who must hold a valid certification card by Guam EPA in any category training. The name of each CPSM *shall* be submitted together with the application for a dealer's license for each sales outlet. The Administrator must be notified in writing by the owner of the sales outlet within fifteen (15) working days of any change of personnel in this position.
- 20 (b) Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements.
- 21 Dealers and sales outlets *shall* keep a monthly record of each sale of each **Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** APPENDIX 1

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restricted use pesticide. Dealers and sales outlets *shall* prepare sales records in duplicate. Such records *shall* include: the name, address, and certification number of the purchaser; the expiration date of the purchaser's certification; the date of sale; the USEPA Registration number, quantity, and brand name of RUPs sold; and the CPSM's signature, which must be affixed at the time of the sale transaction.

6 The original copies of the monthly sales records *shall* be submitted to the 7 Administrator within five (5) working days after the end of each month. The duplicate 8 copies *shall* be kept for a period of two (2) years at the physical location where the sale 9 transactions took place.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 3 Use of Pesticides

1	§15301.	<b>Record Keeping</b>	and Reporting	Requirements f	or Application.

- 2 §15302. Disposal.
- 3 §15303. Storage and Display.
- 4 §15304. Transportation.
- 5 §15305. Notice of Intent.
- 6 §15306. Posting of Signs.
- 7 §15307. Special Requirements for Foggers.
- 8 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.
- 9 §15309. Worker Protection Standards.

#### 10 §15301. Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements for Application.

11 Record keeping is required for all applicators who apply any amount of 12 restricted use pesticides. Applicators *shall* keep and maintain, for the period of at least 13 two (2) years, routine operational records, copies of which *shall* be provided by the 14 applicant to the site manager or facility owner. Such records *shall* include the following 15 information:

- (a) The name, address, and certification number of the person who applied thepesticide;
- 18 **(b)** The expiration date of the applicator's certification;
- 19 (c) The name and address of the entity for whom the pesticide was applied;

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(d) The USEPA registration number and trade (or common) name of each pesticide
 applied;

3 (e) The date, time, location, and method of pesticide application;

4 (f) Target pests;

5 (g) Target site (i.e., the specific crop (or commodity), residence, school, etc...); and

6 (h) Where or how any rinsate, remaining pesticide and/or the pesticide container is7 stored or disposed of.

8 §15302. Disposal.

9 Pesticides, empty containers (or parts thereof), or equipment that holds (or has
10 held) a pesticide, *shall* not be emptied or disposed of in such a manner that may present
11 a hazard to persons, animals (especially bees), food, feed, crops or property.

Empty non-refillable pesticide containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to render useless. To dispose of any non-refillable pesticide container that cannot be triple rinsed and punctured, the user must follow directions on the container's pesticide label.

15

16 Empty refillable containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to be rendered17 useless if such container is not being returned to an authorized refiller.

Pesticides that are considered hazardous waste must be disposed of inaccordance with all applicable local and federal requirements.

20 §15303. Storage and Display.

No person *shall* store or display pesticides in violation of the USEPA-accepted
label or labeling or local or federal requirements. All pesticides must be stored in the
following manner:

(a) No pesticide, empty pesticide container (or parts thereof), or equipment that
 holds (or has held) a pesticide *shall* be stored, displayed, or left unattended under
 conditions:

1	(1)	Where food, food containers, animal feed or any other products are likely		
2		to become contaminated; or		
3	(2)	That may create a hazard or cause injury to humans, vegetation, crops,		
4		live-stock, wildlife, beneficial insects or aquatic life.		
5	(b) Pestie	cides must be stored in a locked, well-ventilated, cool and dry storage area.		
6	(c) Restr	(c) Restricted Use Pesticide storage areas must be posted with a warning sign that		
7	states any, all, or any combination, of the following statements, as applicable:			
8	(1)	"Danger";		
9	(2)	"Poison Storage Area";		
10	(3)	"All Unauthorized Persons Keep Out"; or		
11	(4)	"Keep Door Locked When Not In Use".		
12	(d) Pestic	cides must not be stored in places where flooding is possible or in places		
13	where pesti	cides might spill or leak into wells, drains, groundwater, or any body of		
14	water.			
15	(e) Pestic	cides must be stored or displayed in such a way that they are kept out of		
16	reach of chil	dren and pets.		
17	(f) Pestic	cides must not be stored near flammable liquids or solids; or near a source		
18	of ignition i	ncluding, but not limited to, a furnace, car, gas grill, or lawnmower.		
19	(g) Pestic	cides must be stored in their original containers with the complete original		
20	label, whicl	n includes, but is not limited to, the USEPA Registration number &		
21	establishme	nt number, ingredient statement, directions for use, personal protective		
22	equipment a	and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.		
23	(h) Pestic	cides must not be transferred to any container including, but not limited to,		
24	soft drink bottles or other food or drink containers other than proper mixing and			
25	application	equipment.		
26	(i) Pestic	cides must not be stored near incompatible chemicals.		
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#### Transportation. 1 **§15304**.

Pest Control Operators transporting pesticides must have a company logo readily 2 3 recognizable to the public on all vehicles used for such transportation. Such vehicles shall not be used for transportation of passengers and pets until such time that the 4 5 pesticides have been removed and the vehicle or pesticide equipment in the vehicle have been properly sanitized. 6

7 §15305.

#### Notice of Intent.

(a) Notice of Intent: Structural Pesticide Application (NOI: SPA). Any person 8 9 intending to perform structural pesticide applications for termites (including pre- or post- construction treatments to soil), must submit a notice of intent for structural 10 11 pesticide prior to the proposed application.

12

26

(1) NOI: SPA Form. The NOI: SPA *shall* be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum: 13

- (A) The date and time of proposed application; and 14
- 15 **(B)** Information on the pesticide to be used:
- 16 (i) An electronic copy of the label or labeling for each pesticide to be used; 17
- 18 (ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
- (iii) A description of the proposed application method; 19
- 20 (C) Information on the applicator:
- (i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide 21 22 applicator involved in the project; and
- (ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the 23 application; 24
- **(D)** Information on the application site: 25
  - (i) The physical address of the application site, including a map to

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- 1 the site and the site lot number; 2 (ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area 3 to be treated; (iii) A map showing all bodies of water within one thousand (1,000) 4 5 feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected. 6 (2) NOI: SPA General Requirements. Prior to any termite and other soil 7 applications, the applicator must ensure that: 8 9 (A) After the chemical pesticide application is completed, the treated area is adequately protected from the elements to protect rainwater from 10 reaching the treated area. 11 **(B)** If the treated area is to be covered with concrete, the concrete must 12 be poured *no later than* twelve (12) hours after the application is completed. 13 Should it be determined that the proposed pesticide's physical-chemical 14 characteristics such as solubility, adsorption, volatility and degradation indicate 15 16 potential for adverse impact to surface and ground water of Guam, the applicator must find a suitable less toxic or lower risk alternative for termite 17 treatment at the proposed site. Any alternative pesticide used must meet federal 18 19 and local requirements for the intended use. 20 (b) Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation (NOI: SF). Any person intending to perform fumigation of any structure including, but not limited to, buildings and any 21 22 fumigation of soil, must submit a notice of intent for structural fumigation to the Agency at least two (2) days prior to the proposed application. 23 (1) NOI: SF Form. The NOI: SF shall be on a form prescribed by the 24 Administrator and shall include, at minimum: 25
- 26

(A) The date and time of proposed application; and

1	<b>(B)</b> Information on the pesticide to be used:
2	(i) An electronic copy of the label or labeling for each pesticide to be
3	used;
4	(ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
5	(iii) A description of the equipment to be used;
6	(C) Information on the applicator:
7	(i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide
8	applicator involved in the project; and
9	(ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
10	application;
11	<b>(D)</b> Information on the application site:
12	(i) The physical address of the application site;
13	(ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area
14	to be treated;
15	(iii) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
16	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
17	(iv) A map showing all bodies of water and wells within seventy-five
18	(75) feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional
19	information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected.
20	(E) General Information on the Project:
21	(i) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the
22	project manager;
23	(ii) A standard operating procedure for the project;
24	(iii) A health and safety plan;
25	(iv) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management
26	Plan by the product label;
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1

- (v) A listing of the target pests.
- (2) NOI: 9
- 23

4

#### (2) NOI: SF General Requirements.

(A) All affected parties must be notified as required by the pesticide label for the product to be used.

(B) The Pest Control Operator must provide written notices to each
household and business that is located within seventy-five (75) feet of the
proposed application. If the application area is a single-owner complex with
multiple units, then The PCO must inform the owner and manager of the site
to be fumigated. Notices to the residents must be made by the applicator *at least* two (2) days prior to the fumigation project. In the event of an
emergency, the Administrator may waive the two (2) day notice requirement.

(C) A Pest Control Company who proposes to apply a fumigant must 12 13 have in its possession an occupant's fumigation notice that has been signed by the primary occupant of the household or business, or the designated 14 15 agent of the structure. The occupant's fumigation notice must state the pest to be controlled, the proposed pesticide(s) to be applied including the active 16 ingredients and the registration number, and all applicable precautionary 17 This form must state that the lethal gas will be used in the 18 statements. indicated areas during the indicated date(s) and time(s), and that it is unsafe 19 20 to return to the indicated area until a notice of re-entry is posted by the licensee in charge of the fumigation. In the event the primary occupant of the 21 household or business, or the designated agent of the structure, is unavailable 22 or unwilling to sign that he has received the fumigation notice, the PCO shall 23 24 provide proper documentation to Guam EPA evidencing all attempts made, including, but not limited to, a written statement signed by the PCO 25 representative and a witness, along with a photograph of the fumigation 26

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1

notice being left at the household, business or other structure.

2 (D) *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fumigation application, the PCO 3 must place a copy of the NOI: SF at the primary entrance of the building or 4 structure to be fumigated. The NOI: SF must remain posted throughout the 5 fumigation process. The NOI: SF must be removed by the PCO after the PCO 6 renders it safe to enter.

7

**§15306.** 

Posting of Signs.

8 (a) **RUP-Treated Areas.** *At least* one (1) hour prior to any restricted use pesticide 9 application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written 10 in the English language, are posted within fifty (50) feet of all entrances leading to the 11 application site. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the 12 label or labeling.

The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is completed.

19 (b) Public Right-of-Way or Roadside Areas. At least one (1) hour prior to any pesticide application on or along a roadside, the project manager shall assure that 20 21 warning signs are posted at least one (1) hour prior to the pesticide application. Signs 22 must be written in the English language and must be visible from all usual points of entry to the treated area including each access road, border, footpath and other walking 23 route that leads to the treated area. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must 24 be posted in the corners of the treated area or in any other location affording maximum 25 26 visibility. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the label or

1 labeling.

The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is completed.

8 (c) Structural Fumigation Application. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fumigation 9 application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written 10 in the English language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs, 11 which must be readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include 12 the following information:

13 (1) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FUMIGATION IN
14 PROGRESS";

15 (2) The date of application;

16

(3) The name of a contact person;

17 (4) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

18 Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be 19 removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of 20 fumigation fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs 21 at the appropriate times.

22 **§15307.** 

#### Special Requirements for Foggers.

(d) Ventilation. Pest Control Operators and for-hire applicators of foggers must
follow all requirements listed on the USEPA-accepted label. Applicators must verify
that there is no evidence of fogging fumes in the treated area prior to reentry by anyone.
Applicators may utilize industrial size fans and or air conditioning after fogging took

1 place before anyone is allowed into the treated area.

(e) Posting of Signs. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fogging application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written in the English language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs, which must be readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include the following information:

7

(5) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FOGGING IN PROGRESS";

- 8 (6) The date of application;
- 9 (7) The name of a contact person;

10 (8) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of fogging fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs at the appropriate times.

15 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.

(a) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit Required. No person *shall* apply any
pesticides by aircraft unless specifically permitted by the accepted USEPA label; and
unless he has obtained a Guam EPA "Aerial Pesticide Application Permit". In addition,
the permittee *shall* notify the Administrator in writing at least three (3) days in advance
of any aerial pesticide application.

(b) Pesticide Application Equipment Safety and Maintenance Requirements.
 Equipment used for aerial pesticide application shall be kept and maintained according
 to the following conditions:

- (1) Spray equipment on aircraft shall be leak-proof. Spray nozzles shall be
  equipped with a device to prevent dribble when spray is turned off.
- 26

(2) Flexible hoses carrying liquid pesticides under pressure shall not pass

1 unshielded through the cockpit of an airplane or helicopter.

- (3) Self-propelled power rigs used for inter-row or broadcast applications shall
  be equipped with a pressure control device and a pressure gauge.
- 4 (4) Power rigs, mist blowers, boom sprayers and other pesticide application
  5 equipment shall be in good working order with no leaks.

6 (5) Persons who own or operate pesticide mixing, loading or application 7 equipment shall ensure that equipment used for mixing, loading, transferring or 8 applying pesticides is inspected before each day of use for leaks, clogging, and worn 9 or damaged parts, and equipment with any safety defect is repaired or altered to 10 remove the hazard before further use.

(6) Applicators or employees who clean, service, or repair mixing and
 application equipment shall be provided by their employer with any necessary
 protective equipment or clothing and shall be instructed and supervised in the
 maintenance operation in a manner that will reduce work hazards.

15

#### §15309. Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

Worker Protection Standard (WPS) is a federal regulation aimed at reducing the
risk of pesticide poisoning and injuries among workers, handlers, and volunteer
workers who work in any farm, forest, greenhouse or nursery.

All agricultural operators who have workers and handlers who work on a farm,
forest, greenhouse or nursery where a pesticide has been applied within the past thirty
(30) days must follow the WPS requirements as described in 40 CFR, Part 170.

For the purposes of this section, '*worker' shall* mean any person who is performing activities relating to the production of agricultural plants on an agricultural establishment. This requirement applies to family members, friends, and volunteers. Workers may or may not be compensated for their work.

26

For the purposes of this section, 'handler' shall mean anyone who mixes or loads

pesticides on an agricultural establishment including, but not limited, to flaggers, those
 handling or cleaning application equipment, those performing soil incorporation, and

3 those disposing of pesticides or pesticide containers.

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#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 4 Importation of Pesticides and Pesticide Devices

- 1 §15401. Notice of Arrival.
- 2 §15402. Arrival of Shipment.
- 3 §15403. Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.
- 4 §15404. Sample of Imports.
- 5 §15401. Notice of Arrival.

6 (a) Notice of Arrival Form. Any person desiring to import pesticides or 7 pesticide devices into Guam – regardless of origin, type and quantity – *shall* submit 8 to the Administrator a completed Guam EPA "Notice of Arrival" (NOA) form, *no* 9 *later than* ten (10) calendar days prior to the arrival of the shipment in Guam. The 10 Administrator, or his designee, may waive this deadline if the importer provides 11 valid documents evidencing that the shipment will arrive in Guam in less than 10 12 days from the date of exportation from the point of origin.

For any shipment that includes more than one (1) type of pesticide and/or device, the importer must indicate the on his NOA form all pertinent information for each pesticide and/or device. Importers who apply for a NOA for the first time for a specific pesticide or device must also provide respective labels for each pesticide or device.

1 Upon receipt, the Administrator, or his designee, *shall* complete the form, 2 indicating the disposition to be made of the shipment of pesticides or devices upon 3 its arrival in Guam and *shall* return the form to the importer or his agent.

4

(b) Notice of Arrival Required. No pesticide or device *shall* be imported into
Guam without an accompanying "Notice of Arrival" that has been approved and
signed by the Administrator or his designee.

7

§15402.

#### Arrival of Shipment.

(a) Notice of Arrival Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, the importer, or
his designee, *shall* present to the Customs Officer at the port of entry an approved
and signed NOA which indicates the action to be taken by the Customs Officer with
respect to the shipment. The Customs Officer *shall* compare entry documents for the
shipment with the NOA and must notify the Administrator of any discrepancies.

(b) Notice of Arrival Not Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, if the
importer, or his designee, does *not* present an approved and signed NOA to the
Customs Officer at the port of entry, the shipment *shall* be detained until such time a
signed and approved NOA is presented; or until other disposition is ordered by the
Administrator.

(c) Detained Shipments. A shipment may be detained for up to fifteen (15)
 days. A shipment that remains detained for more than fifteen (15) days *shall* be
 treated as prohibited importation.

21

#### §15403. Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.

If the signed and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to release the shipment of pesticides or devices, and from examination if it appears to be in compliance, the shipment *shall* be released to the importer or his designee. If the signed and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to refuse entry of a shipment, or from examination of the shipment it appears to violate local or federal requirements, such

1 shipment *shall* be refused entry and treated as prohibited importation.

The Customs Officer *shall* notify the importer at least twenty (20) days prior to the date of exportation of the shipment. If a shipment of pesticides or devices is refused entry into Guam, the shipment can be detained at the importer's storage area pending exportation to the country of origin. However, during the detainment period, the shipment shall not be used, sold or distributed or otherwise disposed of other than exportation.

8 Any expenses incident to the handling, storage or transfer of pesticides or 9 devices refused entry into Guam *shall* be at the risk and expense of the importer.

10 **§15404**.

#### 5404. Sample of Imports.

Upon the request of the Administrator, either on the NOA or otherwise written request, the Customs Officer *shall* allow the Administrator, or his designee, to collect samples from a shipment. If the sample is found to be in compliance with local and federal requirements, the Administrator *shall* notify the Customs Officer in writing that the shipment may be released to the importer or his designee.

16 If upon the examination or analysis, the sample demonstrates that there is a violation of local or federal requirements, the Administrator, or his designee, shall 17 18 promptly notify the importer, who shall be provided with an opportunity to introduce testimony to show cause why the shipment should not be refused entry. 19 If after consideration of all the evidence presented, it remains the opinion of the Administrator 20 that the shipment is in violation of local or federal requirements; the Administrator 21 shall notify the Customs Officer that the shipment *shall* be refused entry and treated as a 22 23 prohibited importation.

24

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#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 5 Special Pesticides

1 §15501. Exemptions.

2 §15502. Determination by Use.

3 §15503. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.

**§15501.Exemptions.** The pesticides or classes of pesticides listed in this section have been determined to be of a character not requiring regulation under FIFRA, and are therefore exempt from all provisions of FIFRA, the Act and this Chapter when intended for use, and used, only in the manner specified.

8 (a) **Treated articles or substances.** An article or substance treated with, or containing, a 9 pesticide to protect the article or substance itself (for example, paint treated with a pesticide to 10 protect the paint coating, or wood products treated to protect the wood against insect or fungus 11 infestation), if the pesticide is registered for such use.

(b) Pheromones and pheromone traps. Pheromones and identical or substantially similar compounds labeled for use only in pheromone traps (or labeled for use in a manner which the Administrator determines poses no greater risk of adverse effects on the environment than use in pheromone traps), and pheromone traps in which those compounds are the sole active ingredient(s).

17

18

19

(1) For the purposes of this paragraph, a pheromone is a compound produced by an arthropod which, alone or in combination with other such compounds, modifies the behavior of other individuals of the same species.

1 (2) For the purposes of this paragraph, a synthetically produced compound is 2 identical to a pheromone only when their molecular structures are identical, or when the 3 only differences between the molecular structures are between the stereochemical 4 isomer ratios of the two compounds, except that a synthetic compound found to have 5 toxicological properties significantly different from a pheromone is not identical.

6 (3) When a compound possesses many characteristics of a pheromone but does
7 not meet the criteria in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, it may, after review by the
8 Agency, be deemed a substantially similar compound.

9 (4) For the purposes of this paragraph, a pheromone trap is a device containing a 10 pheromone or an identical or substantially similar compound used for the sole purpose 11 of attracting, and trapping or killing, target arthropods. Pheromone traps are intended 12 to achieve pest control by removal of target organisms from their natural environment 13 and do not result in increased levels of pheromones or identical or substantially similar 14 compounds over a significant fraction of the treated area.

15 (c) Preservatives for biological specimens.

16 (1) Embalming fluids.

- 17 (2) Products used to preserve animal or animal organ specimens, in mortuaries,
  18 laboratories, hospitals, museums and institutions of learning.
- (3) Products used to preserve the integrity of milk, urine, blood, or other bodyfluids for laboratory analysis.

(d) Foods. Products consisting of foods and containing no active ingredients, which areused to attract pests.

23 (e) Natural cedar.

(1) Natural cedar blocks, chips, shavings, balls, chests, drawer liners, paneling,
and needles that meet all of the following criteria: (i) The product consists totally of
cedarwood or natural cedar. (ii) The product is not treated, combined, or impregnated
with any additional substance(s). (iii) The product bears claims or directions for use
solely to repel arthropods other than ticks or to retard mildew, and no additional claims

1	are made in sale or distribution. The labeling must be limited to specific arthropods, or
2	must exclude ticks if any general term such as arthropods, insects, bugs, or any other
3	broad inclusive term, is used. The exemption does not apply to natural cedar products
4	claimed to repel ticks.
5	(2) The exemption does not apply to cedar oil, or formulated products which
6	contain cedar oil, other cedar extracts, or ground cedar wood as part of a mixture.
7	(f) Minimum risk pesticides.
8	(1) Exempted products. Products containing the following active ingredients are
9	exempt from the requirements of FIFRA, alone or in combination with other substances
10	listed in this paragraph, provided that all of the criteria of this section are met.
11	Castor oil (U.S.P. or equivalent)
12	Cedar oil Cinnamon and cinnamon oil
13	Citric acid
14	Citronella and citronella oil
15	Cloves and clove oil
16	Corn gluten meal
17	Corn oil
18	Cottonseed oil
19	Dried blood
20	Eugenol
21	Garlic and garlic oil
22	Geraniol
23	Geranium oil
24	Lauryl sulfate
25	Lemongrass oil
26	Linseed oil
27	Malic acid
28	Mint and mint oil

1	Peppermint and peppermint oil
2	2-Phenethyl propionate (2-phenylethyl propionate)
3	Potassium sorbate
4	Putrescent whole egg solids
5	Rosemary and rosemary oil
6	Sesame (includes ground sesame plant) and sesame oil
7	Sodium chloride (common salt)
8	Sodium lauryl sulfate
9	Soybean oil
10	Thyme and thyme oil
11	White pepper
12	Zinc metal strips (consisting solely of zinc metal and impurities)
13	(2) Permitted inerts. A pesticide product exempt under paragraph (g)(1) of this
14	section may only include inert ingredients listed in the most current List 4A. This list is
15	updated periodically and is published in the Federal Register. The most current list may
1 <b>6</b>	be obtained by writing to Registration Support Branch (4A Inerts List) Registration
17	Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200
18	Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.
19	(3) Other conditions of exemption. All of the following conditions must be met
20	for products to be exempted under this section: (i) Each product containing the
21	substance must bear a label identifying the name and percentage (by weight) of each
22	active ingredient and the name of each inert ingredient.
23	(ii) The product must not bear claims either to control or mitigate
24	microorganisms that pose a threat to human health, including but not limited to
25	disease transmitting bacteria or viruses, or claims to control insects or rodents
26	carrying specific diseases, including, but not limited to ticks that carry Lyme
27	disease.

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(iii) The product must not include any false and misleading labeling statements, including those listed in 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5)(i) through (viii).

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§15502. **Determination by Use.** 

4 Some products are not pesticides because they are not deemed to be used for a pesticidal 5 effect. A product that is not intended to prevent, destroy, repel, or mitigate a pest, or to 6 defoliate, desiccate or regulate the growth of plants, is not considered to be a pesticide. The 7 following types of products or articles are not considered to be pesticides unless a pesticidal 8 claim is made on their labeling or in connection with their sale and distribution:

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(a) Deodorizers, bleaches, and cleaning agents;

(b) Products not containing toxicants, intended only to attract pests for survey or 10 detection purposes, and labeled accordingly; 11

12 (c) Products that are intended to exclude pests only by providing a physical 13 barrier against pest access, and which contain no toxicants, such as certain pruning 14 paints to trees.

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**§15503**. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.

(a) Local Designation Authority. Pursuant to 10 GCA §50103(3), the Board, or 16 17 its designee, has the authority to designate a restricted use pesticide. The consideration and designation of a restricted use pesticide must be done in accordance with Title 5, 18 19 Chapter 9 of Guam Code Annotated - "The Guam Administrative Adjudication Law." Restricted use pesticides so classified in Guam shall be in addition to those USEPA-20 21 classified restricted use pesticides.

(b) Chlorine Gas. All chlorine gas used as a pesticide (including, but not limited 22 23 to, chlorine gas that has a USEPA registration number and establishment number) is 24 hereby considered a restricted use pesticide in Guam. Persons applying chlorine gas 25 must be hold a valid certification card in Category 7d, "Chlorine Gas"; or must otherwise hold a valid certification card for Core Training and must, at the time of 26

application, be under the direct supervision of an applicator who holds a valid
 certification card in Category 7d.

(c) Designation by Label or Labeling. If the registered label for a general use pesticide states, or has related statements indicating, that the applicator must be professional, licensed, registered, certified, or trained (for example, "Only For Sale, Use, and storage by Professional Pest Control Operators", etc...), the applicator must be certified by Guam EPA in the category most related to the pesticide use prior to the application of said pesticide.

### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 6 Certification

- 1 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.
- 2 §15602. General Use Pesticide Training Qualification.
- 3 §15603. Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.
- 4 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.
- 5 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.

Basic Training, Core Training, or Category Training may be offered by the
University of Guam, the Guam Community College or an independent contractor. Any
person intending to provide any type of training must first meet the requirements set
forth below.

(a) Conducting "Train-the-Trainer". Instructor qualifications and requirements to
 conduct a "Train-the-Trainer" course are:

(1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or
individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related
activity. Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors,
owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public
health regulatory agency;

- 17 (2) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;
- (3) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federalrequirements; and

(4) The ability to effectively prepare student-instructors for teaching the required 1 2 course material, including the use of a variety of teaching tools.

3 (b) Conducting Training. Instructor qualifications and requirements to conduct 4 Basic, Core or Category Training are:

(1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or 5 6 individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related 7 Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors, activity. 8 owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public 9 health regulatory agency;

(2) Successful completion of a Guam-EPA approved "Train-the-Trainer" course 10 11 and the passage of any applicable exam;

12 (3) Current qualification/certification in the type of training to be conducted (BT-A, BT-B, Core or the applicable Category/ies); 13

14 (4) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;

(5) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federal 15 requirements; and 16

(6) The ability to teach and communicate effectively with student-applicators to 17 18 prepare them for proper performance of their occupational duties.

19 (c) Approved Training Plan Required. An approved training plan must adequately incorporate general standards developed by Guam EPA concerning the use of 20 21 pesticides as appropriate to the type of activities in which the pesticide applicator will 22 be engaged. An approved training plan must identify the type of training to be 23 provided (Basic Training-A, Basic Training-B, Core Training and/or Category Training), 24 and must include, at a minimum:

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(1) Instructor information, including:

(A) The name and address of each instructor;

1	<b>(B)</b> A description of each instructor's qualifications and experience;
2	(C) A copy of the current qualification/certification card for each instructor;
3	and
4	(2) Training information, including a copy of the training agenda and descriptions
5	of:
6	(A) Topics to be covered;
7	(B) The target audience;
8	(C) How the trainer will ensure that the training is provided in a manner and
9	language that the target audience will understand;
10	(D) When, where and how often the training will be conducted;
11	(E) How the exam will be administered and graded, if applicable; and
12	(F) How the training will incorporate information on all relevant local and
13	federal requirements; and Guam-specific challenges and needs.
14	§15602. General Use Pesticide Training Qualification.
15	(a) Basic Training.
16	(1) Basic Training-A ("BT-A"). BT-A is required for applicants who are paid
17	housekeeping workers including, but not limited to, cleaners and janitors in hotels,
18	hospitals, apartment complexes or condominium complexes, nursing homes, or
19	other non-private residences, and who apply general use antibacterial,
20	antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other pesticides as part of their
21	occupational duties. BT-A applicants must complete a four (4) hour training course
22	and must successfully pass the open-book BT-A exam.
23	The Basic Training-A curriculum shall be developed by the Agency in
24	conjunction with USEPA. The Agency shall also establish and consult a local task
25	force, which shall include representative from the public and private sectors,

including but *not limited to* the University of Guam, the Guam Community College,
 and the Guam Hotel and Restaurant Association.

(2) Basic Training-B ("BT-B"). BT-B is required for applicants who are paid
swimming pool operators and water treatment operators using general use
pesticides as part of their occupational duties. BT-B applicants must complete an
eight (8) hour training course and must successfully pass the closed-book BT-B
exam.

8 Workers in this category *may* satisfy this requirement by attending eight (8)
9 hours of Core Training and passing either the BT-B or Core Training exam.

Swimming pool or water treatment operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine products in carrying out their occupations duties must successfully complete Core Training and are not required to complete BT-B. Any applicant who intends to use chlorine gas *must also* obtain certification in Category 7d.

(b) Core Training. Core Training is required for any applicant, other than those
 described in subsection (a) above, who intends to use general use pesticides as part of
 carrying out his occupational duties. Core Training consists of a sixteen (16) hour
 training course and a closed-book exam.

18 **§15603**.

#### **Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.**

(a) Certification of RUP-Applicators. Category Training is required for all
 restricted use pesticide applicators. Satisfactory completion of Core Training is
 required as a prerequisite for Category Training. Category Training consists of sixteen
 hours (16) of a specialized type of training course and a closed-book exam. Applicators
 applying restricted use pesticides shall be certified either as a commercial applicator or
 a private applicator.

(1) Commercial Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of,
 restricted use pesticides in pest control work, demonstration work or similar pest
 control activity. Commercial applicators are paid for their services.

(2) Private Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of,
restricted use pesticides for the purpose of producing any agricultural commodity
on property owned or rented by him, his employer, or another person. Persons in
this category are not compensated for their work. For purposes of this section, *'compensation'* does not include the trading of personal services between producers
of agricultural commodities.

10 **(b) RUP-Applicator Categories.** Applicators shall be further divided into the 11 following categories and subcategories based on general patterns of use and sites where 12 specific knowledge related to the use patter or site is required to demonstrate 13 competency. A person may be certified in as many categories or subcategories as 14 necessary.

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### Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control.

16 **Category 1a: Plants**. This category includes applicators using or 17 supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in production of 18 agricultural crops, including without limiting the foregoing, tobacco, 19 peanuts, cotton, feed grains, soybeans and forage; vegetables, small fruits, 20 fruit trees and nuts, as well as on grasslands and non-crop agricultural 21 lands.

Category 1b: Animals. This category includes applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides on animals, including without limiting the foregoing, beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, sheep, horse, goats, poultry, and livestock, and to places on or in which animals are confined. Doctors of Veterinary Medicine engaged in the business of

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- applying pesticides for hire, publicly holding themselves out as pesticide
   applicators, or engaged in large scale use of pesticides are included in this
   category.
- 4 Category 2: Forest Pest Control. This category includes commercial
   5 applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in forests,
   6 forest nurseries, and forest seed producing areas.

7 Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control. This category includes
 8 commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides
 9 to control pests in the maintenance and production of ornamental trees, shrubs,
 10 flowers, and turf.

11Category 4: Seed Treatment.This category includes commercial12applicators using or supervising the use of restricted pesticides on seeds.

13 **Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control.** This category includes commercial 14 applicators using or supervising the use of any restricted use pesticide 15 purposefully applied to any body of water as defined in these regulations, 16 including but not limited to standing or running water; the territorial sea; and 17 bays and harbors of Guam, excluding applicators engaged in public health 18 activities included in Category (8).

19 **Category 6: Right-of-Way Pest Control**. This category includes 20 commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides 21 in maintenance of public roads, electric power lines, pipelines, railway rights-of-22 way or other similar areas.

- Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest
   Control.
- 25Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control. This category26includes commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted

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use pesticides in, on, or around food handling establishments, human
dwellings, institutions such as schools and hospitals, industrial
establishments, including warehouses and grain elevators, and any other
structures and adjacent areas, public or private; and for the protection of
stored, processed, or manufactured products.

6 Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigations. This 7 category is for applicants who apply fumigants to sites including but not 8 limited to commodity storage or holding sites, buildings, boats, and 9 shipping containers. In addition to being certified, applicators of 10 fumigants must submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent: Structural 11 Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as stipulated in 12 §15305(b) of this Chapter.

Category 7c: Soil Fumigation. This category is for applicants who apply fumigants to kill organisms such as fungi, insects, nematodes, parasite and other soil-borne diseases. In addition to being certified, applicators of fumigants must submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as described in §15305 of this Chapter.

19Category 7d: Chlorine Gas.This category is for commercial20applicants who use, or supervise the use of, chlorine gas for the treatment21of swimming pools, hot tubs, spas and production wells.

Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. This category includes local, federal or other governmental employees using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in public health programs for the management and control of pests having medical and public health importance.

Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control. This category includes local, federal
 or other governmental employees who use or supervise the use of restricted use
 pesticides in the control of regulated pests.

- 4 Demonstration and Research Pest Control. This category includes individuals who demonstrate, or supervise a demonstration, to the public the 5 6 proper use and techniques of applications of restricted use pesticides. Examples 7 of such persons include, but are not limited to, extension specialists and local 8 agents, commercial representatives demonstrating pesticide products, and those 9 individuals demonstrating methods used in public programs. Category 10 also includes persons conducting field research with pesticides and in doing so, use, 10 11 or supervise the use of, restricted use pesticides. This includes, but is not limited to, local, federal, other governmental employees, or other commercial 12 applicators. 13
- 14 (

(c) Standards for Certification.

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(1) Commercial Applicators.

(A) Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling 16 of pesticides shall be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as 17 18 appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below, both 19 of which shall be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing 20 *shall* include the general standards applicable to all categories and the additional 21 standards specifically identified for each category or subcategory in which an 22 applicator is to be classified, and to the pesticide or class of pesticides covered by 23 the persons certification.

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(B) General Standards of Competency. All commercial applicators *shall* demonstrate practical knowledge of the principles and practices of pest control and safe use of pesticides as described below. Testing shall be based on

examples of problems and situations appropriate to the particular category or
 subcategory of the applicator's certification and the following areas of
 competency:

4 (i) Label and Labeling Comprehension. Including factors such as: General format of labels and terminology that are used on 5 (aa) 6 pesticide labels and labeling; 7 (bb)Instructions, symbols, other warnings, terms, and 8 information commonly appearing on pesticide labels; 9 (cc)Classification of the product, general or restricted; and 10 (dd)Necessity for use consistent with the label. 11 (ii) Safety. Including factors such as: Pesticide toxicity and hazard to man and common exposure 12 (aa) 13 routes: 14 (bb)Common types and causes of pesticide accidents; Precautions necessary to guard against injury to applicators 15 (cc)and other individuals in or near treated areas; 16 17 Need for and use of protective clothing and equipment; (dd)18 (ee) Symptoms of pesticide poisoning; 19 (ff)First Aid and other procedures to be followed in case of a pesticide accident; and 20 21 Proper identification, storage, transport, handling, mixing (gg)22 procedures and disposal methods for pesticides and used pesticide 23 containers, including precautions to be taken to prevent children from 24 having access to pesticides and pesticide containers. 25 (iii) Potential Environmental Consequences of the Use and Misuse 26 of Pesticides. Including influential factors such as:

1	(aa) Weather and other climatic conditions;
2	(bb) Types of terrain, soil or other substrate;
3	(cc) Presence of fish, wildlife and other non-target organisms;
4	and
5	(dd) Drainage patterns.
6	(iv) Pests. Including factors such as:
7	(aa) Common features of pest organisms and characteristics of
8	damage needed for pest recognition;
9	(bb) Recognition of relevant pests; and
10	(cc) Pest development and biology as it may be relevant to
11	problem identification and control.
12	(v) Pesticides. Including factors such as:
13	(aa) Types of pesticides;
14	(bb) Types of formulations;
15	(cc) Compatibility, synergism, persistence and animal and plant
16	toxicity of the formulations;
17	(dd) Hazards and residues associated with use;
18	(ee) Factors which influence effectiveness or lead to such
19	problems as resistance to pesticides; and
20	(ff) Dilution procedures, including calculations to achieve
21	correct application rate.
22	(vi) Equipment. Including factors such as:
23	(aa) Types of equipment and advantages and limitations of each
24	type; and
25	(bb) Use, maintenance and calibration.
26	(vii) Application techniques. Including factors such as:
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Methods of procedure used to apply various formulations of 1 (aa) 2 pesticides, solutions, and gases, together with knowledge of which technique of application to use in a given situation; 3 4 (bb)Relationship of discharge and placement of pesticides to proper use, unnecessary use, and misuse; and 5 Prevention of drift and pesticide loss into the environment. 6 (cc)All local and federal requirements. 7 (viii) 8 (C) Specific Standards of Competency. Commercial Applicators should 9 demonstrate additional competence and knowledge appropriate to their 10 particular category of certification, described as follows: **Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control.** 11 12 Category 1a: Plants. Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the crops grown and the specific pests on these crops on 13 14 which they may be using RUPs. The importance of such competency is 15 amplified by the extensive areas involved, the quantities of pesticides 16 needed, and the ultimate use of many commodities as food and feed. Practical knowledge is required concerning soil and water problems, pre-17 harvest intervals, re-entry intervals, phytotoxicity, and potential for 18 environmental contamination, non-target injury and community problems 19 from the use of restricted use pesticides in agricultural areas. 20 21 **Category 1b: Animals.** Persons applying pesticides directly to animals must demonstrate knowledge of such animals and their 22

22 animals must demonstrate knowledge of such animals and their 23 associated pests. A practical knowledge is also required concerning 24 specific pesticide toxicity and residue potential, since host animals will 25 frequently be used for food. Further, the applicator must know the

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relative hazards associated with such factors as formulation application techniques, age of animals, and focus and extent of treatment.

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3 Category 2: Forest Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical 4 knowledge of the extent and types of forests, forests nurseries, and seed production in Guam and the pests involved. They should demonstrate practical 5 6 knowledge of the cyclic occurrence of certain pests and specific population 7 dynamics as a basis for programming pesticide applications. A practical 8 knowledge is required of the relative biotic agents and their vulnerability to 9 pesticides to be applied. Because forest stands frequently include aquatic habitats and harbor wildlife, the consequences of pesticide use may be difficult to 10 11 The applicators must therefore demonstrate practical knowledge of assess. 12 control methods that will minimize the possibility of secondary problems such as unintended effects on wildlife. Proper use of specialized equipment must be 13 14 demonstrated, especially as it may relate to meteorological factors and adjacent land use. 15

Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control. Applicators shall 16 17 demonstrate practical knowledge of pesticide problems associated with the 18 production and maintenance of ornamental trees, shrubs, plantings, and turf, 19 including cognizance of potential phytotoxicity due to a wide variety of plant 20 material, drift, and persistence beyond the intended period of pest control. 21 Because of the frequent proximity of human habitations to application activities, 22 applicators in this category must demonstrate practical knowledge of the 23 hazards to humans, pets, and other domestic animals.

Category 4: Seed Treatment. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of types of seeds that require chemical protection against pests and factors such as seed coloration, carriers, and surface active agents which

influence pesticide binding and may affect germination. They must demonstrate
 practical knowledge of hazards associated with handling, sorting and mixing,
 and misuse of treated seed such as introduction of treated seed into food and
 feed channels, as well as proper disposal of unused treated seed.

Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical 5 6 knowledge of the secondary effects which can be caused by improper application 7 rates, incorrect formulations, and faulty application of restricted use pesticides 8 used in this category. They shall demonstrate practical knowledge of various 9 water use situations and the potential of downstream effects. Further, they must 10 have practical knowledge concerning potential pesticide effects on plants, fish, birds, beneficial insects and other organisms which may be present in aquatic 11 12 environments. These applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the principles of limited area application. 13

14 Category 6: Right-of-way Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate 15 practical knowledge of a wide variety of environments since rights-of-ways can 16 traverse many different terrains, including waterways. They shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the problems of runoff, drift, and excessive foliage 17 destruction and ability to recognize target organisms. They shall also 18 19 demonstrate practical knowledge of the nature of herbicides and the need for 20 containment of these pesticides within the right-of-way area, and the impact of 21 their application activities in the adjacent areas and communities and special 22 drift control methods and procedures.

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- Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest Control.
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**Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control.** Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of a variety of pests including their life

cycles, as well as types of formulations appropriate for their control and 1 2 methods of application that avoid contamination of food and damage and contamination of habitat, and exposure of people and pets. Since human 3 4 exposure, especially to babies, children, pregnant women, and elderly 5 people, is frequently a potential problem, applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the specific factors which may lead to a hazardous 6 7 condition, including continuous exposure in the various situations 8 encountered in this category. Because health related pest control may 9 involve outdoor applications, applicators in this category must also demonstrate practical knowledge of environmental conditions particularly 10 related to this activity. 11

12 Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigation. In this subcategory, types of structures include, but are not limited to inhabited 13 14 buildings, containers, boat. Applicators must demonstrate practical 15 knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and fumigation use 16 laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, of handler and 17 worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety training, preventing heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to interpret and follow label 18 19 directions and requirements.

Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, and responding to fumigant emergencies.

25 Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper 26 fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate

application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use practices.

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3 Category 7c: Soil Fumigation. Applicators must demonstrate 4 practical knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and 5 fumigation use laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, 6 of handler and worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety 7 training, preventing heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to 8 interpret and follow label directions and requirements.

9 Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards 10 associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, 11 environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, 12 of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, 13 and responding to fumigant emergencies.

Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use practices.

Category 7d: Chlorine Gas. Applicators must demonstrate practical 18 knowledge of the toxicity of liquefied chlorine gas; the dispersion 19 properties and other characteristics of gaseous chemicals; equipment types; 20 21 calibration procedures; application techniques; air and water monitoring 22 procedures; use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and 23 clothing; and factors that may lead to a hazardous conditions, including handling of pressurized chemicals and direct or continuous exposure to 24 25 chlorine gas.

Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. Applicators must demonstrate 1 2 practical knowledge of pests of public health importance, vector-disease relationships, and etiology of disease-host relationships. Since a wide variety of 3 4 pests are involved, these pests must be known and recognized by public health control applicators, and the life's cycles and habitats of each thoroughly 5 6 understood. These applicators should be familiar with a great variety of 7 environmental conditions ranging from streams to dwellings. They should also 8 be cognizant of such non-chemical control methods as sanitation, waste disposal, 9 and drainage.

10 Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate 11 practical knowledge of regulated pests, applicable law relating to quarantine and 12 other regulation of pests, and the potential impact on the environment of 13 restricted use pesticides used in suppression and eradication programs. They 14 shall demonstrate knowledge of factors influencing introduction, spread, and population dynamics of relevant pests. Their knowledge shall extend beyond 15 that required by their immediate duties, since their services are frequently 16 17 required in Guam and other areas of the country where emergency measures are invoked to control regulated pests and where individual judgments in new 18 19 situations must be made.

Category 10: Demonstration and Research Pest Control. Persons demonstrating the safe and effective use of pesticides to other applicators and the public will be expected to meet comprehensive standards reflecting a broad spectrum of pesticide uses. Many different pest problems situations will be encountered in the course of activities associated with demonstration, and practical knowledge of problems, pests, and population levels occurring in each demonstration situation is required. Further, they should demonstrate an

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understanding of pesticide-organism interactions and the importance of
 integrating pesticide use with other control methods.

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Applicators doing demonstration pest control work, conducting field research or method improvement work with RUPs should possess a practical knowledge of all of the general standards detailed in §15603(c)(2) of this Chapter. In addition, they shall be expected to know the specific standards described in §15603(c)(3)(A) through (I) of this Chapter as may be applicable to their particular activity.

9 For the purposes of this Chapter, the above standards do not apply to 10 persons conducting laboratory-type research involving RUPs; or Doctors of 11 Medicine or Doctors of Veterinary Medicine applying pesticides as drugs or 12 medication during the course of their normal practice.

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(2) Private Applicators.

(A) Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of pesticides *shall* be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below both of which *shall* be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing *shall* include the standards applicable to Category 1, 1a and 1b in which an applicator is to be classified.

(B) Standards of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of
pesticides by a private applicator *shall* be determined by the procedures set forth
below. As a minimum requirement for certification, a private applicator must
show that s/he possesses a practical knowledge of the pest problems and pest
control practices associated with his agricultural operations; proper storage, use,
handling and disposal of the pesticides and containers; and his related legal
responsibility. The practical knowledge includes ability to:

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(i) Recognize common pests to be controlled and damage caused by them;

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(ii) Read and understand the label and labeling information including the common name of pesticides he applied; pest(s) to be controlled, timing and methods of application; safety precautions; any pre-harvest or re-entry restrictions; and any specific disposal procedures;

7 (iii) Apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and 8 warnings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentrations of 9 pesticide to be used under particular circumstances taking into account 10 such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment 11 will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operation;

- (iv) Recognize local environmental situations that must be considered
   during application to avoid contamination;
- (v) Recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to follow in case of
   pesticide accident; and
- (vi) Consult reliable sources of information on the safe and proper use
  of each pesticide related to the applicator's certification.

Standards for Supervision of Uncertified Applicators. The supervisor of a 18 (3) uncertified applicator must ensure that the applicator holds a valid Core Training 19 20 Qualification Card and is someone who follows instructions. In addition, the 21 supervisor must be certified in the appropriate category for the type of application 22 he/she is directly supervising; he must demonstrate practical knowledge of all local 23 and federal requirements; and he must be physically present on site observing the application of the pesticide at the time of application. The uncertified applicator 24 25 must complete the appropriate category training *no later than* ninety (90) days from 26 his date of hire.

## 1 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.

- 2 Training course and exam offerings are subject to space and instructor availability.
- 3 Exams, however, will be offered at least once per month.

### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 7 Licenses, Permits, Cards and Fees.

- 1 §15701. Special Licenses.
- 2 §15702. Permits.
- 3 §15703. Qualification and Certification Cards.
- 4 §15704. Fees.
- 5 §15701. Special Licenses.

(a) Pest Control Operator (PCO) License. Any person intending to conduct
structural pest control in or around residential and commercial buildings *shall* obtain
a PCO License from Guam EPA prior to conducting any structural pest control.

(b) Pesticide Trainers License. Any person intending to provide Basic
 Training, Core Training or Category Training must obtain a Pesticide Trainers
 License from Guam EPA. This licensure requirement is in addition to the training
 instructor qualifications and requirements stipulated in §15601 of this Chapter. All
 applicable requirements must be satisfied prior to the start of any pesticide training.

(c) Pesticide Dealers License. Any person intending to sell restricted use
pesticides must first obtain a Pesticide Dealers License from Guam EPA.
Additionally, a Pesticide Dealers License *shall* be required for each sales outlet
operating in Guam. Each Pesticide Dealers License issued *shall* expire on December
31 of the year in which the license was issued. The application for a Pesticide

1	Dealers License shall be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include,
2	at minimum:
3	<b>a.</b> The name and address of the applicant;
4	<b>b.</b> The physical address of the sales outlet (primary and all branch outlets,
5	when applicable); and
6	c. The name, address, and certified applicator number of the Certified
7	Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) at each sales outlet.
8	§15702. Permits.
9	(a) Fumigation Permit. Any person intending to perform any fumigation must first
10	obtain a Fumigation Permit from Guam EPA. An application for a Fumigation Permit
11	shall be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
12	(1) Information on the pesticide to be used:
13	(A) The name, registration number, and an electronic copy of the label or
14	labeling for each pesticide to be used;
15	<b>(B)</b> A description of the equipment to be used; and
16	(C) An estimated amount of the fumigant to be used for each permit period.
17	(2) Information on the applicator:
18	(A) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide applicator
19	involved in the project; and
20	(B) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
21	application;
22	(3) Information on the permanent application site, or any temporary sites, if
23	applicable:
24	(A) The physical address of the application site;
25	<b>(B)</b> A description of the application site, including the size of the area to be
26	treated;
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1	(C) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
2	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
3	(4) General Information on the Project:
4	(A) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the project
5	manager;
6	(B) Description or history of the company's work experience with using the
7	fumigant that is proposed for application;
8	(C) A standard operating procedure for the project;
9	(D) A health and safety plan;
10	(E) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management Plan
11	by the product label;
12	<b>(F)</b> A listing of the target pests.
13	(b) Chemigation Permit. Any person intending to conduct any chemigation, msut
14	first obtain a Chemigation Permit from Guam EPA; and must meet the following
15	conditions:
16	The applicator must provide sufficient written evidence to Guam EPA in advance of
17	the application that a chemigation application is the only viable method for pest
18	control. In order to demonstrate to Guam EPA that there are no other viable
19	methods of pest control, the applicator must provide a list of target pests, location of
20	proposed chemigation, a description of equipment to be used, including required
21	back flow prevention devices to prevent contamination of the water sources, a copy
22	of the label for the pesticide(s) proposed for use, and a description of the other types
23	of pest control methods that have been attempted and the results of these methods.
24	The copy of the label submitted to Guam EPA must be a copy of the label on the
25	container(s) of the pesticide to be used. Upon review of the applicator's submission
26	and the EPA accepted label for the product to be used, Guam EPA will make a
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determination as to whether the chemigation application will be allowed. If Guam
 EPA allows the application, a written permit will be issued by Guam EPA. The
 pesticide to be used must be registered by U.S. EPA for use in chemigation.

(1) Areas to be chemigated must be posted with a sign when 1) any part of a
treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor
camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or
any public areas such as schools parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not
including public roads., or 2) when the chemigated areas is open to the public such
as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

10 (2) Application areas must be posted by the pesticide applicator with signs in 11 English at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the 12 listed sensitive area. When there are not usual point of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other locations affording maximum 13 14 visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign must face away from the 15 treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs must be printed in the English 16 language. Signs must be posted prior to the application and remain posted until 17 foliage has dried and soil surface water as disappeared. Signs must remain in place 18 indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and 19 maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period. Applicators are 20 responsible to remove the signs from the treated areas.

(3) Effective posting consists of letters at least 2 ½ inches tall, with all letters and
symbols in color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the
top of the sign must be the words "KEEP OUT", followed by an octagonal stop sign
symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word "STOP". Below the stop
sign symbol must be the words "PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATION WATER."

1	(c) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit. Any person intending to apply pesticides
2	by aircraft must first obtain and Aerial Pesticide Application Permit from Guam EPA.
3	An application for a Aerial Pesticide Application Permit shall be on a form prescribed
4	by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
5	(1) Information on the pesticide to be used:
6	(A) The name and registration number of each pesticide to be applied;
7	<b>(B)</b> An electronic copy of the label or labeling for each pesticide to be used;
8	(C) The formulation, dilution and application rates for each pesticide to be
9	applied;
10	<b>(D)</b> A description of the equipment to be used;
11	(2) Information on the applicant, pilot and/or applicator:
12	(A) The name, certification number, and certification expiration date of the
13	applicant and pilot/applicator, if different from the applicant;
14	(B) A copy of the certification card for the applicant and pilot/applicator, if
15	different from the applicant;
16	(C) A copy of the pilot license and any other licenses needed in Guam to
17	operate an aircraft;
18	(3) Information on the application site:
19	(A) The physical address of the proposed application site; and
20	(B) A sketch or map of the site, indicating general wind directions,
21	surrounding homes, bodies of water, schools, hospitals, places of worship,
22	roadways, and crop plantings within five hundred (500) feet of the application
23	site. The Administrator may require additional information to ensure that
24	waters of Guam are protected.
25	(4) General Information on the Project:
26	(A) A description of the purpose of aerial application and why aerial
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application is desired;

2 (B) The method of aerial application of the proposed pesticides to be
3 applied;

4 (C) The number of application to be made, and the proposed time and date
5 of each application;

6

7

**(D)** A description of prior attempts to control the subject pest by other application methods and the results of those efforts;

8 (E) An indication of what measures will be taken to prevent drift or
9 overspray of non-target sites.

10 The Administrator may refuse to issue an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit if 11 it is determined that the proposed aerial treatment may cause unreasonable adverse 12 effects to human health or the environment.

Any Aerial Pesticide Application Permit issued pursuant to this Chapter *shall* specify the time period for which the permit is valid. The Administrator may specify and limit the Aerial Pesticide Application Permit to cover a single treatment or multiple and continued treatments when conditions are not expected to change or vary during subsequent treatments that are conducted in the same designated area. In no case *shall* any pesticide be applied contrary to the U.S. EPA accepted label.

19 The issuance of an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit *shall* not relieve the 20 permittee from the penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or 21 contamination of crops or plants, animals, man and the environment resulting from 22 such aerial treatment.

#### 23 **§15703**.

### Qualification and Certification Cards.

Any person intending to apply pesticides as part of their occupational duties must first obtain a qualification/certification card from Guam EPA. Qualification/Certification cards *shall* be issued after successful completion of the appropriate training. Successful

1 completion is measured by the applicator's attendance at the appropriate training 2 course (as certified by the training instructor), together with passing the appropriate 3 exam with a score of seventy percent (70%) or higher (as certified by the exam 4 administrator).

(a) Temporary Cards. Temporary cards may be issued to individuals who are
unable to attend a the appropriate training course (due to the availability of classes)
within approximately one month's time from the date he has submitted his application
for qualification/certification to Guam EPA. Temporary cards issued pursuant to this
section *shall* expire on the last day of the month in which the next appropriate training
course will be offered.

11

### (b) Basic Training Qualification Cards.

(1) Basic Training-A Qualification Card. Any person intending to apply
 general use antibacterial, antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other
 pesticides as part of their occupational duties must first obtain a "Basic Training-A
 Qualification Card" from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application. Any new or
 transferred employee may be granted a three (3) month grace period to come into
 compliance with the qualification requirements of this section.

18 (2) Basic Training-B Qualification Card. Any person who is a paid 19 swimming pool operator or water treatment operator intending to use general use pesticides as part of his occupational duties must first obtain a "Basic Training-B 20 21 Qualification Card" from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application. This 22 requirement does not apply to paid swimming pool operators or water treatment 23 operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine products. Such applicators must obtain RUP-Certification, as described below, in Category 7d as described in §15604 of this 24 25 Chapter.

(c) Core Training Qualification Card. Any person, other than those described in
 subsection (a) above, intending to use general use pesticides as part of carrying out his
 occupational duties must first obtain a "Core Training Qualification Card" from Guam
 EPA prior to any pesticide application. Applicants for Core Training Qualification must
 be at least seventeen (17) years of age.

(d) Certification Card. Any person intending to apply restricted use pesticides must
first obtain a Certification Card from Guam EPA for the appropriate category(ies).
Applicants for RUP-Certification Training must be at least eighteen (18) years of age.
RUP-Applicators *shall* be certified either as a

(1) Commercial Applicator, in the category or subcategory most related to the
 pesticide he will be using; or

(2) Private Applicator, in Category 1, 1a, or 1b, as described in §15604 of this
Chapter.

(e) Renewal. All Certification Cards issued pursuant to this Chapter *shall* be
renewed every three (3) years. Individuals may submit applications for renewal *no more than* thirty (30) days prior to the expiration date of their certification. Individuals
intending to renew their certification must successfully pass the appropriate exam.
Training for each applicant is required upon initial application for certification. All
individuals who hold "Core Training Certification Cards" older than three (3) years
from the effective date of this Chapter must renew their certification.

21 **§15704.** Fees.

In order to fulfill the duties and responsibilities associated with the implementation of these regulations, the Agency hereby establishes conditions and fees as set forth in Table 1 of this Chapter. All fees *shall* be paid to and deposited into "The Pesticide Management Fund" as specified in 10 GCA §50119, which shall be maintained separate and apart from any other government of Guam bank account. All fees are non-

- 1 refundable and must be paid in the following manner:
- 2 (a) Qualification/Certification Card Fees. Fees must be paid upon issuance of
  3 the qualification/certification card or a replacement card.
- 4 **(b) Training/Exam Fees.** Fees must be paid prior to each training/exam session.
- 5 (c) License/Permit Fees. Fees must be paid at the time a license/permit
  6 application is submitted.

7 (d) Notice of Arrival Fees. Fees must be paid at the time the NOA form is
8 submitted; or based upon an agreed payment plan between the importer and the
9 Agency.

### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 8 Enforcement

- 1 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.
- 2 §15802. Enforcement Procedures.
- 3 §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.
- 4 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.

5 The rules and regulations in this Chapter are promulgated by the Agency 6 pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter, "The Guam Pesticides Act". The Act also specifies the 7 Agency's authority to inspect and take necessary enforcement actions to carry out the 8 provisions of the Act or this Chapter.

9 In addition, the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA") is 10 applicable to Guam. Pursuant to Section 23 of FIFRA, the Guam Environmental 11 Protection Agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency have entered into a 12 Cooperative Agreement. Under this agreement, Guam EPA has primary enforcement 13 responsibility for pesticide use violations.

The provisions of "The Guam Pesticide Act" and this Chapter are intended to meet minimal requirements of FIFRA. Should there arise a conflict between local and federal requirements, the more stringent requirement applies.

17 **§15802.** Enforcement Procedures.

All enforcement procedures *shall* comply with 5 GCA Chapter 9 – "The Guam
 Administrative Adjudication Law" and 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The Guam Pesticides
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1 Act".

(a) Notice of Violation and Order of Compliance (NOV/OC). If – from an
inspection, complaint, examination or analysis – there appears to be a violation of the
regulations of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, a written NOV/OC *shall* be
sent by the Agency to the person against whom proceedings are contemplated. The
NOV/OC *shall* state the violation, the manner in which the alleged violator failed to
meet the requirement of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, and what should
be done to correct the violation.

9 When a violation has been alleged, and a NOV/OC has been issued, and the 10 respondent has received the NOV/OC, the respondent has the option of: (1) within ten 11 (10) working days, entering into a "Voluntary Compliance Agreement" (See Section 8.5) 12 with Guam EPA to come into compliance with the violated provision; said settlement 13 agreement shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter; or (2) 14 within fifteen (15) working days, appealing the NOV/OC to the Board.

(b) Notice of Defense. A "Notice of Defense" form *shall* be included with the issued NOV/OC. Should the respondent wish to appeal the NOV/OC to the Board, the respondent must submit a completed "Notice of Defense" form to the Board. The Notice must be received by the Board within fifteen (15) working days from receipt of the NOV/OC. Once the Board receives the "Notice of Defense," any administrative action upon the case *shall* be suspended until a "Notice of Judgment" has been issued by the Board.

(c) Prosecution. Pursuant to "The Guam Pesticides Act," the Administrator may
impose fines before an appeal has been filed or before the violation has been corrected.
Enforcement actions may include monetary fines based on civil/administrative penalties
and/or license suspension, revocation, non-renewal, and/or permit cancellation.

26

(d) Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA). If the respondent wishes to

1 resolve the NOV/OC without appealing to the Board, the respondent has the option of 2 entering into a Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA) with the Agency, which must 3 be reached within ten (10) working days. The respondent must immediately notify the Agency of such intentions upon receipt of the NOV/OC. The Agency may work in 4 5 conjunction with the respondent to determine the terms and conditions of a VCA. The 6 Agency *shall* inform the respondent that he may exercise his right to appeal the 7 NOV/OC to the Board at any time during the fifteen (15) working day time frame by 8 submitting a completed "Notice of Defense" Form.

9 The purpose of the VCA option is to provide an opportunity to resolve the 10 NOV/OC without going through the appeal process with the Board or the referral 11 process with the Attorney General of Guam.

12 §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.

The issuance, suspension, or revocation of any certification card, license or permit issued under these regulations *shall* not relieve an individual from the criminal and civil penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or contamination resulting from pesticide related activities.

(a) Probable Denial of Application for Certification, License or Permit. An
application for any qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to
this Act or this Chapter, may be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the Act,
for the following causes:

21

(1) Falsification of any information required in the application process.

(2) Falsification of or failure to maintain records as required by the Act andthis Chapter.

(3) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction within a five (5) year
 period immediately preceding the date of application of any violation of the Act
 or this Chapter.

- (4) Failure to comply with any order of the Board made pursuant to the Act and this Chapter.
- (5) A suspension of applicant's qualification/certification under the Act and this Chapter within a five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of application.
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(6) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

7 **(b)** Denial of Application for Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. 8 An application for any qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant 9 to this Act or this Chapter, *shall* be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the 10 Act, for the following causes:

- (1) Applicant has been convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction within a
  five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of the application of two (2)
  or more violations of the Act or this Chapter or of the Federal Insecticide,
  Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, or the rules and regulations
  promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (2) Two (2) or more suspensions of applicant's qualification/certification,
   license or permit under this Act and this Chapter within a five (5) year period
   immediately preceding the date of application.
- (3) Revocation of applicant's qualification/certification, license or permit
   under this Act and this Chapter within a one (1) year period immediately
   preceding the date of application.

(c) Probable Suspension of Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. A
 qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this
 Chapter may be suspended pursuant to §57135 of the Act for the following causes.

(1) Falsification of any information required in the application process or 1 2 falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this 3 Chapter.

4

(2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

5

(d) Suspension of Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. Α 6 qualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this 7 Chapter *shall* be suspended for not less than thirty (30) days and not more than one 8 hundred eighty (180) days for the following causes:

9 (1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of 10 the Act.

11 12

(2) Failure to comply with two (2) warning notices issued by GEPA within a two (2) year period.

(e) Probable Revocation of Qualification/Certification, License or Permit. A 13 14 gualification/certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter may be revoked for cause. Revocation shall be effectuated by a written 15 16 statement of the Administrator indicating the effective date of the revocation and causes 17 for such action. Possible causes include, but are not limited to, the following:

18 (1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of 19 the Act.

(2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter. 20

21 (3) Falsification of any information required in the application process or 22 falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this 23 Chapter.

### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

## Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

## Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 9 Severability

### 1 §15901. Severability.

*If* any provision of this Chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity *shall not* affect other provisions or applications of this Chapter which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Chapter are severable.

### 22 GARR – GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 – PESTICIDES TABLE 1 – GUAM PESTICIDE REGULATION FEES

TYPE OF DOCUMENTATION		COST	EXPLANATION
1. Notice of Arrival (NOA)	\$3/case for up to 10 cases; \$1 Chlorine tabs/gas \$5/1000 lb	l/additional case os or \$5/1,000 gallons (Note: Min. \$5)	Each Shipment
2. Termite Soil Application	\$50 < 250 gal. of emulsion m \$100 ≥ 250 gal. of emulsion i		Each application
3. Fumigation Permit Fee	\$1,000		Per Year*
4. Chemigation Permit Fee	\$100		Per Permit
5. Pesticide Dealers License	\$250/Primary Sales Outlet \$50/Branch Sales Outlet		Expires Dec 31 (Each Year*)
6. Certification Cards	<ul> <li>a. Cards</li> <li>b. Training</li> <li>c. Exam</li> <li>d. Replacement Cards</li> </ul>	\$15 \$100 (16 hours) \$50 \$10	3 Years*
7. Qualification Cards – (Basic & Core Training)	<ul> <li>a. Cards</li> <li>b. Training</li> <li>c. Exam</li> <li>d. Replacement Cards</li> <li>e. Exam Study Materials</li> </ul>	\$15 (Core); \$15 for (Basic Training-A/B) \$75 (Core); \$35 (BT-B), \$15 (BT-A) \$25 (Core); \$15 for (BT-A/B) \$10 \$15	3 Years*
8. Pest Control Operators License	\$150		Expires Dec 31 (Each Year*)
9. Pesticide Trainers License	a. Cards b. Training c. Exam d. Replacement Cards	\$15 \$100 (16 hours) \$50 \$10	Per Year*

\*Annual fees are pro-rated

### Substitute Bill No. 441-30 (COR) APPENDIX 1 Page 65

# Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

### I MINA' TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2010 (SECOND) Regular Session

Bill No. <u>441</u>-30 (COR)

Introduced by:

1

R.J. RESPICIO

2010

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AN ACT TO *REPEAL* AND *ADOPT* A *NEW* TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS.

#### **1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

SECTION 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that 2 the current provisions of the Pesticides Regulations in Title 22, Division III, Chapter 15 3 of Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations (GARR) were established in 1981. The 4 1997 version that is available from the Compiler of Laws is a re-numbering of the 1981 5 version, however, no substance was changed. 6 7 These regulations have been reviewed and revised by the Guam Environmental 8 Protection Agency (GEPA), in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Law, 9 and based on the authority of the Agency granted pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter 50 -

10 "The Guam Pesticides Act". The new regulations proposed for adoption in this Act are 11 an updated version of the 1981 regulations, which have been amended to reflect current 12 environmental concerns and conditions.

1

1	These regulations were passed by the Guam Environmental Protection Agency
2	("GEPA") on May 12, 2010 and transmitted to I Liheslaturan Guåhan for consideration on
3	May 17, 2010. After further review of the documents, GEPA provided technical
4	amendments and clarifying language to the Committee on Natural Resources to
5	incorporate into the adopted version of the regulations.
6	It is the intent of I Liheslatura to repeal Title 22, GARR, Division III, Chapter 15
7	and to replace said chapter with the pesticide regulations adopted in this Act, attached
8	herein as "Appendix 1".
9	It is also the intent of <i>I Liheslatura</i> to <i>amend</i> portions of 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The
10	Guam Pesticides Act" to accurately reflect the changes made to the new regulations.
11	SECTION 2. Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III,
12	Chapter 15 is hereby <i>repealed</i> . Hereby <i>adopted</i> in its place are the provisions set forth in
13	"Appendix 1".
14	<b>SECTION 3.</b> 10 GCA §50102(9) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:
15	"(9) Certified Pesticide Applicator shall mean any individual who is certified under
16	regulations promulgated under this Chapter to use or to supervise the use of restricted
17	use pesticides <u>., and <i>shall</i> include, but <i>not be limited to:</i></u>
18	(a) Private applicator shall mean a certified applicator who uses or supervises the
19	use of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use for purposes of producing any
20	agricultural commodity on property owned or leased by the applicator or the

1	applicator's employer or (if applied without compensation other than trading of
2	personal services between producers of agricultural commodities) on the property of
3	another person;
4	(b) Commercial applicator shall mean an applicator who uses or supervises the use
5	of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use for any purpose or on any
6	property other than as provided in 9(a).
7	<b>SECTION 4.</b> 10 GCA §50107(c) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:
8	(c) Certification. Every person who applies restricted use pesticides as their
9	occupational duties shall obtain certification from the Agency pursuant to regulations
10	promulgated under this Chapter, which shall be valid for three (3) years. Every person
11	who applies any restricted use pesticides <u>must be Core Training Certified</u> , and <del>who is</del>
12	not a certified applicator if not Category Certified, must be under the direct supervision
13	of a <u>Category C</u> eertified applicator.
14	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 10 GCA §50107(d) is hereby <i>repealed</i> .
15	<b>SECTION 6. Effective Date.</b> <i>Except</i> for §15602(a) "Basic Training" and
16	§15703(b) "Basic Training Certification Cards", the provisions of this Act shall be
17	effective upon enactment. The provisions set forth in §15602(a) and §15703(b) shall be
18	effective on October 1, 2011.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 1 General Provisions

- 1 §15101. Words in Singular Form.
- 2 §15102. Definitions.
- 3 §15101. Words in Singular Form.

For purposes of this Chapter, words used in the singular form *shall* include the
plural and vice-versa, as appropriate.

6 §15102. Definitions.

Terms and expressions used in this Chapter but not defined below, *shall* have the
meanings set forth in 10 GCA §50102. For purposes of this Chapter, the following terms
and expressions *shall* have the meanings set forth below:

(a) *Act shall* mean "The Guam Pesticides Act" of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated,
Chapter 50 as enacted in 2007 by Public Law 29-26.

(b) 'Agricultural Commodity Applicator' shall mean a person who applies any pesticide
on or around any agricultural commodity.

(c) 'Agricultural Establishment' shall mean a farm, plant nursery, greenhouse or forest
 area.

(d) 'Agricultural Operator' shall mean any person such as a landowner, grower, lease
 holder or pesticide applicator who is responsible for management or condition of an
 agricultural establishment that hires or uses such persons. Agricultural operator

includes any person who hires, contracts for or uses the services of any person
 (compensated or uncompensated) to perform activities related to the production of
 agricultural plants.

4 (e) "Basic Training" shall mean a type of pesticide training for certain applicants
5 handling general use pesticides. Basic Training is divided into two categories:

6 (1) "Basic Training-A" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves a
7 four (4) hour training course and an open-book exam.

8 (2) "Basic Training-B" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves an
9 eight (8) hour training course and a closed-book exam.

(f) 'Body of Water' shall mean any surface water resource within the borders of Guam
 including, but not limited to lakes, rivers, streams, bays, lagoons, harbors, intertidal
 areas, wetlands and coastal ocean waters.

(g) 'Category Training' shall mean a specialized type of training for the use, or
 supervision of the use of, restricted use pesticides.

15 **(h)** *Certification shall* refer to

(1) The process which an individual must successfully complete in order to be
 authorized to use, or supervise the use of, pesticides; or

18 (2) The successful completion of the process which an individual must

19 successfully complete in order to be authorized to use, or supervise the

20 use of, pesticides,

as appropriate to the context in which the term appears.

22 (i) 'Certification Card' shall mean an identification card issued by Guam EPA to an

23 individual, evidencing that he has successfully completed the process required for an

- 24 individual to be authorized to use or supervise the use of pesticides.
- 25 (j) 'Certified Pesticide Sales Manager' shall mean a person in charge of the sale of

restricted use pesticides and who has successfully passed an examination of any
 category to qualify for that position.

3 (k) *Chemigation shall* mean the application of pesticides through any type of
4 irrigation system including any sprinkler, food, furrow, drip or greenhouse system.

5 (1) 'Competent person' shall mean a person who is qualified to perform functions 6 associated with pesticide application; the degree of capability required being directly 7 related to the nature of the activity and the associated responsibility. A *competent person* 8 must have successfully completed the appropriate training and must have obtained the 9 appropriate certification card from Guam EPA.

(m) *Dealer shall* mean any person, company or corporation engaged in the business
 of purchasing and selling restricted and/or general use pesticide products or devices.

(n) Distributor shall mean any company other than a dealer or sales outlet that sells
only general use pesticides or devices.

(o) 'Federal Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of federal
law, especially "The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Rodenticide Act", and/or any and
all applicable provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

17 (p) '*Guam EPA' shall* mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.

(q) *Hazard shall* mean a situation where there exists a possibility that a given
pesticide will cause injury or have an adverse effect on the environment.

(r) 'Keep Out of Reach of Children' shall mean that children under the age of seventeen
(17) shall not open or remove pesticides without parental supervision.

(s) 'Local Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of Guam law,
 especially "The Guam Pesticides Act", and/or any and all applicable provisions of this
 Chapter.

25 **(t)** 

(t) 'Non-Refillable Container' shall mean a container that is designed and constructed

for one time containment of a pesticide for sale or distribution. Reconditioned
 containers are considered to be *non-refillable containers*.

3 (u) Owner shall mean any person who has present possessory interest (fee, leasehold,
4 rental or other) in any type of operation that uses, sells and/or distributes pesticides.

5 (v) 'Pest Control Operator (PCO)' shall mean a company that provides pest control
6 activities for hire and that has obtained a PCO license from Guam EPA.

7 (w) *Program shall* mean the Guam EPA Pesticide Enforcement Program.

(x) '*Refillable Container' shall* mean a container that is intended by the registrant of
the pesticide to be filled with pesticide more than once for sale or distribution.

10 (y) *Respondent shall* mean an alleged violator.

(z) 'Sales Outlet' shall mean a location where any restricted use pesticide is sold or
distributed; or kept or stored for sale or distribution; and where records of such sales
and distribution are kept.

(aa) 'Treated Article' shall mean an article or substance treated with or containing a
pesticide to protect the integrity of the article or substance itself treated with a pesticide
if the pesticide is registered for such use.

(bb) 'Under the Direct Supervision of a Category Certified Applicator' shall refer to a situation in which a restricted use pesticide is applied by a Core Training certified applicator acting under the instructions, control and direct supervision of a Category Certified applicator, who is required to be physically present on-site and observing the application of the RUP at the time of the application. The person supervising must be certified for the type of pesticide application he is directly supervising.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 2 Sale of Pesticides

1 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.

2 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

3 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.

Every pesticide product sold and distributed in Guam must be registered with USEPA and *shall* bear a label or labeling conforming to 10 GCA §50108 and all applicable local and federal requirements. All persons must maintain the integrity of the original pesticide label or labeling, including legibility and completeness.

8 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

9 No restricted use pesticide *shall* be sold to a person who is not a certified 10 pesticide applicator.

- 11 (a) Dealers and Sales Outlets.
- 12 (1) Dealer's License Required. No person *shall* sell a restricted use pesticide
  13 unless he has obtained a dealer's license from Guam EPA.
- 14 (2) Certified Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) Required. Each dealer and 15 sales outlet *shall* have a CPSM, who must hold a valid certification card by Guam EPA 16 in any category training. The name of each CPSM *shall* be submitted together with the 17 application for a dealer's license for each sales outlet. The Administrator must be 18 notified in writing by the owner of the sales outlet within fifteen (15) working days of

#### **APPENDIX 1**

Page 5

1 any change of personnel in this position.

### 2 (b) Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements.

3 Dealers and sales outlets *shall* keep a monthly record of each sale of each 4 restricted use pesticide. Dealers and sales outlets *shall* prepare sales records in 5 duplicate. Such records *shall* include: the name, address, and certification number of 6 the purchaser; the expiration date of the purchaser's certification; the date of sale; the 7 USEPA Registration number, quantity, and brand name of RUPs sold; and the CPSM's 8 signature, which must be affixed at the time of the sale transaction.

9 The original copies of the monthly sales records *shall* be submitted to the 10 Administrator within five (5) working days after the end of each month. The duplicate 11 copies *shall* be kept for a period of two (2) years at the physical location where the sale 12 transactions took place.

### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 3 Use of Pesticides

- 1 §15301. Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements for Application.
- 2 §15302. Disposal.
- 3 §15303. Storage and Display.
- 4 §15304. Transportation.
- 5 §15305. Notice of Intent.
- 6 §15306. Posting of Signs.
- 7 §15307. Special Requirements for Foggers.
- 8 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.
- 9 §15309. Worker Protection Standards.

#### 10 §15301. Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements for Application.

11 Record keeping is required for all applicators who apply any amount of 12 restricted use pesticides. Applicators *shall* keep and maintain, for the period of at least 13 two (2) years, routine operational records, copies of which *shall* be provided by the 14 applicant to the site manager or facility owner. Such records *shall* include the following 15 information:

- (a) The name, address, and certification number of the person who applied thepesticide;
- 18 **(b)** The expiration date of the applicator's certification;

2 (d) The USEPA registration number and trade (or common) name of each pesticide 3 applied; (e) The date, time, location, and method of pesticide application; 4 5 (f) Target pests; 6 (g) Target site (i.e., the specific crop (or commodity), residence, school, etc...); and 7 (h) Where or how any rinsate, remaining pesticide and/or the pesticide container is 8 stored or disposed of. 9 §15302. Disposal. 10 Pesticides, empty containers (or parts thereof), or equipment that holds (or has 11 held) a pesticide, shall not be emptied or disposed of in such a manner that may present 12 a hazard to persons, animals (especially bees), food, feed, crops or property. 13 Empty non-refillable pesticide containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to render useless. To dispose of any non-refillable pesticide container that cannot be triple 14 15 rinsed and punctured, the user must follow directions on the container's pesticide label. 16 17 Empty refillable containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to be rendered 18 useless if such container is not being returned to an authorized refiller. Pesticides that are considered hazardous waste must be disposed of in 19 accordance with all applicable local and federal requirements. 20 §15303. Storage and Display. 21 22 No person shall store or display pesticides in violation of the USEPA-accepted label or labeling or local or federal requirements. All pesticides must be stored in the 23 following manner: 24 25 (a) No pesticide, empty pesticide container (or parts thereof), or equipment that **APPENDIX 1** Page 8

(c) The name and address of the entity for whom the pesticide was applied;

1

holds (or has held) a pesticide *shall* be stored, displayed, or left unattended under
conditions:

- 3 (1) Where food, food containers, animal feed or any other products are likely
  4 to become contaminated; or
- 5 (2) That may create a hazard or cause injury to humans, vegetation, crops,
  6 live-stock, wildlife, beneficial insects or aquatic life.
- 7 **(b)** Pesticides must be stored in a locked, well-ventilated, cool and dry storage area.

8 (c) Restricted Use Pesticide storage areas must be posted with a warning sign that9 states any, all, or any combination, of the following statements, as applicable:

- 10 (1) "Danger";
- 11 (2) "Poison Storage Area";
- 12 (3) "All Unauthorized Persons Keep Out"; or
- 13 (4) "Keep Door Locked When Not In Use".

(d) Pesticides must not be stored in places where flooding is possible or in places
where pesticides might spill or leak into wells, drains, groundwater, or any body of
water.

(e) Pesticides must be stored or displayed in such a way that they are kept out ofreach of children and pets.

(f) Pesticides must not be stored near flammable liquids or solids; or near a sourceof ignition including, but not limited to, a furnace, car, gas grill, or lawnmower.

(g) Pesticides must be stored in their original containers with the complete original
label, which includes, but is not limited to, the USEPA Registration number &
establishment number, ingredient statement, directions for use, personal protective
equipment and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.

25 (h) Pesticides must not be transferred to any container including, but not limited to,

soft drink bottles or other food or drink containers other than proper mixing and
 application equipment.

3 (i) Pesticides must not be stored near incompatible chemicals.

4 §15304. Transportation.

5 Pest Control Operators transporting pesticides must have a company logo readily 6 recognizable to the public on all vehicles used for such transportation. Such vehicles 7 *shall* not be used for transportation of passengers and pets until such time that the 8 pesticides have been removed and the vehicle or pesticide equipment in the vehicle 9 have been properly sanitized.

10 **§15305.** 

22

#### Notice of Intent.

(a) Notice of Intent: Structural Pesticide Application (NOI: SPA). Any person
 intending to perform structural pesticide applications for termites (including pre- or
 post- construction treatments to soil), must submit a notice of intent for structural
 pesticide prior to the proposed application.

- 15 (1) NOI: SPA Form. The NOI: SPA *shall* be on a form prescribed by the
- 16 Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
- 17 **(A)** The date and time of proposed application; and
- 18 **(B)** Information on the pesticide to be used:
- 19(i) A Copy of the label or labeling on the container for each pesticide20to be used;
- 21 (ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
  - (iii) A description of the proposed application method;
- 23 **(C)** Information on the applicator:
- 24 (i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide25 applicator involved in the project; and

1	(ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
2	application;
3	(D) Information on the application site:
4	(i) The physical address of the application site, including a map to
5	the site and the site lot number;
6	(ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area
7	to be treated;
8	(iii) A map showing all bodies of water within one thousand (1,000)
9	feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional
10	information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected.
11	(2) NOI: SPA General Requirements. Prior to any termite and other soil
12	applications, the applicator must ensure that:
13	(A) After the chemical pesticide application is completed, the treated
14	area is adequately protected from the elements to protect rainwater from
15	reaching the treated area.
16	(B) If the treated area is to be covered with concrete, the concrete must
17	be poured <i>no later than</i> twelve (12) hours after the application is completed.
18	Should it be determined that the proposed pesticide's physical-chemical
19	characteristics such as solubility, adsorption, volatility and degradation indicate
20	potential for adverse impact to surface and ground water of Guam, the
21	applicator must find a suitable less toxic or lower risk alternative for termite
22	treatment at the proposed site. Any alternative pesticide used must meet federal
23	and local requirements for the intended use.
24	(b) Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation (NOI: SF). Any person intending to
25	perform fumigation of any structure including, but not limited to, buildings and any

1	fumigation of soil, must submit a notice of intent for structural fumigation to the
2	Agency prior to the proposed application.
3	(1) NOI: SF Form. The NOI: SF shall be on a form prescribed by the
4	Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
5	(A) The date and time of proposed application; and
6	(B) Information on the pesticide to be used:
7	(i) A Copy of the label or labeling on the container for each pesticide
8	to be used;
9	(ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
10	(iii) A description of the equipment to be used;
11	(C) Information on the applicator:
12	(i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide
13	applicator involved in the project; and
14	(ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
15	application;
16	(D) Information on the application site:
17	(i) The physical address of the application site;
18	(ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area
19	to be treated;
20	(iii) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
21	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
22	(iv) A map showing all bodies of water and wells within seventy-five
23	(75) feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional
24	information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected.
25	(E) General Information on the Project:

1	(i) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the
2	project manager;
3	(ii) Description or history of the company's work experience with
4	using the fumigant that is proposed for application;
5	(iii) A standard operating procedure for the project;
6	(iv) A health and safety plan;
7	(v) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management
8	Plan by the product label;
9	(vi) A listing of the target pests.
10	(2) NOI: SF General Requirements.
11	(A) All affected parties must be notified as required by the pesticide label
12	for the product to be used.
13	(B) The Pest Control Operator must provide written notices to all
14	occupants of residential homes and businesses that are located within
15	seventy-five (75) feet of the proposed application. If the application area is a
16	single-owner complex with multiple units, then The PCO must inform the
17	owner and manager of the site to be fumigated. Notices to the residents must
18	be made by the applicator at least fourteen (14) days prior to the fumigation
19	project. The fourteen (14) day deadline may be reduced to two (2) days for
20	boat applications that require immediate treatments.
21	(C) A Pest Control Company who proposes to apply a fumigant must
22	have in its possession an occupant's fumigation notice that has been signed
23	by the occupant(s) or the designated agent of the structure. The occupant's
24	fumigation notice must state the pest to be controlled, the proposed
25	pesticide(s) to be applied including the active ingredients and the registration

number, and all applicable precautionary statements. This form must state
that the lethal gas will be used in the building on indicated dates, and that it
is unsafe to return to the building until a notice of re-entry is posted by the
licensee in charge of the fumigation. The owner or his designee should
receive a copy of the occupant's fumigation notice.

6 **(D)** *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fumigation application, the PCO 7 must place a copy of the NOI: SF at the primary entrance of the building or 8 structure to be fumigated. The NOI: SF must remain posted throughout the 9 fumigation process. The NOI: SF must be removed by the PCO after the PCO 10 renders it safe to enter.

11

§15306.

Posting of Signs.

12 **(a) RUP-Treated Areas.** *At least* one (1) hour prior to any restricted use pesticide 13 application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written 14 in the English language, are posted within fifty (50) feet of all entrances leading to the 15 application site. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the 16 label or labeling.

17 The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry 18 Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the 19 pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place 20 for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are 21 dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is 22 completed.

(b) Public Right-of-Way or Roadside Areas. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any pesticide application on or along a roadside, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs are posted *at least* one (1) hour prior to the pesticide application. Signs

1 must be written in the English language and must be visible from all usual points of 2 entry to the treated area including each access road, border, footpath and other walking 3 route that leads to the treated area. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must 4 be posted in the corners of the treated area or in any other location affording maximum 5 visibility. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the label or 6 labeling.

7 The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry 8 Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the 9 pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place 10 for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are 11 dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is 12 completed.

(c) Structural Fumigation Application. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fumigation
application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written
in the English language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs,
which must be readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include
the following information:

18 (1) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FUMIGATION IN19 PROGRESS";

- 20 (2) The date of application;
- 21 (3) The name of a contact person;

22 (4) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

23 Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be 24 removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of

fumigation fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs
 at the appropriate times.

3 **§15307.** 

#### 7. Special Requirements for Foggers.

(d) Ventilation. Pest Control Operators and for-hire applicators of foggers must
follow all requirements listed on the USEPA-accepted label. Applicators must verify
that there is no evidence of fogging fumes in the treated area prior to reentry by anyone.
Applicators may utilize industrial size fans and or air conditioning after fogging took
place before anyone is allowed into the treated area.

9 (e) Posting of Signs. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fogging application, the 10 project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written in the English 11 language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs, which must be 12 readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include the following 13 information:

14

(5) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FOGGING IN PROGRESS";

- 15 (6) The date of application;
- 16 (7) The name of a contact person;
- 17

(8) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of fogging fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs at the appropriate times.

22 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.

(a) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit Required. No person *shall* apply any
 pesticides by aircraft unless specifically permitted by the accepted USEPA label; and
 unless he has obtained a Guam EPA "Aerial Pesticide Application Permit". In addition,

the permittee *shall* notify the Administrator in writing at least three (3) days in advance
 of any aerial pesticide application.

3 (b) Pesticide Application Equipment Safety and Maintenance Requirements.
4 Equipment used for aerial pesticide application shall be kept and maintained according
5 to the following conditions:

6 (1) Spray equipment on aircraft shall be leak-proof. Spray nozzles shall be
7 equipped with a device to prevent dribble when spray is turned off.

8 (2) Flexible hoses carrying liquid pesticides under pressure shall not pass
9 unshielded through the cockpit of an airplane or helicopter.

(3) Self-propelled power rigs used for inter-row or broadcast applications shall
be equipped with a pressure control device and a pressure gauge.

(4) Power rigs, mist blowers, boom sprayers and other pesticide application
equipment shall be in good working order with no leaks.

(5) Persons who own or operate pesticide mixing, loading or application equipment shall ensure that equipment used for mixing, loading, transferring or applying pesticides is inspected before each day of use for leaks, clogging, and worn or damaged parts, and equipment with any safety defect is repaired or altered to remove the hazard before further use.

(6) Applicators or employees who clean, service, or repair mixing and
 application equipment shall be provided by their employer with any necessary
 protective equipment or clothing and shall be instructed and supervised in the
 maintenance operation in a manner that will reduce work hazards.

23

#### §15309. Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

24 Worker Protection Standard (WPS) is a federal regulation aimed at reducing the 25 risk of pesticide poisoning and injuries among workers, handlers, and volunteer

1 workers who work in any farm, forest, greenhouse or nursery.

All agricultural operators who have workers and handlers who work on a farm,
forest, greenhouse or nursery where a pesticide has been applied within the past thirty
(30) days must follow the WPS requirements as described in 40 CFR, Part 170.

5 For the purposes of this section, '*worker' shall* mean any person who is 6 performing activities relating to the production of agricultural plants on an agricultural 7 establishment. This requirement applies to family members, friends, and volunteers. 8 Workers may or may not be compensated for their work.

9 For the purposes of this section, *'handler' shall* mean anyone who mixes or loads 10 pesticides on an agricultural establishment including, but not limited, to flaggers, those 11 handling or cleaning application equipment, those performing soil incorporation, and 12 those disposing of pesticides or pesticide containers.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 4 Importation of Pesticides and Pesticide Devices

- I §15401. Notice of Arrival.
- 2 §15402. Arrival of Shipment.
- 3 §15403. Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.
- 4 §15404. Sample of Imports.
- 5 §15401. Notice of Arrival.

6 (a) Notice of Arrival Form. Any person desiring to import pesticides or 7 pesticide devices into Guam – regardless of origin, type and quantity – *shall* submit 8 to the Administrator a completed Guam EPA "Notice of Arrival" (NOA) form, *no* 9 *later than* ten (10) calendar days prior to the arrival of the shipment in Guam. The 10 Administrator, or his designee, may waive this deadline if the importer provides 11 valid documents evidencing that the shipment will arrive in Guam in less than 10 12 days from the date of exportation from the point of origin.

For any shipment that includes more than one (1) type of pesticide and/or device, the importer must indicate the on his NOA form all pertinent information for each pesticide and/or device. Importers who apply for a NOA for the first time for a specific pesticide or device must also provide respective labels for each pesticide or device.

1 Upon receipt, the Administrator, or his designee, shall complete the form, 2 indicating the disposition to be made of the shipment of pesticides or devices upon 3 its arrival in Guam and *shall* return the form to the importer or his agent.

4

(b) Notice of Arrival Required. No pesticide or device shall be imported into 5 Guam without an accompanying "Notice of Arrival" that has been approved and 6 signed by the Administrator or his designee.

7

§15402. Arrival of Shipment.

8 (a) Notice of Arrival Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, the importer, or 9 his designee, shall present to the Customs Officer at the port of entry an approved 10 and signed NOA which indicates the action to be taken by the Customs Officer with 11 respect to the shipment. The Customs Officer *shall* compare entry documents for the 12 shipment with the NOA and must notify the Administrator of any discrepancies.

13 (b) Notice of Arrival Not Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, if the importer, or his designee, does not present an approved and signed NOA to the 14 Customs Officer at the port of entry, the shipment shall be detained until such time a 15 signed and approved NOA is presented; or until other disposition is ordered by the 16 17 Administrator.

18 (c) Detained Shipments. A shipment may be detained for up to fifteen (15) days. A shipment that remains detained for more than fifteen (15) days shall be 19 20 treated as prohibited importation.

21

#### §15403. **Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.**

If the signed and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to release the 22 23 shipment of pesticides or devices, and from examination if it appears to be in compliance, the shipment *shall* be released to the importer or his designee. If the signed 24 25 and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to refuse entry of a shipment, or from

1 examination of the shipment it appears to violate local or federal requirements, such 2 shipment shall be refused entry and treated as prohibited importation.

3 The Customs Officer *shall* notify the importer at least twenty (20) days prior to 4 the date of exportation of the shipment. If a shipment of pesticides or devices is refused 5 entry into Guam, the shipment can be detained at the importer's storage area pending 6 exportation to the country of origin. However, during the detainment period, the 7 shipment shall not be used, sold or distributed or otherwise disposed of other than 8 exportation.

9 Any expenses incident to the handling, storage or transfer of pesticides or 10 devices refused entry into Guam *shall* be at the risk and expense of the importer.

11 **§15404**. Sample of Imports.

12 Upon the request of the Administrator, either on the NOA or otherwise written 13 request, the Customs Officer shall allow the Administrator, or his designee, to collect 14 samples from a shipment. If the sample is found to be in compliance with local and 15 federal requirements, the Administrator shall notify the Customs Officer in writing that 16 the shipment may be released to the importer or his designee.

17 If upon the examination or analysis, the sample demonstrates that there is a 18 violation of local or federal requirements, the Administrator, or his designee, shall 19 promptly notify the importer, who shall be provided with an opportunity to introduce 20 testimony to show cause why the shipment should not be refused entry. If after 21 consideration of all the evidence presented, it remains the opinion of the Administrator 22 that the shipment is in violation of local or federal requirements; the Administrator shall notify the Customs Officer that the shipment *shall* be refused entry and treated as a 23 24 prohibited importation.

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#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 5 Special Pesticides

- 1 §15501. Mixtures and Seeds.
- 2 §15502. Treated Articles.
- 3 §15503. Minimal Risk Pesticides.
- 4 §15504. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.
- 5 §15501. Mixtures and Seeds.

Fertilizer-pesticide mixtures and seeds treated with pesticides are considered
pesticides and, as such, are subject to all local and federal requirements.

8 §15502. Treated Articles.

9 An article or substance treated with or containing a pesticide itself if the pesticide 10 is registered for this use is exempt from the provisions of the Act and this Chapter when 11 intended for use and used only in the manner specified. Examples include paint to 12 protect the paint coating, or wood products treated to protect the wood against insect or 13 fungus infestation, as long as the pesticide used to protect the paint coating or the wood 14 products are registered for that purpose.

15 If an article or substance is treated with a pesticide that is not registered with 16 USEPA for that use, the article or substance *shall* be considered a pesticide and as such is regulated by the Act and this Chapter and must be registered with USEPA prior to
 import, sale, or distribution.

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#### §15503. Minimal Risk Pesticides.

All pesticides that are considered Minimal Risk Pesticides (MRP) must meet all requirements specified in 40 CFR Section 152.25, FIFRA Section 25(b), and any other applicable local or federal requirements. If a pesticide meets the federal requirements for MRP, the pesticide is considered an MRP under this Chapter.

Active Ingredients must be listed in the most current USEPA list of MRPs. Inert
ingredients must be listed in the most current USEPA List 4A.

10 (a) Minimal Risk Pesticide Import Requirements. In order for an MRP to be allowed into Guam, the importer must first obtain a signed and approved Notice of 11 12 Arrival from Guam EPA prior to the arrival of any shipment, as described in Article 13 4 of this Chapter. Additionally, the product must not be intended for use in such a 14 way as to control or mitigate micro-organisms that pose a threat to human health 15 including, but not limited to, disease-transmitting bacteria or viruses, or claims to control insects or rodents carrying specific diseases including, but not limited to, 16 17 ticks that carry Lyme Disease or mosquitoes that could transmit West Nile Virus. 18 Additionally, the product label or labeling must meet the following requirements:

- 19
- (1) The label or labeling must include:
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- (A) The name and percentage by weight of each active ingredient; and
- 21

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**(B)** The names of each inert ingredient.

(2) The label or labeling must *not* include:

(A) Claims to either control or mitigate micro-organisms that pose a
threat to human health including, but not limited to, disease-transmitting
bacteria or viruses; or

1	(B) Claims to control insects or rodents carrying specific diseases
2	including, but not limited to, ticks that carry Lyme Disease or mosquitoes that
3	could transmit West Nile Virus; or
4	(C) False or misleading statements including, but not limited to, those
5	listed in 40 CFR Section 156.10(a)(5)(i) through (viii).
6	(b) Minimal Risk Pesticide Listing. Pesticides listed in this section have been
7	determined to be of a character not requiring regulation under FIFRA; and are also
8	exempt from all local requirements, except import requirements, when intended for
9	use, and used, only in the manner specified.
10	(1) Embalming fluids used to preserve animal or animal organ specimens in
11	mortuaries, laboratories, hospitals, museums and institutions of learning;
12	(2) Products used to preserve the integrity of milk, urine, blood, or other
13	body fluids or laboratory analysis;
14	(3) Products consisting of foods which contain no active ingredient which are
15	used to attract pests.
16	(4) Natural cedar blocks, chips, shavings, balls, chests, drawer liners,
17	paneling, and needles that meet all of the following criteria:
18	(A) The product consists totally of cedarwood or natural cedar.
19	(B) The product is not treated, combined or impregnated with any
20	additional substance(s).
21	(C) The product bears claims or directions for use solely to repel
22	arthropods other than ticks or to retard mildew, and no additional claims are
23	made in sale or distribution. The labeling must be limited to specific
24	arthropods or must exclude ticks if any general term such as "arthropods,"
25	"insects," bugs," or any other broad inclusive term, is used. The exemption

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does not apply to natural cedar products claimed to repel ticks. The exemption does not apply to cedar oil, or formulated products which contain cedar oil, other cedar extracts, or ground cedar wood as part of a mixture.

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§15504. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.

(a) Local Designation Authority. Pursuant to 10 GCA §50103(3), the Board, or
its designee, has the authority to designate a restricted use pesticide. The
consideration and designation of a restricted use pesticide must be done in
accordance with Title 5, Chapter 9 of Guam Code Annotated – "The Guam
Administrative Adjudication Law." Restricted use pesticides so classified in Guam
shall be in addition to those USEPA-classified restricted use pesticides.

(b) Chlorine Gas. All chlorine gas used as a pesticide (including, but not limited to, chlorine gas that has a USEPA registration number and establishment number) is hereby considered a restricted use pesticide in Guam. Persons applying chlorine gas must be hold a valid certification card in Category 7d, "Chlorine Gas"; or must otherwise hold a valid certification card for Core Training *and* must, at the time of application, be under the direct supervision of an applicator who holds a valid certification card in Category 7d.

(c) Designation by Label or Labeling. If the registered label for a general use
pesticide states, or has related statements indicating, that the applicator must be
professional, licensed, registered, certified, or trained (for example, "Only For Sale,
Use, and storage by Professional Pest Control Operators", etc...), the applicator
must be certified by Guam EPA in the category most related to the pesticide use
prior to the application of said pesticide.

#### 22 GARR - Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 6 Certification

- 1 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.
- 2 §15602. General Use Pesticide Training Certification.

3 §15603. Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.

4 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.

#### 5 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.

Basic Training, Core Training, or Category Training may be offered by the
University of Guam, the Guam Community College or an independent contractor. Any
person intending to provide any type of training must first meet the following
qualifications and requirements set forth below.

(a) Conducting "Train-the-Trainer". Instructor qualifications and requirements to
 conduct a "Train-the-Trainer" course are:

(1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or
individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related
activity. Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors,
owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public
health regulatory agency;

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(2) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;

(3) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federal
 requirements; and

3 (4) The ability to effectively prepare student-instructors for teaching the required
4 course material, including the use of a variety of teaching tools.

(b) Conducting Training. Instructor qualifications and requirements to conduct
 Basic, Core or Category Training are:

7 (1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or
8 individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related
9 activity. Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors,
10 owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public
11 health regulatory agency;

(2) Successful completion of a Guam-EPA approved "Train-the-Trainer" course
and the passage of any applicable exam;

(3) Current certification in the type of training to be conducted (BT-A, BT-B, Core
or the applicable Category/ies);

16 (4) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;

17 (5) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federal18 requirements; and

(6) The ability to teach and communicate effectively with student-applicators to
 prepare them for proper performance of their occupational duties.

(c) Approved Training Plan Required. An approved training plan must adequately incorporate general standards developed by Guam EPA concerning the use of pesticides as appropriate to the type of activities in which the pesticide applicator will be engaged. An approved training plan must identify the type of training to be

1	provided (Basic Training-A, Basic Training-B, Core Training and/or Category Training),
2	and must include, at a minimum:
3	(1) Instructor information, including:
4	(A) The name and address of each instructor;
5	<b>(B)</b> A description of each instructor's qualifications and experience;
6	(C) A copy of the current certification card for each instructor; and
7	(2) Training information, including a copy of the training agenda and descriptions
8	of:
9	(A) Topics to be covered;
10	(B) The target audience;
11	(C) How the trainer will ensure that the training is provided in a manner and
12	language that the target audience will understand;
13	(D) When, where and how often the training will be conducted;
14	(E) How the exam will be administered and graded, if applicable; and
15	(F) How the training will incorporate information on all relevant local and
16	federal requirements; and Guam-specific challenges and needs.
17	§15602. General Use Pesticide Training Certification.
18	(a) Basic Training.
19	(1) Basic Training-A ("BT-A"). BT-A is required for applicants who are paid
20	housekeeping workers including, but not limited to, cleaners and janitors in hotels,
21	hospitals, apartment complexes or condominium complexes, nursing homes, or
22	other non-private residences, and who apply general use antibacterial,
23	antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other pesticides as part of their
24	occupational duties. BT-A applicants must complete a four (4) hour training course
25	and must successfully pass the open-book BT-A exam.

1 (2) Basic Training-B ("BT-B"). BT-B is required for applicants who are paid 2 swimming pool operators and water treatment operators using general use 3 pesticides as part of their occupational duties. BT-B applicants must complete an 4 eight (8) hour training course and must successfully pass the closed-book BT-B 5 exam.

6 7 Workers in this category *may* satisfy this requirement by attending eight (8) hours of Core Training and passing either the BT-B or Core Training exam.

8 Swimming pool or water treatment operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine 9 products in carrying out their occupations duties must successfully complete Core 10 Training and are not required to complete BT-B. Any applicant who intends to use 11 chlorine gas *must also* obtain certification in Category 7d″.

(b) Core Training. Core Training is required for any applicant, other than those described in subsection (a) above, who intends to use general use pesticides as part of carrying out his occupational duties. Core Training consists of a sixteen (16) hour training course and a closed-book exam.

16 **§15603**.

#### **Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.**

(a) Certification of RUP-Applicators. Category Training is required for all
restricted use pesticide applicators. Satisfactory completion of Core Training is
required as a prerequisite for Category Training. Category Training consists of sixteen
hours (16) of a specialized type of training course and a closed-book exam. Applicators
applying restricted use pesticides shall be certified either as a commercial applicator or
a private applicator.

(1) Commercial Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of,
 restricted use pesticides in pest control work, demonstration work or similar pest
 control activity. Commercial applicators are paid for their services.

1 (2) Private Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of, 2 restricted use pesticides for the purpose of producing any agricultural commodity 3 on property owned or rented by him, his employer, or another person. Persons in 4 this category are not compensated for their work. For purposes of this section, 5 *'compensation'* does not include the trading of personal services between producers 6 of agricultural commodities.

7 **(b) RUP-Applicator Categories.** Applicators shall be further divided into the 8 following categories and subcategories based on general patterns of use and sites where 9 specific knowledge related to the use patter or site is required to demonstrate 10 competency. A person may be certified in as many categories or subcategories as 11 necessary.

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#### **Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control.**

13 **Category 1a: Plants**. This category includes applicators using or 14 supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in production of 15 agricultural crops, including without limiting the foregoing, tobacco, 16 peanuts, cotton, feed grains, soybeans and forage; vegetables, small fruits, 17 fruit trees and nuts, as well as on grasslands and non-crop agricultural 18 lands.

19 **Category 1b: Animals.** This category includes applicators using or 20 supervising the use of restricted use pesticides on animals, including 21 without limiting the foregoing, beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, sheep, 22 horse, goats, poultry, and livestock, and to places on or in which animals 23 are confined. Doctors of Veterinary Medicine engaged in the business of 24 applying pesticides for hire, publicly holding themselves out as pesticide

applicators, or engaged in large scale use of pesticides are included in this
 category.

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**Category 2: Forest Pest Control.** This category includes commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in forests, forest nurseries, and forest seed producing areas.

6 **Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control.** This category includes 7 commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides 8 to control pests in the maintenance and production of ornamental trees, shrubs, 9 flowers, and turf.

10Category 4: Seed Treatment.This category includes commercial11applicators using or supervising the use of restricted pesticides on seeds.

12 **Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control.** This category includes commercial 13 applicators using or supervising the use of any restricted use pesticide 14 purposefully applied to any body of water as defined in these regulations, 15 including but not limited to standing or running water; the territorial sea; and 16 bays and harbors of Guam, excluding applicators engaged in public health 17 activities included in Category (8).

18 **Category 6: Right-of-Way Pest Control**. This category includes 19 commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides 20 in maintenance of public roads, electric power lines, pipelines, railway rights-of-21 way or other similar areas.

22 Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest
 23 Control.

**Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control.** This category includes commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted

use pesticides in, on, or around food handling establishments, human dwellings, institutions such as schools and hospitals, industrial establishments, including warehouses and grain elevators, and any other structures and adjacent areas, public or private; and for the protection of stored, processed, or manufactured products.

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6 Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigations. This 7 category is for applicants who apply fumigants to sites including but not 8 limited to commodity storage or holding sites, buildings, boats, and 9 shipping containers. In addition to being certified, applicators of 10 fumigants must submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent: Structural 11 Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as stipulated in 12 §15305(b) of this Chapter.

13Category 7c: Soil Fumigation. This category is for applicants who14apply fumigants to kill organisms such as fungi, insects, nematodes,15parasite and other soil-borne diseases. In addition to being certified,16applicators of fumigants must submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent:17Structural Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as18described in §15305 of this Chapter.

19Category 7d: Chlorine Gas.This category is for commercial20applicants who use, or supervise the use of, chlorine gas for the treatment21of swimming pools, hot tubs, spas and production wells.

Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. This category includes local, federal or other governmental employees using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in public health programs for the management and control of pests having medical and public health importance.

**Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control.** This category includes local, federal or other governmental employees who use or supervise the use of restricted use pesticides in the control of regulated pests.

4 Demonstration and Research Pest Control. This category includes 5 individuals who demonstrate, or supervise a demonstration, to the public the 6 proper use and techniques of applications of restricted use pesticides. Examples 7 of such persons include, but are not limited to, extension specialists and local 8 agents, commercial representatives demonstrating pesticide products, and those 9 individuals demonstrating methods used in public programs. Category 10 also 10 includes persons conducting field research with pesticides and in doing so, use, 11 or supervise the use of, restricted use pesticides. This includes, but is not limited to, local, federal, other governmental employees, or other commercial 12 13 applicators.

- 14 (c) Standards for Certification.
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### (1) Commercial Applicators.

16 (A) Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of pesticides shall be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as 17 18 appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below, both 19 of which *shall* be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing shall include the general standards applicable to all categories and the additional 20 standards specifically identified for each category or subcategory in which an 21 applicator is to be classified, and to the pesticide or class of pesticides covered by 22 23 the persons certification.

24 25 (B) General Standards of Competency. All commercial applicators *shall* demonstrate practical knowledge of the principles and practices of pest control

and safe use of pesticides as described below. Testing shall be based on examples of problems and situations appropriate to the particular category or subcategory of the applicator's certification and the following areas of competency:

5	(i) Labe	l and Labeling Comprehension. Including factors such as:								
6	(aa)	General format of labels and terminology that are used on								
7	pesticide	labels and labeling;								
8	(bb)	Instructions, warnings, terms, symbols, and other								
9	informat	ion commonly appearing on pesticide labels;								
10	(cc)	Classification of the product, general or restricted; and								
11	(dd)	Necessity for use consistent with the label.								
12	(ii) Safe	ty. Including factors such as:								
13	(aa)	Pesticide toxicity and hazard to man and common exposure								
14	routes;									
15	(bb)	Common types and causes of pesticide accidents;								
16	(cc)	Precautions necessary to guard against injury to applicators								
17	and othe	r individuals in or near treated areas;								
18	(dd)	Need for and use of protective clothing and equipment;								
19	(ee)	Symptoms of pesticide poisoning;								
20	(ff)	First Aid and other procedures to be followed in case of a								
21	pesticide	accident; and								
22	(gg)	Proper identification, storage, transport, handling, mixing								
23	procedur	res and disposal methods for pesticides and used pesticide								
24	container	rs, including precautions to be taken to prevent children from								
25	having a	ccess to pesticides and pesticide containers.								

1	(iii) Potential Environmental Consequences of the Use and Misuse
2	of Pesticides. Including influential factors such as:
3	(aa) Weather and other climatic conditions;
4	(bb) Types of terrain, soil or other substrate;
5	(cc) Presence of fish, wildlife and other non-target organisms;
6	and
7	(dd) Drainage patterns.
8	(iv) Pests. Including factors such as:
9	(aa) Common features of pest organisms and characteristics of
10	damage needed for pest recognition;
11	(bb) Recognition of relevant pests; and
12	(cc) Pest development and biology as it may be relevant to
13	problem identification and control.
14	(v) Pesticides. Including factors such as:
15	(aa) Types of pesticides;
16	(bb) Types of formulations;
17	(cc) Compatibility, synergism, persistence and animal and plant
18	toxicity of the formulations;
19	(dd) Hazards and residues associated with use;
20	(ee) Factors which influence effectiveness or lead to such
21	problems as resistance to pesticides; and
22	(ff) Dilution procedures, including calculations to achieve
23	correct application rate.
24	(vi) Equipment. Including factors such as:

1 (aa) Types of equipment and advantages and limitations of each 2 type; and Use, maintenance and calibration. 3 (bb) 4 (vii) Application techniques. Including factors such as: 5 (aa) Methods of procedure used to apply various formulations of 6 pesticides, solutions, and gases, together with knowledge of which 7 technique of application to use in a given situation; (bb)Relationship of discharge and placement of pesticides to 8 9 proper use, unnecessary use, and misuse; and 10 (cc)Prevention of drift and pesticide loss into the environment. 11 (viii) All local and federal requirements. (C) Specific Standards of Competency. Commercial Applicators should 12 demonstrate additional competence and knowledge appropriate to their 13 particular category of certification, described as follows: 14 15 Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control. 16 Category 1a: Plants. Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the crops grown and the specific pests on these crops on 17 which they may be using RUPs. The importance of such competency is 18 amplified by the extensive areas involved, the quantities of pesticides 19 needed, and the ultimate use of many commodities as food and feed. 20 21 Practical knowledge is required concerning soil and water problems, preharvest intervals, re-entry intervals, phytotoxicity, and potential for 22 environmental contamination, non-target injury and community problems 23 24 from the use of restricted use pesticides in agricultural areas.

1Category 1b: Animals. Persons applying pesticides directly to2animals must demonstrate knowledge of such animals and their3associated pests. A practical knowledge is also required concerning4specific pesticide toxicity and residue potential, since host animals will5frequently be used for food. Further, the applicator must know the6relative hazards associated with such factors as formulation application7techniques, age of animals, and focus and extent of treatment.

Category 2: Forest Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical 8 9 knowledge of the extent and types of forests, forests nurseries, and seed 10 production in Guam and the pests involved. They should demonstrate practical knowledge of the cyclic occurrence of certain pests and specific population 11 dynamics as a basis for programming pesticide applications. 12 A practical 13 knowledge is required of the relative biotic agents and their vulnerability to 14 pesticides to be applied. Because forest stands frequently include aquatic 15 habitats and harbor wildlife, the consequences of pesticide use may be difficult to 16 The applicators must therefore demonstrate practical knowledge of assess. control methods that will minimize the possibility of secondary problems such as 17 unintended effects on wildlife. Proper use of specialized equipment must be 18 19 demonstrated, especially as it may relate to meteorological factors and adjacent 20 land use.

21 **Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control.** Applicators shall 22 demonstrate practical knowledge of pesticide problems associated with the 23 production and maintenance of ornamental trees, shrubs, plantings, and turf, 24 including cognizance of potential phytotoxicity due to a wide variety of plant 25 material, drift, and persistence beyond the intended period of pest control.

Because of the frequent proximity of human habitations to application activities,
 applicators in this category must demonstrate practical knowledge of the
 hazards to humans, pets, and other domestic animals.

4 **Category 4: Seed Treatment.** Applicators shall demonstrate practical 5 knowledge of types of seeds that require chemical protection against pests and 6 factors such as seed coloration, carriers, and surface active agents which 7 influence pesticide binding and may affect germination. They must demonstrate 8 practical knowledge of hazards associated with handling, sorting and mixing, 9 and misuse of treated seed such as introduction of treated seed into food and 10 feed channels, as well as proper disposal of unused treated seed.

**Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control.** Applicators shall demonstrate practical 11 knowledge of the secondary effects which can be caused by improper application 12 rates, incorrect formulations, and faulty application of restricted use pesticides 13 14 used in this category. They shall demonstrate practical knowledge of various water use situations and the potential of downstream effects. Further, they must 15 have practical knowledge concerning potential pesticide effects on plants, fish, 16 birds, beneficial insects and other organisms which may be present in aquatic 17 environments. These applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the 18 19 principles of limited area application.

Category 6: Right-of-way Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of a wide variety of environments since rights-of-ways can traverse many different terrains, including waterways. They shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the problems of runoff, drift, and excessive foliage destruction and ability to recognize target organisms. They shall also demonstrate practical knowledge of the nature of herbicides and the need for

containment of these pesticides within the right-of-way area, and the impact of their application activities in the adjacent areas and communities and special drift control methods and procedures.

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Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest Control.

Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control. Applicators must 6 7 demonstrate practical knowledge of a variety of pests including their life cycles, as well as types of formulations appropriate for their control and 8 9 methods of application that avoid contamination of food and damage and 10 contamination of habitat, and exposure of people and pets. Since human exposure, especially to babies, children, pregnant women, and elderly 11 people, is frequently a potential problem, applicators must demonstrate 12 practical knowledge of the specific factors which may lead to a hazardous 13 14 condition, including continuous exposure in the various situations encountered in this category. Because health related pest control may 15 involve outdoor applications, applicators in this category must also 16 demonstrate practical knowledge of environmental conditions particularly 17 18 related to this activity.

19Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigation. In this20subcategory, types of structures include, but are *not* limited to inhabited21buildings, containers, boat. Applicators must demonstrate practical22knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and fumigation use23laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, of handler and24worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety training, preventing

heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to interpret and follow label
 directions and requirements.

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Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, and responding to fumigant emergencies.

8 Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper 9 fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate 10 application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use 11 practices.

12 **Category 7c: Soil Fumigation.** Applicators must demonstrate 13 practical knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and 14 fumigation use laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, 15 of handler and worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety 16 training, preventing heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to 17 interpret and follow label directions and requirements.

Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, and responding to fumigant emergencies.

23Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper24fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate

application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use
 practices.

3 Category 7d: Chlorine Gas. Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the toxicity of liquefied chlorine gas; the dispersion 4 5 properties and other characteristics of gaseous chemicals; equipment types; calibration procedures; application techniques; air and water monitoring 6 7 procedures; use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and clothing; and factors that may lead to a hazardous conditions, including 8 9 handling of pressurized chemicals and direct or continuous exposure to 10 chlorine gas.

11 Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. Applicators must demonstrate 12 practical knowledge of pests of public health importance, vector-disease relationships, and etiology of disease-host relationships. Since a wide variety of 13 pests are involved, these pests must be known and recognized by public health 14 control applicators, and the life's cycles and habitats of each thoroughly 15 understood. These applicators should be familiar with a great variety of 16 environmental conditions ranging from streams to dwellings. They should also 17 18 be cognizant of such non-chemical control methods as sanitation, waste disposal, and drainage. 19

Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of regulated pests, applicable law relating to quarantine and other regulation of pests, and the potential impact on the environment of restricted use pesticides used in suppression and eradication programs. They shall demonstrate knowledge of factors influencing introduction, spread, and population dynamics of relevant pests. Their knowledge shall extend beyond

that required by their immediate duties, since their services are frequently
 required in Guam and other areas of the country where emergency measures are
 invoked to control regulated pests and where individual judgments in new
 situations must be made.

5 **Category 10: Demonstration and Research Pest Control.** Persons demonstrating the safe and effective use of pesticides to other applicators and the 6 7 public will be expected to meet comprehensive standards reflecting a broad spectrum of pesticide uses. Many different pest problems situations will be 8 encountered in the course of activities associated with demonstration, and 9 practical knowledge of problems, pests, and population levels occurring in each 10 11 demonstration situation is required. Further, they should demonstrate an 12 understanding of pesticide-organism interactions and the importance of 13 integrating pesticide use with other control methods.

Applicators doing demonstration pest control work, conducting field research or method improvement work with RUPs should possess a practical knowledge of all of the general standards detailed in §15603(c)(2) of this Chapter. In addition, they shall be expected to know the specific standards described in §15603(c)(3)(A) through (I) of this Chapter as may be applicable to their particular activity.

For the purposes of this Chapter, the above standards do not apply to persons conducting laboratory-type research involving RUPs; or Doctors of Medicine or Doctors of Veterinary Medicine applying pesticides as drugs or medication during the course of their normal practice.

24 (2) Private Applicators.

1 (A)Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of 2 pesticides *shall* be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as 3 appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below both 4 of which *shall* be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing 5 *shall* include the standards applicable to Category 1, 1a and 1b in which an 6 applicator is to be classified.

7 **(B)** Standards of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of 8 pesticides by a private applicator *shall* be determined by the procedures set forth 9 below. As a minimum requirement for certification, a private applicator must 10 show that s/he possesses a practical knowledge of the pest problems and pest 11 control practices associated with his agricultural operations; proper storage, use, 12 handling and disposal of the pesticides and containers; and his related legal 13 responsibility. The practical knowledge includes ability to:

14 (i) Recognize common pests to be controlled and damage caused by15 them;

(ii) Read and understand the label and labeling information including
the common name of pesticides he applied; pest(s) to be controlled, timing
and methods of application; safety precautions; any pre-harvest or re-entry
restrictions; and any specific disposal procedures;

(iii) Apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and
warnings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentrations of
pesticide to be used under particular circumstances taking into account
such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment
will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operation;

- 1(iv) Recognize local environmental situations that must be considered2during application to avoid contamination;
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(v) Recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to follow in case of pesticide accident; and

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(vi) Consult reliable sources of information on the safe and proper use of each pesticide related to the applicator's certification.

Standards for Supervision of Non-Category Certified Applicators. The 7 (3) 8 supervisor of a non-category certified applicator must ensure that the applicator 9 holds a valid Core Training Certification Card and is someone who follows 10 In addition, the supervisor must be certified in the appropriate instructions. category for the type of application he/she is directly supervising; he must 11 12 demonstrate practical knowledge of all local and federal requirements; and he must 13 be physically present on site observing the application of the pesticide at the time of application. The non-category certified applicator must complete the appropriate 14 category training no later than ninety (90) days from his date of hire. 15

16 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.

17 Training course and exam offerings are subject to space and instructor availability.

18 Exams, however, will be offered at least once per month.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 7 Licenses, Permits, Certification Cards and Fees.

- 1 §15701. Special Licenses.
- 2 §15702. Permits.
- 3 §15703. Certification Cards.

4 §15704. Fees.

5 §15701. Special Licenses.

6 (a) Pest Control Operator (PCO) License. Any person intending to conduct
7 structural pest control in or around residential and commercial buildings *shall* obtain
8 a PCO License from Guam EPA prior to conducting any structural pest control.

9 **(b) Pesticide Trainers License.** Any person intending to provide Basic 10 Training, Core Training or Category Training must obtain a Pesticide Trainers 11 License from Guam EPA. This licensure requirement is in addition to the training 12 instructor qualifications and requirements stipulated in §15601 of this Chapter. All 13 applicable requirements must be satisfied prior to the start of any pesticide training.

(c) Pesticide Dealers License. Any person intending to sell restricted use
pesticides must first obtain a Pesticide Dealers License from Guam EPA.
Additionally, a Pesticide Dealers License *shall* be required for each sales outlet
operating in Guam. Each Pesticide Dealers License issued *shall* expire on December
31 of the year in which the license was issued. The application for a Pesticide

#### **APPENDIX 1**

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1	Dealers License shall be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include,
2	at minimum:
3	a. The name and address of the applicant;
4	<b>b.</b> The physical address of the sales outlet (primary and all branch outlets,
5	when applicable); and
6	c. The name, address, and certified applicator number of the Certified
7	Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) at each sales outlet.
8	§15702. Permits.
9	(a) Commodity Fumigation Permit. Any person intending to perform fumigation of
10	any commodity must first obtain a Commodity Fumigation Permit from Guam EPA. An
11	application for a Commodity Fumigation Permit shall be on a form prescribed by the
12	Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
13	(1) The date and time of proposed application; and
14	(2) Information on the pesticide to be used:
15	(A) The name, registration number, and an electronic copy of the label or
16	labeling on the container for each pesticide to be used;
17	<b>(B)</b> A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
18	(C) A description of the equipment to be used;
19	(3) Information on the applicator:
20	(A) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide applicator
21	involved in the project; and
22	(B) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
23	application;
24	(4) Information on the permanent application site, or any temporary sites, if
25	applicable:

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1	(A) The physical address of the application site;
2	(B) A description of the application site, including the size of the area to be
3	treated;
4	(C) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
5	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
6	(5) General Information on the Project:
7	(A) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the project
8	manager;
9	(B) Description or history of the company's work experience with using the
10	fumigant that is proposed for application;
11	(C) A standard operating procedure for the project;
12	(D) A health and safety plan;
13	(E) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management Plan
14	by the product label;
15	<b>(F)</b> A listing of the target pests.
16	The permittee must submit a notice of intent for commodity fumigation to the Agency,
17	no later than fourteen (14) working days prior to the proposed application. A yearly
18	permit is required for Commodity Fumigation. Persons applying fumigants must
19	estimate the amount of fumigant to be used for each permit period.
20	(b) Chemigation Permit. Any person intending to conduct any chemigation, msut
21	first obtain a Chemigation Permit from Guam EPA; and must meet the following
22	conditions:
23	The applicator must provide sufficient written evidence to Guam EPA in advance of
24	the application that a chemigation application is the only viable method for pest
25	control. In order to demonstrate to Guam EPA that there are no other viable
	APPENDIX 1

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1 methods of pest control, the applicator must provide a list of target pests, location of 2 proposed chemigation, a description of equipment to be used, including required back flow prevention devices to prevent contamination of the water sources, a copy 3 4 of the label for the pesticide(s) proposed for use, and a description of the other types 5 of pest control methods that have been attempted and the results of these methods. 6 The copy of the label submitted to Guam EPA must be a copy of the label on the 7 container(s) of the pesticide to be used. Upon review of the applicator's submission 8 and the EPA accepted label for the product to be used, Guam EPA will make a 9 determination as to whether the chemigation application will be allowed. If Guam 10 EPA allows the application, a written permit will be issued by Guam EPA. The 11 pesticide to be used must be registered by U.S. EPA for use in chemigation.

(1) Areas to be chemigated must be posted with a sign when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads., or 2) when the chemigated areas is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

(2) Application areas must be posted by the pesticide applicator with signs in 18 19 English at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the 20 listed sensitive area. When there are not usual point of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other locations affording maximum 21 visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign must face away from the 22 treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs must be printed in the English 23 24 language. Signs must be posted prior to the application and remain posted until 25 foliage has dried and soil surface water as disappeared. Signs must remain in place

indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and
 maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period. Applicators are
 responsible to remove the signs from the treated areas.

(3) Effective posting consists of letters at least 2 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> inches tall, with all letters and
symbols in color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the
top of the sign must be the words "KEEP OUT", followed by an octagonal stop sign
symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word "STOP". Below the stop
sign symbol must be the words "PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATION WATER."

9 (c) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit. Any person intending to apply pesticides
10 by aircraft must first obtain and Aerial Pesticide Application Permit from Guam EPA.
11 An application for a Aerial Pesticide Application Permit *shall* be on a form prescribed
12 by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum:

13 (1) Information on the pesticide to be used:

14

- (A) The name and registration number of each pesticide to be applied;
- (B) A Copy of the label or labeling on the container for each pesticide to beused;
- 17 (C) The formulation, dilution and application rates for each pesticide to be
  18 applied;
- 19 **(D)** A description of the equipment to be used;
- 20 (2) Information on the applicant, pilot and/or applicator:
- (A) The name, certification number, and certification expiration date of the
   applicant and pilot/applicator, if different from the applicant;
- (B) A copy of the certification card for the applicant and pilot/applicator, if
  different from the applicant;
- 25 (C) A copy of the pilot license and any other licenses needed in Guam to

1 operate an aircraft;

2 (3) Information on the application site: (A) The physical address of the proposed application site; and 3 (B) A sketch or map of the site, indicating general wind directions, 4 5 surrounding homes, bodies of water, schools, hospitals, places of worship, 6 roadways, and crop plantings within five hundred (500) feet of the application 7 The Administrator may require additional information to ensure that site. waters of Guam are protected. 8 9 (4) General Information on the Project: 10 (A) A description of the purpose of aerial application and why aerial application is desired; 11 (B) The method of aerial application of the proposed pesticides to be 12 applied; 13 (C) The number of application to be made, and the proposed time and date 14 of each application; 15 (D) A description of prior attempts to control the subject pest by other 16 application methods and the results of those efforts; 17 (E) An indication of what measures will be taken to prevent drift or 18 19 overspray of non-target sites. The Administrator may refuse to issue an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit if 20 it is determined that the proposed aerial treatment may cause unreasonable adverse 21 22 effects to human health or the environment. Any Aerial Pesticide Application Permit issued pursuant to this Chapter shall 23 specify the time period for which the permit is valid. The Administrator may specify 24 and limit the Aerial Pesticide Application Permit to cover a single treatment or multiple 25

and continued treatments when conditions are not expected to change or vary during
 subsequent treatments that are conducted in the same designated area. In no case *shall* any pesticide be applied contrary to the U.S. EPA accepted label.

The issuance of an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit *shall* not relieve the permittee from the penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or contamination of crops or plants, animals, man and the environment resulting from such aerial treatment.

8 **§15703**.

#### Certification Cards.

9 Any person intending to apply pesticides as part of their occupational duties must 10 first obtain a certification card from Guam EPA. Certification cards *shall* be issued after 11 successful completion of the appropriate training. Successful completion is measured 12 by the applicator's attendance at the appropriate training course (as certified by the 13 training instructor), together with passing the appropriate exam with a score of seventy 14 percent (70%) or higher (as certified by the exam administrator).

(a) Temporary Certification Cards. Temporary Certification Cards may be issued to individuals who are unable to attend a the appropriate training course (due to the availability of classes) within approximately one month's time from the date he has submitted his application for certification to Guam EPA. Temporary Certification Cards issued pursuant to this Chapter *shall* expire on the last day of the month in which the next appropriate training course will be offered.

21

#### (b) Basic Training Certification Cards.

(1) Basic Training-A Certification Card. Any person intending to apply
 general use antibacterial, antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other
 pesticides as part of their occupational duties must first obtain a Basic Training-A
 Certification Card from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application.

1 (2) Basic Training-B Certification Card. Any person who is a paid 2 swimming pool operator or water treatment operator intending to use general use 3 pesticides as part of his occupational duties must first obtain a Basic Training-B 4 Certification Card from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application. This 5 requirement does not apply to paid swimming pool operators or water treatment 6 operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine products. Such applicators must obtain 7 Category Certification as described below, in Category 7d as described in §15604 of 8 this Chapter.

9 (c) Core Training Certification Card. Any person, other than those described in 10 subsection (a) above, intending to use general use pesticides as part of carrying out his 11 occupational duties must first obtain a Core Training Certification Card from Guam 12 EPA prior to any pesticide application. Applicants for Core Training Certification must 13 be at least seventeen (17) years of age.

(d) Category Training Certification Card. Any person intending to apply restricted
use pesticides must first obtain a Category Training Certification Card from Guam EPA.
Applicants for Category Training Certification must be at least eighteen (18) years of
age. RUP-Applicators *shall* be certified either as a

(1) Commercial Applicator, in the category or subcategory most related to the
 pesticide he will be using; or

(2) Private Applicator, in Category 1, 1a, or 1b, as described in §15604 of this
Chapter.

(e) Renewal. All Certification Cards issued pursuant to this Chapter *shall* be renewed every three (3) years. Individuals may submit applications for renewal *no more than* thirty (30) days prior to the expiration date of their certification. Individuals intending to renew their certification must successfully pass the appropriate exam.

Training for each applicant is required upon initial application for certification. All
 individuals who hold "Core Training Certification Cards" older than three (3) years
 from the effective date of this Chapter must renew their certification.

4 §15704. Fees.

5 In order to fulfill the duties and responsibilities associated with the implementation 6 of these regulations, the Agency hereby establishes conditions and fees as set forth in 7 Table 1 of this Chapter. All fees *shall* be paid to and deposited into "The Pesticide 8 Management Fund" as specified in 10 GCA §50119, which shall be maintained separate 9 and apart from any other government of Guam bank account. All fees are non-10 refundable and must be paid in the following manner:

(a) Certification Card Fees. Fees must be paid upon issuance of the certification
 card or a replacement card.

13 **(b) Training/Exam Fees.** Fees must be paid prior to each training/exam session.

(c) License/Permit Fees. Fees must be paid at the time a license/permit
application is submitted.

(d) Notice of Arrival Fees. Fees must be paid at the time the NOA form is
 submitted; or based upon an agreed payment plan between the importer and the
 Agency.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 8 Enforcement

- 1 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.
- 2 §15802. Enforcement Procedures.

3 §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.

4 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.

5 The rules and regulations in this Chapter are promulgated by the Agency 6 pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter, "The Guam Pesticides Act". The Act also specifies the 7 Agency's authority to inspect and take necessary enforcement actions to carry out the 8 provisions of the Act or this Chapter.

9 In addition, the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA") is 10 applicable to Guam. Pursuant to Section 23 of FIFRA, the Guam Environmental 11 Protection Agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency have entered into a 12 Cooperative Agreement. Under this agreement, Guam EPA has primary enforcement 13 responsibility for pesticide use violations.

The provisions of "The Guam Pesticide Act" and this Chapter are intended to meet minimal requirements of FIFRA. Should there arise a conflict between local and federal requirements, the more stringent requirement applies.

17 §15802. Enforcement Procedures.

18

All enforcement procedures shall comply with 5 GCA Chapter 9 – "The Guam

### APPENDIX 1

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Administrative Adjudication Law" and 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The Guam Pesticides
 Act".

(a) Notice of Violation and Order of Compliance (NOV/OC). If – from an
inspection, complaint, examination or analysis – there appears to be a violation of the
regulations of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, a written NOV/OC *shall* be
sent by the Agency to the person against whom proceedings are contemplated. The
NOV/OC *shall* state the violation, the manner in which the alleged violator failed to
meet the requirement of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, and what should
be done to correct the violation.

When a violation has been alleged, and a NOV/OC has been issued, and the respondent has received the NOV/OC, the respondent has the option of: (1) within ten (10) working days, entering into a "Voluntary Compliance Agreement" (See Section 8.5) with Guam EPA to come into compliance with the violated provision; said settlement agreement shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter; or (2) within fifteen (15) working days, appealing the NOV/OC to the Board.

(b) Notice of Defense. A "Notice of Defense" form *shall* be included with the issued NOV/OC. Should the respondent wish to appeal the NOV/OC to the Board, the respondent must submit a completed "Notice of Defense" form to the Board. The Notice must be received by the Board within fifteen (15) working days from receipt of the NOV/OC. Once the Board receives the "Notice of Defense," any administrative action upon the case *shall* be suspended until a "Notice of Judgment" has been issued by the Board.

(c) Prosecution. Pursuant to "The Guam Pesticides Act," the Administrator may
impose fines before an appeal has been filed or before the violation has been corrected.
Enforcement actions may include monetary fines based on civil/administrative penalties
and/or license suspension, revocation, non-renewal, and/or permit cancellation.

27

(d) Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA). If the respondent wishes to

1 resolve the NOV/OC without appealing to the Board, the respondent has the option of 2 entering into a Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA) with the Agency, which must 3 be reached within ten (10) working days. The respondent must immediately notify the 4 Agency of such intentions upon receipt of the NOV/OC. The Agency may work in conjunction with the respondent to determine the terms and conditions of a VCA. The 5 6 Agency *shall* inform the respondent that he may exercise his right to appeal the 7 NOV/OC to the Board at any time during the fifteen (15) working day time frame by 8 submitting a completed "Notice of Defense" Form.

9 The purpose of the VCA option is to provide an opportunity to resolve the 10 NOV/OC without going through the appeal process with the Board or the referral 11 process with the Attorney General of Guam.

12

#### §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.

13 The issuance, suspension, or revocation of any certification card, license or 14 permit issued under these regulations shall not relieve an individual from the criminal 15 and civil penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or 16 contamination resulting from pesticide related activities.

17

18

19

### (a) Probable Denial of Application for Certification, License or Permit. An application for any certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter, may be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the Act, for the

following causes: 20

21

(1) Falsification of any information required in the application process.

(2) Falsification of or failure to maintain records as required by the Act and 22 23 this Chapter.

(3) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction within a five (5) year 24 period immediately preceding the date of application of any violation of the Act 25 26 or this Chapter.

- (4) Failure to comply with any order of the Board made pursuant to the Act
   and this Chapter.
- 3 (5) A suspension of applicant's certification under the Act and this Chapter
  4 within a five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of application.
  - (6) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

6 (b) Denial of Application for Certification, License or Permit. An application
7 for any certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter,
8 shall be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the Act, for the following causes:

- 9 (1) Applicant has been convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction within a
  10 five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of the application of two (2)
  11 or more violations of the Act or this Chapter or of the Federal Insecticide,
  12 Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, or the rules and regulations
  13 promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (2) Two (2) or more suspensions of applicant's certification, license or permit
  under this Act and this Chapter within a five (5) year period immediately
  preceding the date of application.
- (3) Revocation of applicant's certification, license or permit under this Act
  and this Chapter within a one (1) year period immediately preceding the date of
  application.

(c) Probable Suspension of Certification, License or Permit. A certification
 card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter may be suspended
 pursuant to §57135 of the Act for the following causes.

- (1) Falsification of any information required in the application process or
  falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this
  Chapter.
- 26

5

(2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

1	(d) Suspension of Certification, License or Permit. A certification card, license
2	or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter shall be suspended for not less
3	than thirty (30) days and not more than one hundred eighty (180) days for the following
4	causes:
5	(1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of
6	the Act.
7	(2) Failure to comply with two (2) warning notices issued by GEPA within a
8	two (2) year period.
9	(e) Probable Revocation of Certification, License or Permit. A certificate,
10	license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter may be revoked for cause.
11	Revocation shall be effectuated by a written statement of the Administrator indicating
12	the effective date of the revocation and causes for such action. Possible causes include,
13	but are not limited to, the following:
14	(1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of
15	the Act.
16	(2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.
17	(3) Falsification of any information required in the application process or
18	falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this
19	Chapter.

#### 22 GARR - Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 9 Severability

#### 1 §15901. Severability.

*If* any provision of this Chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity *shall not* affect other provisions or applications of this Chapter which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Chapter are severable.

#### 22 GARR – GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 – PESTICIDES TABLE 1 – GUAM PESTICIDE REGULATION FEES

TYPE OF DOCUMENTATION	COST		EXPLANATION
1. Notice of Arrival (NOA)	\$3/case for up to 10 cases; \$1/addition Chlorine tabs/gas \$5/1000 lbs or \$5/1	Each Shipment	
2. Termite Soil Application	50 < 250 gal. of emulsion mix $100 \ge 250$ gal. of emulsion mix	Each application	
3. Fumigation Application Fee (Permits/Notices of Intent)	\$1,000		Yearly*
4. Chemigation Permit Fee	\$100/Chemigation Permit		Each application
5. Pesticide Dealers License	\$250/Primary Sales Outlet \$50/Branch Sales Outlet		Expires Dec 31 (Each Year*)
<ol> <li>Certification Cards – Category Training</li> </ol>	a. Cards b. Training c. Exam only d. Replacement Cards	\$15 \$100 (16 hours) \$50 \$10	3 Years*
7. Certification Cards – Core and Basic Training	<ul> <li>a. Cards Only</li> <li>b. Training</li> <li>c. Exam Only</li> <li>d. Replacement Cards</li> <li>e. Exam Study Materials</li> </ul>	\$15 (Core); \$15 for (Basic Training-A/B) \$75 (Core); \$35 (BT-B), \$15 (BT-A) \$25 (Core); \$15 for (BT-A/B) \$10 \$15	3 Years*
8. Pest Control Operators License	\$150		Expires Dec 31 (Each Year*)
9. Pesticide Trainers License	a. Cards b. Training c. Exam only d. Replacement Cards	\$15 \$100 (16 hours) \$50 \$10	Yearly*

\*Annual fees are pro-rated

# Sign-in Sheets for Public Hearing on

Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."



155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910

#### SIGN-IN SHEET PUBLIC HEARING Tuesday, August 10, 2010 – 9:00 AM Public Hearing Room • Hagåtña, Guam

**Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** – R. J. Respicio - "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

NAME	AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION	SUPPORT? OPPOSE?	WRITTEN TESTIMONY	ORAL TESTIMONY	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
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155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910

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NAME	AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION	SUPPORT? OPPOSE?	WRITTEN TESTIMONY	ORAL TESTIMONY	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
Mary Torve	GHEA	amendan As		$\checkmark$	649.1497	prostdentogher.org
GABRIEL SIMON	) GHRA	11			929-0652	CABRIELSINTONIA
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NAME	AGENCY OR	SUPPORT?	WRITTEN	ORAL	PHONE	EMAIL ADDRESS
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155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910

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NAME	AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION	SUPPORT? OPPOSE?	WRITTEN TESTIMONY	ORAL TESTIMONY	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
CRAIG SMETH	-	Support	No	No		4@KRYG.CO/
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# *I Mina'Trenta Na Liheslaturan Guåhan* 30th Guam Legislature

155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910

#### SIGN-IN SHEET PUBLIC HEARING Tuesday, August 10, 2010 – 9:00 AM Public Hearing Room • Hagåtña, Guam

**Bill No. 441-30 (COR) –** R. J. Respicio - "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

NAME	AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION	SUPPORT? OPPOSE?	WRITTEN TESTIMONY	ORAL TESTIMONY	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
Aubrey Moore	UOG	Support			735-2086	amarol Uguan. 45 2

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# Written Testimonies on

# Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."



### **GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

#### AHENSIAN PRUTEKSION LINA'LA GUAHAN

FELIX P. CAMACHO GOVERNOR OF GUAM P.O. Box 22439 GMF • BARRIGADA, GUAM 96921 TEL: 475-1658/9 • FAX: 477-9402

MICHAEL W. CRUZ LT. GOVERNOR OF GUAM

Testimony of Elisabeth T. Cruz Administrator, Guam Environmental Protection Agency Before the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, Federal, Foreign and Micronesian Affairs

### Hearing on Bill 441-30: An Act to Repeal and Reenact Division III, Chapter 15, 22 Guam Administrative Rules (GAR) Relative to the Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### August 10, 2010

Mr. Chairman, the Guam Environmental Protection Agency appreciates this opportunity to offer its testimony on Bill 441-30 for consideration from you, the Committee and the other Honorable Members of the 30<sup>th</sup> Guam Legislature present today.

Guam EPA supports Bill 441-30, as it seeks to primarily amend and update our antiquated regulations, which are over 30 years old and, therefore, not representative of the pesticides-related activities that currently exist today and those expected during the military buildup.

Bill 441-30 amends provisions that regulate the importation, production, sale, distribution, use and application of pesticides. The outcome of these amendments is to provide for a sustainable means to protect our fragile and unique island environment, primary drinking water source, and people, especially workers who are exposed to pesticides on a daily basis as part of their occupation.

Since March 2009, Guam EPA has been working diligently in partnership with representatives from diverse sectors within the community to evaluate and develop the institutional framework that supports the implementation and success of the aforementioned regulations.

"ALL LIVING THINGS OF THE EARTH ARE ONE"

In addition, we have been working with other government agencies (both local and federal) to strengthen the intent and provide clarification of these amended regulations.

To maximize participation from a representative cross-section of the community, Guam EPA has met <u>at least</u> 20 times with various non-government stakeholder groups. Comments were received and revisions were made to correct or improve those areas that needed to be addressed.

In addition, Guam EPA has consulted with the U.S. Transportation and Security Administration, Guam Custom & Quarantine, Department of Agriculture, University of Guam, Department of Public Health & Social Services and the Guam Community College on cross-jurisdictional issues and potential coordination strategies.

The purpose for these revisions to our regulations is to protect our island community from the following activities related to pesticides:

- 1) There is an increase in the amount of illegal importation of pesticides not approved by USEPA. Based on some of the illegal pesticides confiscated, the active ingredients are over 200 times the allowable limits under US laws. Within the last ten (10) months the Pesticide Enforcement Program issued twenty-five (25) enforcement actions for illegal importation and use violations. We have to ensure that the screening of pesticides is properly conducted as a high number of pesticides have been confiscated from passengers from foreign countries.
- 2) Our current regulations do not adequately cover worker protection standards for all pesticide applicators.
- 3) Unauthorized use of pesticides impacts our limited natural resources. Over use and improper management may lead to the leaching of pesticides into our drinking and recreational waters.
- 4) Misuse of pesticides compromise food safety. Based on data generated by the Department of Public Health & Social Services, pesticide residues from illegal application have been found in produce.

Bill 441-30 also provides a modest fee schedule to <u>partially fund</u> the Pesticide Enforcement Program for activities related to implementing *Guam Pesticides Act, Guam Pesticides Regulations and Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenicide Act* (FIFRA). The amount anticipated will cover approximately 25% of the Program's needs.

As we anticipate the military buildup activities on Guam, we need to make certain that these regulations are in place prior to the height of the anticipated increase. We anticipate the use and importation of pesticides will likely increase and we are working with USEPA, Region IX, to ensure that the Department of Defense cooperates in fulfilling local pesticide mandates.

Bill 441-30 also includes a section that focuses on training for housekeeping workers whose duties include the application of disinfectants and cleaners that are specifically classified as pesticides. This section was created as a result of our inspection findings and input from the *Guam Hotel and Restaurant Association* and representatives from the housekeeping industry. Guam EPA is pleased that the majority of the housekeeping industry understands and supports the need to provide training that will protect their workers.

Guam EPA highly recommends the inclusion to regulate pheromones. As part of our local regulatory authority, the regulation of pheromones is essential in meeting our program's continued approval from USEPA. On August 6, 2010, this agency received a letter from Ms. Katherine Taylor, Associate Director of Communications and Ecosystems Division, from USEPA, Region IX, regarding their concern on Guam's responsibility to regulate pheromones locally. Should our regulations lack the ability to regulate pheromones, Guam faces the high possibility of losing its primacy in this area. As a result, all inspections and enforcement will be conducted at the federal level. A copy of this letter is included as part of our Testimony.

Guam EPA recommends the inclusion of the term "certification" to be applied only to *Restricted Use Pesticides* (*RUP*) training to be consistent with FIFRA and the Guam Pesticides Act. Guam EPA also recommends the inclusion of the term "Pesticide Training License" to be applied to *General Use Pesticides* (*GUP*) training.

These regulations are a result of the efforts of many stakeholders involved a process that spans a period well over one year. We recognize that there were some issues that still needed to be resolved. Therefore, on behalf of our Agency, Mr. Chairman, I would like to express my sincerest appreciation for your efforts in mediating the differences towards a common resolution. Bill 441-30 would not be made possible without your assistance.

This concludes my Testimony on Bill 441-30. Thank you.

flisabeth T. Cu ELISABETH T. CRUZ > Administrator



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105-3901

August 6, 2010

Elisabeth Cruz, Administrator Guam Environmental Protection Agency P. O. Box 22439-GMF Barrigada, Guam 96921

Dear Administrator Cruz,

The purpose of this letter is to offer some comments regarding recent revisions as of August 3, 2010 to the draft Guam Pesticide Regulations, particularly to the sections of the regulations pertaining to certification and pheromones.

<u>Basic Training</u>: We are pleased to learn that all parties have reached an agreement in the requirement for Basic Training for housekeeping workers. We will continue to work with your office to discuss ways for implementing this new requirement if passed by the Guam legislature.

<u>Certification</u>: As you may know, the term "certification" under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) applies to those applicators that only use restricted use pesticides (RUPs). In the proposed Guam Pesticide Regulations<sup>1</sup>, "certification" refers to all occupational users of pesticides. We are concerned because this language infers that all occupational users of pesticides will have access to restricted use pesticides. To avoid any possible confusion among the regulated community, we urge Guam EPA to work with the legislature to ensure that "certification" language in the regulations is consistent with FIFRA (i.e., that "certification" refers to use of restricted use pesticides). We suggest that other terminology be used to distinguish applicators that can legally purchase and use restricted use pesticides from those that cannot.

<u>Pheromones:</u> As you may be aware, under FIFRA, pheromones are considered pesticides, however, we understand that pheromones have been removed from the definition of pesticide in the revised version of the proposed Pesticide Regulations. This is a concern because the omission of pheromones is in conflict with FIFRA and represents a possible gap in Guam's Pesticide Enforcement Program. When the question regarding pheromones arose, we participated in several conference calls with your office and the University of Guam (UOG) to explain that despite UOG's interest in a different interpretation, it is clear that under federal law, pheromones are pesticides. Some confusion may exist in Guam because certain pheromones that meet specific criteria (outlined in the federal regulations at 40 CFR §152.25) are exempt from regulation under FIFRA. Despite this partial exemption, the designation of pheromones as pesticides does not change. It is also important to note that under Department of Treasury regulations at 19 CFR §12.112, "An importer desiring to import pesticides or devices into the U.S. shall submit to the Administrator a Notice of Arrival of Pesticides and Devices." Without Notices of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See the definition of "certification," §4(c) (page 3), and §15602 (page 28) in the proposed Guam Pesticide Regulations.

Arrival, Guam EPA could not make a determination whether a particular pheromone is exempt (or not) from other regulation under FIFRA.

Finally, we would also like to note that under Section 27 of FIFRA, "a State shall have primary enforcement responsibility for pesticide use violations during any period for which the Administrator determines that such State...has adopted adequate pesticide use laws and regulations..." As reiterated above, concerns related to certification language and about excluding pheromones as pesticides must be addressed in order for Guam to retain FIFRA primacy.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide comments and look forward to continuing our work with the Guam EPA Pesticides Enforcement Program. Should you have any questions, please contact Marcy Katzin of the Pesticides Office at (415) 947-4215.

Sincerely,

Katherine Taylor, Associate Director Communities and Ecosystems Division

cc: Betwin Alokoa John McCarroll Michael Wolfram Marcy Katzin

## **Fiscal Note**

### on

Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

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#### Bureau of Budget & Management Research Fiscal Note of Bill No. 441-30 (COR)

Bill Title (Preamble): AN ACT TO REPEAL AND ADOPT A NEW TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS.

Department/Agency Appr	opriation Information	
Dept./Agency Affected: Guam Environmental Protection Agency	Dept./Agency Head: Elizabeth T. Cruz	
Department's General Fund (GF) appropriation(s) to date:		-
Department's Other Fund (Specify) appropriation(s) to date:		874,618
Total Department/Agency Appropriation(s) to date:		\$874,618

	General Fund;	(Specify Special Fund):	Total:
FY 2009 Unreserved Fund Balance		· \$0	SC
FY 2010 Adopted Revenues	50	50	50
FY 2010 Appro. (P.L. 30-55 thru 30-156)	- S0	50	\$6
Sub-total:	50	50	SO
Less appropriation in Bill	50	\$0	50
Total:	50	50	50

	One Full Fiscal Year	For Remainder of FY 2010 (if applicable)	FY 2011	FY 2012		FY 2013	FY 2014	
General Fund	<b>S0</b>	<b>S</b> 0	\$0		<b>S</b> 0	\$0		9
(Specify Special Fund)	50	\$0	<b>S</b> 0	·	50	50		5
Total	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>		i secolar y	<u>50</u>	<u>\$0</u>		2
lf Yes, see attachn 2. Is amount appr	opriated adequate	erating" provisions? to fund the intent of th at required? S		/X/ N/A	121	/ / Yes / / Yes	/X / No / / No	
I. Does the Bill es If yes, will the p Is there a feder	tablish a new progr program daplicate o al mandate to estab	am/agency? xisting programs/agen lish the program/agen tire new physical facili	cies? cy?			/ / Yes / / Yes / / Yes / / Yes	/X / No / / No / / No /X / No	

4. Will the enactment of this Bill require new physical facilities?	3	/ / Yes	/X / No
5. Was Fiscal Note coordinated with the affected dept/agency? If n	o, indicate reason:	/ / Yes	/X / No
/ / Requested agency comments not received by due date	/ X/ Other: Time Con	straint	
al	110	dis	11
Analyst (s): Joe Certez Date: 08/11/2010	Director: for M. Duenge	Dipertor	\$11/10

Footnotes:

The Bill has a potential for additional funding impact, however in its present form that impact cannot be determined at this time.

# Committee on Rules Referral of

Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."



# COMMITTEE ON RULES *I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan* • 30th Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Place, Hagatña, Guam 96910 • tel: (671)472-7679 • fax: (671)472-3547 • roryforguam@gmail.com

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SENATOR						
RORY J.	August 3, 2	010				
RESPICIO	11484010) 2					
Chairperson	MEMORA	NDUM	2010			
Senator			) AL			
Judith P. Guthertz VICE	То:	Pat Santos	2010 AUG - 3			
CHAIRPERSON		Clerk of the Legislature				
MAJORITY		Attorney Therese M. Terlaje	PM			
MEMBERS:		Legislative Legal Counsel	÷			
Judith T. Won Pat			43			
Speaker	From:	Senator Rory J. Respicio	~ FC			
Benjamin J. F. Cruz	riom:	Chairperson, Committee on Rules	X			
VICE SPEAKER		Champerson, Commune on Nales				
Tina Rose Muña Barnes Legislative Secretary	Subject:	Referral of Bill No. 441-30 (LS)				
Thomas C. Ada	As Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, I am forwarding my referral of					
Senator		-30(COR), which falls under the jurisdicti tral Resources, Federal, Foreign, and Micro				
Frank B. Aguon, Jr.		As such, I will handle this matter according				
Senator			6-7			
Adolpho B. Palacios, Sr.		ly, request that the same be forwarded to	o all Senators of I Mina'			
Senator	Trenta Na Li	iheslaturan Guåhan.				
Vicente C. Pangelinan	Should you	have any questions, please contact Steph	anie Mendiola or Elaine			
Senator	Tajalle at 47					
MINORITY	,					
MEMBERS:	Si Yu'os Ma	'åse'!				
Frank F. Blas, Jr. Senator						
James V. Espaldon						
Senator						

(1) Attachment

Bill No.	Sponsor(s)	Title	Page 1 Date Introduced	Date	Committee Referred	Public Hearing Date	Date Committee Report Filed	Status (Date)
B441-30 (COR)	R. J. Respicio	An act to repeal and adopt a new Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15; and to amend 10 GCA Chapter 50 relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations	8/03/10 3:19 p.m.	8/03/10	Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs			

### I Mina'Trenta Na Liheslaturan Guåhan Bill Log Sheet

# Notices of Public Hearing on

Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

#### SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO Majority Leader

Chairperson Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

August 3, 2010

**MEMORANDUM** 

To: All Members / All Senators

From: Senator Rory J. Respice

Subject: First Notice of Public Hearing Tuesday, August 10, 2010 – 5:30 PM

Hafa Adai!

Please be advised that I will be conducting a public hearing on <u>Tuesday, August 10, 2010 at 5:30</u> <u>PM</u> in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room. This hearing is scheduled to receive public testimony on Bill No. 441-30 (COR) – "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

For further information, please contact our office at 472-7679. I look forward to your attendance and participation.

Si Yu'os ma'åse'!

cc: Sergeant-At-Arms/Protocol/AV Clerk of the Legislature MIS



Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

### 1st Notice of Public Hearing on Tue, Aug 10, 5:30 PM

#### Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

Tue, Aug 3, 2010 at 4:16 PM

To: judiguthertz@pticom.com, senatortonyada@guamlegislature.org, senjim@ite.net, "Adolpho B. Palacios" <senabpalacios@gmail.com>, Ben Pangelinan <senbenp@guam.net>, Benjamin JF Cruz <senadotbjcruz@gmail.com>, "Edward J.B. Calvo" <sencalvo@gmail.com>, "Frank B. Aguon, Jr." <aguon4guam@gmail.com>, "Frank F. Blas, Jr." <frank.blasjr@gmail.com>, Jimmy Espaldon <senator@espaldon.com>, Judi Won Pat <info@judiwonpat.com>, Ray Tenorio <ray@raytenorio.com>, "Rory J. Respicio" <roryforguam@gmail.com>, Telo Taitague <senatortelo@gmail.com>, Tina Muna Barnes <tinamunabarnes@gmail.com>, Tom Ada <tom@senatorada.org> Cc: andrasgrandma@yahoo.com, aokada@guamlegislature.org, bfartero@guamlegislature.org, bruce.lloyd.media@gmail.com, chris.budasi@guamlegislature.org, coy@senatorada.org, cyrus@senatorada.org, dcchaco@guamlegislature.org, doc.wyttenbachsantos@gmail.com, ed@raytenorio.com, edpocaigue@judiwonpat.com, edpocaigue@yahoo.com, epgogue@guamlegislature.org, epgogue@hotmail.com, fba irenem@yahoo.com, fbtorres@yahoo.com, gtmarcos612@yahoo.com, herbie@judiwonpat.com, hmcruz55@guam.net, jamespcastro@gmail.com, jcamacho@senatorada.org, jenniferdulla@gmail.com, jessica@raytenorio.com, jonatwork2010@gmail.com, josie.mendiola@gmail.com, joyunpingco@guamlegislature.org, juliette@senatorada.org, legislativesecretary1@gmail.com, lizama.frances@gmail.com, mark@judiwonpat.com, markaflague@gmail.com, maryfejeran@gmail.com, mcarlson@ite.net, mermae@raytenorio.com, mjperez48@yahoo.com, mona.duenas@gmail.com, natashaguon@hotmail.com, nenamillondaga@yahoo.com, patrickcepeda@hotmail.com, peterlg@gmail.com, pitcruz@yahoo.com, remytaijeron@yahoo.com, rlikeke05@gmail.com, rob.tupaz@gmail.com, roberto.phil@gmail.com, roeann@raytenorio.com, roland@judiwonpat.com, rsmuna45@gmail.com, rsmuna@yahoo.com, sahara@judiwonpat.com, santos222@gmail.com, sayama01@yahoo.com, smendiola@guamlegislature.org, stefcepeda@yahoo.com, tcamacho@senatorada.org, teddytaz 222@yahoo.com, tpmatanane@yahoo.com, trespicio@gmail.com, typhoonjvr@yahoo.com, vel.komiyama@yahoo.com, victoria.phillips@live.com, vguenga@judiwonpat.com, zunior0831@hotmail.com, anaaleah <anaaleah@yahoo.com>, bill phillips <phillipsguam@gmail.com>, Chelsa Muna-Brecht <cmunabrecht@guamlegislature.org>, Derick Hills <derickhills@live.com>, Ed LeonGuerrero <edleonguerrero@gmail.com>, Elaine Tajalle <etajalle@guamlegislature.org>, Frank Torres <fbtorres@judiwonpat.com>, Fred Burgos <feaburgos@gmail.com>, Gina Tabonares <aguonmedia@gmail.com>, Jay Sunga <ajsunga@senatorada.org>, Jose Cruz <josecruzjr17@yahoo.com>, Joy Unpingco <joyunpingco@gmail.com>, Julian Janssen <julian.c.janssen@gmail.com>, Lisa Cipollone <cipo@guamlegislature.org>, Mary Lou Wheeler <mlwheeler2000@yahoo.com>, Maya Alonso <maya@guamlegislature.org>, Mike Lidia <mike.lidia9@gmail.com>, Nicole Santos <nsantos@senatorada.org>, Patty Sablan <ptsablan59@gmail.com>, Phillip Leon Guerrero <phill@raytenorio.com>, ron teehan <rfteehan@yahoo.com>, Selina Onedera-Salas <sonedera-salas@guamlegislature.org>, "teddytaz@ite.net" <teddytaz@ite.net>, tinaokada <tinaokada@gmail.com>, Toby Castro <tcastro@guam.net>, Tony Quitugua <tq@guamlegislature.org>, Yong Pak <yong@guamlegislature.org>, Daniel Perez <dperez@guamlegislature.org>, Dorothy Cruz <dot@guamlegislature.org>, Elvy Mew <emew@guamlegislature.org>, Flo Terlaje <fterlaje@guamlegislature.org>, Maria Nieves Materne <nieves@guamlegislature.org>, Pat Santos <psantos@guamlegislature.org>, Rennae Perez <rennae@guamlegislature.org>, tunsiog@guamlegislature.org, Joe Leon Guerrero <sgtarms@guamlegislature.org>

#### Hafa Adai, All:

Please see attached memo from Senator Respicio regarding the public hearing on Bill 441 (Re: Guam Pesticide Regulations) scheduled for next Tues, Aug 10th at 5:30 PM in PH Room.

Si Yu'os ma'åse', Si Stephanie Stephanie E. Mendiola Research Analyst Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs I Mina' Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan The 30th Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Place Hagåtña, Guam 96910 Phone: (671) 472-7679 Fax: (671) 472-3547 E-mail: sem@guamlegislature.org

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2010.08.03\_Memo to All Sens\_RE-2010.08.10 PH Notice1.pdf 199K

#### SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO

MAJORITY LEADER

Chairperson Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

August 3, 2010 NEWS RELEASE

### SENATOR RESPICIO TO CONDUCT PUBLIC HEARING ON PESTICIDE REGULATIONS TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 2010 – 5:30 PM

(Hagåtña, Guam – For Immediate Release) Please be advised that Senator Rory Respicio, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs, will be conducting a **<u>public hearing on Tuesday</u>**, <u>**August 10, 2010 at 5:30 PM**</u> in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room. This hearing is scheduled to receive public testimony on his **Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** – "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

An electronic copy of Bill No. 441 can be found on the Guam Legislature's website at www.guamlegislature.com (see "Bills" / "Introduced" / "30<sup>th</sup>"). Hard copies can be obtained by visiting the Office of the Clerk of the Legislature. Testimony should be addressed to Senator Rory J. Respicio, Chairperson, and may be submitted via hand-delivery/mail to our office or our mailbox at the Main Legislature Building at 155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910; via e-mail to roryforguam@gmail.com; or via facsimile to (671) 472-3547.

Individuals requiring special accommodations, auxiliary aids, or services shall contact and submit their request to Elaine Tajalle at 472-7679.

###

For more information, please contact the Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio.



Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

### 1st Notice of Public Hearing on Tue, Aug 10, 5:30 PM

#### Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

Tue, Aug 3, 2010 at 4:18 PM

To: hottips@kuam.com, mvariety@pticom.com, news@guampdn.com, news@spbguam.com, scoop@guamnewswatch.com

Bcc: action@weareguahan.com, admin@weareguahan.com, clynt@spbguam.com, dcrisostomo@guampdn.com, dmgeorge@guampdn.com, dtamondong@guampdn.com, gdumat-ol@guampdn.com, gerry@mvguam.com, jason@kuam.com, jeff@marianasmedia.com, jesselujan27@yahoo.com, john@kuam.com, jtyquiengco@spbguam.com, kevin@spbguam.com, kstonews@ite.net, marvic@mvguam.com, mindy@kuam.com, mpieper@guampdn.com, nick.delgado@kuam.com, parroyo@k57.com, rgibson@k57.com, ricknauta@hitradio100.com, sabrina@kuam.com, slimtiaco@guampdn.com, thebigshow@k57.com, therese@mvguam.com, zita@mvguam.com, bill phillips <phillipsguam@gmail.com>, Elaine Tajalle <etajalle@guamlegislature.org>, Lannie Walker <lannie@kuam.com>, "Lee, Regine" <Regine.Lee@mail.house.gov>, Ronnie Perez <marketing@hitradio100.com>, "Rory J. Respicio" <roryforguam@gmail.com>, tinaokada <tinaokada@gmail.com>, William Gibson <br/>breakfastshowk57@gmail.com>

Hafa Adai, Newsrooms:

Pls see attached media release from Senator Rory Respicio who will be conducting a public hearing on Bill 441 (Re: Guam Pesticide Regulations) next Tuesday, August 10th at 5:30 PM in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room.

Si Yu'os ma'åse', Si Stephanie

Stephanie E. Mendiola Research Analyst Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs I Mina' Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan The 30th Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Place Hagåtña, Guam 96910 Phone: (671) 472-7679 Fax: (671) 472-3547 E-mail: <u>sem@guamlegislature.org</u>

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2010.08.03\_PR1\_PH-2010.08.10.pdf 177K

#### SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO

**MAJORITY LEADER** 

Chairperson Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

August 9, 2010

#### **MEMORANDUM**

To: All Members / All Senators

From: Senator Rory J. Respicio

Subject: Second Notice of Public Hearing Tuesday, August 10, 2010 – 5:30 PM

Hafa Adai!

As a reminder, please be advised that I will be conducting a public hearing on <u>Tuesday</u>, <u>August</u> <u>10, 2010 at 5:30 PM</u> in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room. This hearing is scheduled to receive public testimony on Bill No. 441-30 (COR) – "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

For further information, please contact our office at 472-7679. I look forward to your attendance and participation.

Si Yu'os ma'åse'!

cc: Sergeant-At-Arms/Protocol/AV Clerk of the Legislature MIS



Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

### 2nd Notice of Public Hearing on Tue, Aug 10, 5:30 PM

#### Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

Sun, Aug 8, 2010 at 2:32 PM

To: andrasgrandma@yahoo.com, aokada@guamlegislature.org, bfartero@guamlegislature.org, bruce.lloyd.media@gmail.com, chris.budasi@guamlegislature.org, coy@senatorada.org, cyrus@senatorada.org, dcchaco@guamlegislature.org, doc.wyttenbachsantos@gmail.com, ed@raytenorio.com, edpocaigue@judiwonpat.com, edpocaigue@yahoo.com, epgogue@guamlegislature.org, epgogue@hotmail.com, fba\_irenem@yahoo.com, fbtorres@yahoo.com, gtmarcos612@yahoo.com, herbie@judiwonpat.com, hmcruz55@guam.net, jamespcastro@gmail.com, jcamacho@senatorada.org, jenniferdulla@gmail.com, jessica@raytenorio.com, jonatwork2010@gmail.com, josie.mendiola@gmail.com, joyunpingco@guamlegislature.org, juliette@senatorada.org, legislativesecretary1@gmail.com, lizama.frances@gmail.com, mark@judiwonpat.com, markaflague@gmail.com, maryfejeran@gmail.com, mcarlson@ite.net, mermae@raytenorio.com, mjperez48@yahoo.com, mona.duenas@gmail.com, natashaguon@hotmail.com, nenamillondaga@yahoo.com, patrickcepeda@hotmail.com, peterlg@gmail.com, pitcruz@yahoo.com, remytaijeron@yahoo.com, rlikeke05@gmail.com, rob.tupaz@gmail.com, roberto.phil@gmail.com, roeann@raytenorio.com, roland@judiwonpat.com, rsmuna45@gmail.com, rsmuna@yahoo.com, sahara@judiwonpat.com, santos222@gmail.com, sayama01@yahoo.com, smendiola@guamlegislature.org, stefcepeda@yahoo.com, tcamacho@senatorada.org, teddytaz 222@yahoo.com, tpmatanane@yahoo.com, typhoonjvr@yahoo.com, vel.komiyama@yahoo.com, victoria.phillips@live.com, vquenga@judiwonpat.com, zunior0831@hotmail.com, anaaleah <anaaleah@yahoo.com>, bill phillips <phillipsguam@gmail.com>, Chelsa Muna-Brecht <cmunabrecht@guamlegislature.org>, Derick Hills <derickhills@live.com>, Ed LeonGuerrero <edleonguerrero@gmail.com>, Elaine Tajalle <etajalle@guamlegislature.org>, Frank Torres <fbtorres@judiwonpat.com>, Fred Burgos <feaburgos@gmail.com>, Gina Tabonares <aguonmedia@gmail.com>, Jay Sunga <ajsunga@senatorada.org>, Jose Cruz <josecruzjr17@yahoo.com>, Joy Unpingco <joyunpingco@gmail.com>, Julian Janssen <julian.c.janssen@gmail.com>, Lisa Cipollone <cipo@guamlegislature.org>, Mary Lou Wheeler <mlwheeler2000@yahoo.com>, Maya Alonso <maya@guamlegislature.org>, Mike Lidia <mike.lidia9@gmail.com>, Nicole Santos <nsantos@senatorada.org>, Patty Sablan <ptsablan59@gmail.com>, Phillip Leon Guerrero <phill@raytenorio.com>, ron teehan <rfteehan@yahoo.com>, Selina Onedera-Salas <sonedera-salas@guamlegislature.org>, "teddytaz@ite.net" <teddytaz@ite.net>, tinaokada <tinaokada@gmail.com>, Toby Castro <tcastro@guam.net>, Tony Quitugua <tg@guamlegislature.org> Cc: Darryl Bearce <darryl@guamlegislature.org>, Yong Pak <yong@guamlegislature.org>, Daniel Perez <dperez@guamlegislature.org>, Dorothy Cruz <dot@guamlegislature.org>, Elvy Mew <emew@guamlegislature.org>, Flo Terlaje <fterlaje@guamlegislature.org>, Maria Nieves Materne <nieves@guamlegislature.org>, Pat Santos <psantos@guamlegislature.org>, Rennae Perez <rennae@quamlegislature.org>, tunsiog@guamlegislature.org, Joe Leon Guerrero

<sgtarms@guamlegislature.org>

Hafa Adai, All:

Please see attached memo from Senator Respicio regarding a reminder notice of the public hearing on Bill 441 (Re: Guam Pesticide Regulations) scheduled for next Tues, Aug 10th at 5:30 PM in the PH Room.

Si Yu'os ma'åse', Si Stephanie

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Stephanie E. Mendiola Research Analyst Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs I Mina' Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan The 30th Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Place Hagåtña, Guam 96910 Phone: (671) 472-7679 Fax: (671) 472-3547 E-mail: sem@guamlegislature.org

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2010.08.09\_Memo to All Sens\_RE-2010.08.10 PH Notice2.pdf 198K

#### SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO

Majority Leader

Chairperson Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

August 8, 2010 NEWS RELEASE

### SENATOR RESPICIO TO CONDUCT PUBLIC HEARING ON PESTICIDE REGULATIONS TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 2010 – 5:30 PM

(Hagåtña, Guam – For Immediate Release) As a reminder, please be advised that Senator Rory Respicio will be conducting a **<u>public hearing on Tuesday, August 10,</u>** <u>2010 at 5:30 PM</u> in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room. This hearing is scheduled to receive public testimony on his **Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** – "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* **Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations.**"

An electronic copy of Bill No. 441 can be found on the Guam Legislature's website at www.guamlegislature.com (see "Bills" / "Introduced" / "30<sup>th</sup>"). Hard copies can be obtained by visiting the Office of the Clerk of the Legislature. Testimony should be addressed to Senator Rory J. Respicio, Chairperson, and may be submitted via hand-delivery/mail to our office or our mailbox at the Main Legislature Building at 155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910; via e-mail to roryforguam@gmail.com; or via facsimile to (671) 472-3547.

Individuals requiring special accommodations, auxiliary aids, or services shall contact and submit their request to Elaine Tajalle at 472-7679.

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For more information, please contact the Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio.



Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

### 2nd Notice of Public Hearing on Tue, Aug 10, 5:30 PM

#### Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

Sun, Aug 8, 2010 at 2:35 PM

To: hottips@kuam.com, mvariety@pticom.com, news@guampdn.com, news@spbguam.com, scoop@guamnewswatch.com

Bcc: action@weareguahan.com, admin@weareguahan.com, clynt@spbguam.com, dcrisostomo@guampdn.com, dmgeorge@guampdn.com, dtamondong@guampdn.com, gdumat-ol@guampdn.com, gerry@mvguam.com, jason@kuam.com, jeff@marianasmedia.com, jesselujan27@yahoo.com, john@kuam.com, jtyquiengco@spbguam.com, kevin@spbguam.com, kstonews@ite.net, marvic@mvguam.com, mindy@kuam.com, mpieper@guampdn.com, nick.delgado@kuam.com, parroyo@k57.com, rgibson@k57.com, ricknauta@hitradio100.com, sabrina@kuam.com, slimtiaco@guampdn.com, thebigshow@k57.com, therese@mvguam.com, zita@mvguam.com, bill phillips <phillipsguam@gmail.com>, Elaine Tajalle <etajalle@guamlegislature.org>, Lannie Walker <lannie@kuam.com>, "Lee, Regine"

Hafa Adai, Newsrooms:

As a reminder, Senator Rory Respicio will be conducting a public hearing on Bill 441 (Re: Guam Pesticide Regulations) next Tuesday, August 10th at 5:30 PM in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room. Please see attached media release for more info.

Si Yu'os ma'åse', Si Stephanie

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Stephanie E. Mendiola Research Analyst Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs I Mina' Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan The 30th Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Place Hagåtña, Guam 96910 Phone: (671) 472-7679 Fax: (671) 472-3547 E-mail: sem@guamlegislature.org

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2010.08.08\_PR2\_PH-2010.08.10.pdf 177K

#### SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO

**MAJORITY LEADER** 

Chairperson Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

August 3, 2010

VIA E-MAIL bradley.dunagan@epa.guam.gov

**Mr. Bradley Dunagan** Acting Administrator Guam Environmental Protection Agency P.O. Box 22439 GMF Barrigada, Guam 96921

#### RE: Notice of Public Hearing – Tuesday, August 10, 2010 – 5:30 PM

Hafa Adai Mr. Dunagan:

Please be advised that as the Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs, I will be conducting a public hearing on **Tuesday**, **August 10, 2010 at 5:30 PM** in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room. This hearing is scheduled to receive public testimony on **Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** – "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* **Title 22**, **Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations.**" An electronic copy of Bill No. 414 can be found on the Guam Legislature's website at www.guamlegislature.com (see "Bills" / "Introduced" / "30<sup>th</sup>").

In your capacity as the Acting Administrator of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency, I encourage you to appear before this committee and provide testimony on Bill No. 441. Please feel free to extend this invitation to other interested members of our community. Testimony should be addressed to Senator Rory J. Respicio, Chairperson, Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs; and may be hand-delivered or mailed to the Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio at 155 Hesler Place, Hagatna, Guam 96910; e-mailed to roryforguam@gmail.com; or faxed to (671) 472-3547. For more information, please contact our office at 472-7679. I look forward to your attendance and participation.

Very truly yours,

Rory J. Respicio

cc: Guam EPA Board of Directors

155 Hesler Place • Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547 • roryforguam@gmail.com



Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

### Notice of Public Hearing on Tue, Aug 10, 5:30 PM

#### Stephanie Mendiola <sem@guamlegislature.org>

Tue, Aug 3, 2010 at 4:21 PM

To: Bradley Dunagan <bradley.dunagan@epa.guam.gov>

Cc: Sabrina Sablan <sabrina.cruzsablan@epa.guam.gov>, Betwin Alokoa <betwin.alokoa@epa.guam.gov>, Karl Olson <karl.olson@epa.guam.gov>, Edgardo Ibay <edgardo.ibay@epa.guam.gov>

Hafa Adai, Mr. Dunagan:

Please see attached letter of invitation from Senator Rory Respicio to the public hearing on Bill 441 (Re: Guam Pesticide Regulations), which is scheduled for next Tuesday, August 10th at 5:30 PM in the Legislature's Public Hearing Room. A copy of Bill 441 is attached for your easy reference.

Ms. Sabrina: Please be sure Board Chairman George Lai and all members receive a copy of this notice.

Si Yu'os ma'åse', Si Stephanie

Stephanie E. Mendiola Research Analyst Office of Senator Rory J. Respicio Committee on Rules, Natural Resources, and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs I Mina' Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan The 30th Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Place Hagåtña, Guam 96910 Phone: (671) 472-7679 Fax: (671) 472-3547 E-mail: sem@guamlegislature.org

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#### 2 attachments

2010.08.03\_Ltr to B.Dunagan, GEPA\_RE-2010.08.10 PH.pdf 203K

B441-RJR (RE-Pesticide Regs).pdf 2145K

# Agenda for Public Hearing on

Bill No. 441-30 (COR) As Introduced (Sponsored By: R.J. Respicio)

"An Act to *Repeal* and *Adopt* a *New* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 Relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

#### SENATOR RORY J. RESPICIO

**MAJORITY LEADER** 

CHAIRPERSON Committee on Rules, Natural Resources and Federal, Foreign & Micronesian Affairs



I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan THIRTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

#### PUBLIC HEARING Tues, August 10, 2010 • 5:30 PM Legislature's Public Hearing Room • Hagåtña, Guam

#### AGENDA

- I. Call to Order
- II. Announcements
- III. Items for Public Consideration

**a. Bill No. 441-30 (COR)** – R. J. Respicio - "An act to *repeal* and *adopt* a *new* Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III, Chapter 15 relative to the Guam Environmental Protection Agency's Pesticide Regulations."

- IV. Remarks
- V. Adjournment

155 Hesler Place • Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547 • roryforguam@gmail.com

Electronic copies of the aforementioned bills can be found on the Guam Legislature's website at www.guamlegislature.com (see "Bills" / "Introduced" / "30<sup>th</sup>"). Hard copies can be obtained by visiting the Office of the Clerk of the Legislature. Testimony should be addressed to Senator Rory J. Respicio, Chairperson, and may be submitted via hand-delivery to our office or our mailbox at the Main Legislature Building at 155 Hesler Place, Hagatna, Guam 96910, via e-mail to roryforguam@gmail.com, or via facsimile to (671) 472-3547. Individuals requiring special accommodations, auxiliary aids, or services shall contact and submit their request to Stephanie Mendiola or Elaine Tajalle at our office. For further information, please call 472-7679. We look forward to your attendance and participation. Si Yu'os ma'åse'!

#### I MINA' TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2010 (SECOND) Regular Session

Bill No.  $\frac{441}{-30}$  (COR)

Introduced by:

ed by: AN ACT TO REPEAL AND ADOPT A NEW TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

J

PN 3: 19

#### **1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS.

SECTION 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds that the current provisions of the Pesticides Regulations in Title 22, Division III, Chapter 15 of Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations (GARR) were established in 1981. The 1997 version that is available from the Compiler of Laws is a re-numbering of the 1981 version, however, no substance was changed.

These regulations have been reviewed and revised by the Guam Environmental Protection Agency (GEPA), in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Law, and based on the authority of the Agency granted pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The Guam Pesticides Act". The new regulations proposed for adoption in this Act are an updated version of the 1981 regulations, which have been amended to reflect current environmental concerns and conditions.

I	These regulations were passed by the Guam Environmental Protection Agency
2	("GEPA") on May 12, 2010 and transmitted to I Liheslaturan Guåhan for consideration on
3	May 17, 2010. After further review of the documents, GEPA provided technical
4	amendments and clarifying language to the Committee on Natural Resources to
5	incorporate into the adopted version of the regulations.
6	It is the intent of I Liheslatura to repeal Title 22, GARR, Division III, Chapter 15
7	and to replace said chapter with the pesticide regulations adopted in this Act, attached
8	herein as "Appendix 1".
9	It is also the intent of <i>I Liheslatura</i> to <i>amend</i> portions of 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The
10	Guam Pesticides Act" to accurately reflect the changes made to the new regulations.
11	SECTION 2. Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III,
12	Chapter 15 is hereby <i>repealed</i> . Hereby <i>adopted</i> in its place are the provisions set forth in
12 13	Chapter 15 is hereby <i>repealed</i> . Hereby <i>adopted</i> in its place are the provisions set forth in "Appendix 1".
13	"Appendix 1".
13 14	"Appendix 1". SECTION 3. 10 GCA §50102(9) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:
13 14 15	<ul> <li>"Appendix 1".</li> <li>SECTION 3. 10 GCA §50102(9) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:</li> <li>"(9) <i>Certified Pesticide Applicator shall</i> mean any individual who is certified under</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>"Appendix 1".</li> <li>SECTION 3. 10 GCA §50102(9) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:</li> <li>"(9) <i>Certified Pesticide Applicator shall</i> mean any individual who is certified under regulations promulgated under this Chapter to use <i>or</i> to supervise the use of <del>restricted</del></li> </ul>
13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>"Appendix 1".</li> <li>SECTION 3. 10 GCA §50102(9) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:</li> <li>"(9) <i>Certified Pesticide Applicator shall</i> mean any individual who is certified under</li> <li>regulations promulgated under this Chapter to use <i>or</i> to supervise the use of restricted</li> <li>use pesticides, and shall include, but not be limited to:</li> </ul>

.

1	applicator's employer or (if applied without compensation other than trading of
2	personal services between producers of agricultural commodities) on the property of
3	another person;
4	(b) Commercial applicator shall mean an applicator who uses or supervises the use
5	of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use for any purpose or on any
6	property other than as provided in 9(a).
7	<b>SECTION 4.</b> 10 GCA §50107(c) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:
8	(c) Certification. Every person who applies restricted use pesticides as their
9	occupational duties shall obtain certification from the Agency pursuant to regulations
10	promulgated under this Chapter, which shall be valid for three (3) years. Every person
11	who applies any restricted use pesticides must be Core Training Certified, and who is
12	not a certified applicator if not Category Certified, must be under the direct supervision
13	of a <u>Category C</u> eertified applicator.
14	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 10 GCA §50107(d) is hereby <i>repealed</i> .
15	SECTION 6. Effective Date. Except for §15602(a) "Basic Training" and
16	§15703(b) "Basic Training Certification Cards", the provisions of this Act shall be
17	effective upon enactment. The provisions set forth in §15602(a) and §15703(b) shall be
18	effective on October 1, 2011.

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#### I MINA' TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2010 (SECOND) Regular Session

Bill No.  $\frac{44}{-30}$  (COR)

Introduced by:

R.J. RESPICIO

2010

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AN ACT TO *REPEAL* AND *ADOPT* A *NEW* TITLE 22, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 RELATIVE TO THE GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S PESTICIDE REGULATIONS.

#### **1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

2 SECTION 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that the current provisions of the Pesticides Regulations in Title 22, Division III, Chapter 15 3 of Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations (GARR) were established in 1981. The 4 1997 version that is available from the Compiler of Laws is a re-numbering of the 1981 5 6 version, however, no substance was changed. These regulations have been reviewed and revised by the Guam Environmental 7 Protection Agency (GEPA), in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Law, 8 and based on the authority of the Agency granted pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter 50 -9 "The Guam Pesticides Act". The new regulations proposed for adoption in this Act are 10 an updated version of the 1981 regulations, which have been amended to reflect current 11

12 environmental concerns and conditions.

1	These regulations were passed by the Guam Environmental Protection Agency
2	("GEPA") on May 12, 2010 and transmitted to I Liheslaturan Guåhan for consideration on
3	May 17, 2010. After further review of the documents, GEPA provided technical
4	amendments and clarifying language to the Committee on Natural Resources to
5	incorporate into the adopted version of the regulations.
6	It is the intent of I Liheslatura to repeal Title 22, GARR, Division III, Chapter 15
7	and to replace said chapter with the pesticide regulations adopted in this Act, attached
8	herein as "Appendix 1".
9	It is also the intent of <i>I Liheslatura</i> to <i>amend</i> portions of 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The
10	Guam Pesticides Act" to accurately reflect the changes made to the new regulations.
11	SECTION 2. Title 22, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, Division III,
12	Chapter 15 is hereby <i>repealed</i> . Hereby <i>adopted</i> in its place are the provisions set forth in
13	"Appendix 1".
14	SECTION 3. 10 GCA §50102(9) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:
15	"(9) Certified Pesticide Applicator shall mean any individual who is certified under
16	regulations promulgated under this Chapter to use or to supervise the use of restricted
17	use pesticides. <del>, and <i>shall</i> include, but <i>not be limited to:</i></del>
18	(a) Private applicator shall mean a certified applicator who uses or supervises the
19	use of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use for purposes of producing any
20	agricultural commodity on property owned or leased by the applicator or the

1	applicator's employer or (if applied without compensation other than trading of
2	personal services between producers of agricultural commodities) on the property of
3	another person;
4	(b) Commercial applicator shall mean an applicator who uses or supervises the use
5	of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use for any purpose or on any
6	property other than as provided in 9(a).
7	<b>SECTION 4.</b> 10 GCA §50107(c) is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:
8	(c) Certification. Every person who applies restricted use pesticides as their
9	occupational duties shall obtain certification from the Agency pursuant to regulations
10	promulgated under this Chapter, which shall be valid for three (3) years. Every person
11	who applies any restricted use pesticides <u>must be Core Training Certified</u> , and <del>who is</del>
12	not a certified applicator if not Category Certified, must be under the direct supervision
13	of a <u>Category C</u> eertified applicator.
14	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 10 GCA §50107(d) is hereby <i>repealed</i> .
15	SECTION 6. Effective Date. Except for §15602(a) "Basic Training" and
16	§15703(b) "Basic Training Certification Cards", the provisions of this Act shall be
17	effective upon enactment. The provisions set forth in §15602(a) and §15703(b) shall be
18	effective on October 1, 2011.

#### 22 GARR - Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 1 General Provisions

- 1 §15101. Words in Singular Form.
- 2 §15102. Definitions.
- 3 §15101. Words in Singular Form.

For purposes of this Chapter, words used in the singular form *shall* include the
plural and vice-versa, as appropriate.

6 §15102. Definitions.

7 Terms and expressions used in this Chapter but not defined below, *shall* have the
8 meanings set forth in 10 GCA §50102. For purposes of this Chapter, the following terms
9 and expressions *shall* have the meanings set forth below:

(a) *Act shall* mean "The Guam Pesticides Act" of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated,
Chapter 50 as enacted in 2007 by Public Law 29-26.

(b) 'Agricultural Commodity Applicator' shall mean a person who applies any pesticide
on or around any agricultural commodity.

(c) 'Agricultural Establishment' shall mean a farm, plant nursery, greenhouse or forest
 area.

(d) 'Agricultural Operator' shall mean any person such as a landowner, grower, lease
 holder or pesticide applicator who is responsible for management or condition of an
 agricultural establishment that hires or uses such persons. Agricultural operator

#### APPENDIX 1 Page 1

includes any person who hires, contracts for or uses the services of any person 1 2 (compensated or uncompensated) to perform activities related to the production of 3 agricultural plants.

- 4 (e) "Basic Training" shall mean a type of pesticide training for certain applicants handling general use pesticides. *Basic Training* is divided into two categories: 5
- 6

(1) "Basic Training-A" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves a 7 four (4) hour training course and an open-book exam.

8 (2) "Basic Training-B" shall mean a type of pesticide training which involves an 9 eight (8) hour training course and a closed-book exam.

(f) 'Body of Water' shall mean any surface water resource within the borders of Guam 10 11 including, but not limited to lakes, rivers, streams, bays, lagoons, harbors, intertidal 12 areas, wetlands and coastal ocean waters.

(g) 'Category Training' shall mean a specialized type of training for the use, or 13 14 supervision of the use of, restricted use pesticides.

(h) Certification shall refer to 15

- (1) The process which an individual must successfully complete in order to be 16 17 authorized to use, or supervise the use of, pesticides; or
- 18 (2) The successful completion of the process which an individual must
- 19 successfully complete in order to be authorized to use, or supervise the
- use of, pesticides, 20

21 as appropriate to the context in which the term appears.

(i) 'Certification Card' shall mean an identification card issued by Guam EPA to an 22 23 individual, evidencing that he has successfully completed the process required for an individual to be authorized to use or supervise the use of pesticides. 24

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#### **APPENDIX 1** Page 2

(j) 'Certified Pesticide Sales Manager' shall mean a person in charge of the sale of

restricted use pesticides and who has successfully passed an examination of any
 category to qualify for that position.

3 (k) *Chemigation shall* mean the application of pesticides through any type of
4 irrigation system including any sprinkler, food, furrow, drip or greenhouse system.

5 (1) 'Competent person' shall mean a person who is qualified to perform functions 6 associated with pesticide application; the degree of capability required being directly 7 related to the nature of the activity and the associated responsibility. A *competent person* 8 must have successfully completed the appropriate training and must have obtained the 9 appropriate certification card from Guam EPA.

(m) *Dealer shall* mean any person, company or corporation engaged in the business
 of purchasing and selling restricted and/or general use pesticide products or devices.

(n) *Distributor shall* mean any company other than a *dealer* or *sales outlet* that sells
only general use pesticides or devices.

(o) 'Federal Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of federal
law, especially "The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Rodenticide Act", and/or any and
all applicable provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

17 (p) '*Guam EPA' shall* mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.

(q) *Hazard shall* mean a situation where there exists a possibility that a given
pesticide will cause injury or have an adverse effect on the environment.

(r) '*Keep Out of Reach of Children' shall* mean that children under the age of seventeen
(17) *shall* not open or remove pesticides without parental supervision.

(s) 'Local Requirement' shall refer to any and all applicable provisions of Guam law,
especially "The Guam Pesticides Act", and/or any and all applicable provisions of this
Chapter.

25

(t) 'Non-Refillable Container' shall mean a container that is designed and constructed

for one time containment of a pesticide for sale or distribution. Reconditioned
 containers are considered to be *non-refillable containers*.

3 (u) Owner shall mean any person who has present possessory interest (fee, leasehold,
4 rental or other) in any type of operation that uses, sells and/or distributes pesticides.

(v) 'Pest Control Operator (PCO)' shall mean a company that provides pest control
activities for hire and that has obtained a PCO license from Guam EPA.

7 (w) *Program shall* mean the Guam EPA Pesticide Enforcement Program.

8 (x) '*Refillable Container' shall* mean a container that is intended by the registrant of
9 the pesticide to be filled with pesticide more than once for sale or distribution.

10 (y) *Respondent shall* mean an alleged violator.

(z) 'Sales Outlet' shall mean a location where any restricted use pesticide is sold or
distributed; or kept or stored for sale or distribution; and where records of such sales
and distribution are kept.

(aa) *'Treated Article' shall* mean an article or substance treated with or containing a
 pesticide to protect the integrity of the article or substance itself treated with a pesticide
 if the pesticide is registered for such use.

(bb) 'Under the Direct Supervision of a Category Certified Applicator' shall refer to a situation in which a restricted use pesticide is applied by a Core Training certified applicator acting under the instructions, control and direct supervision of a Category Certified applicator, who is required to be physically present on-site and observing the application of the RUP at the time of the application. The person supervising must be certified for the type of pesticide application he is directly supervising.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 2 Sale of Pesticides

1 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.

2 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

3 §15201. Registration, Label and Labeling Requirements.

Every pesticide product sold and distributed in Guam must be registered with USEPA and *shall* bear a label or labeling conforming to 10 GCA §50108 and all applicable local and federal requirements. All persons must maintain the integrity of the original pesticide label or labeling, including legibility and completeness.

8 §15202. Sale of Restricted Use Pesticides.

9 No restricted use pesticide *shall* be sold to a person who is not a certified 10 pesticide applicator.

11 (a) Dealers and Sales Outlets.

12 (1) Dealer's License Required. No person *shall* sell a restricted use pesticide
13 unless he has obtained a dealer's license from Guam EPA.

(2) Certified Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) Required. Each dealer and
sales outlet *shall* have a CPSM, who must hold a valid certification card by Guam EPA
in any category training. The name of each CPSM *shall* be submitted together with the
application for a dealer's license for each sales outlet. The Administrator must be
notified in writing by the owner of the sales outlet within fifteen (15) working days of

1 any change of personnel in this position.

## 2 (b) Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements.

3 Dealers and sales outlets *shall* keep a monthly record of each sale of each 4 restricted use pesticide. Dealers and sales outlets *shall* prepare sales records in 5 duplicate. Such records *shall* include: the name, address, and certification number of 6 the purchaser; the expiration date of the purchaser's certification; the date of sale; the 7 USEPA Registration number, quantity, and brand name of RUPs sold; and the CPSM's 8 signature, which must be affixed at the time of the sale transaction.

9 The original copies of the monthly sales records *shall* be submitted to the 10 Administrator within five (5) working days after the end of each month. The duplicate 11 copies *shall* be kept for a period of two (2) years at the physical location where the sale 12 transactions took place.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 3 Use of Pesticides

1	§15301.	<b>Record Keeping</b>	and Reporting	Requirements	for Application.
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- 2 §15302. Disposal.
- 3 §15303. Storage and Display.
- 4 §15304. Transportation.
- 5 §15305. Notice of Intent.
- 6 §15306. Posting of Signs.
- 7 §15307. Special Requirements for Foggers.
- 8 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.
- 9 §15309. Worker Protection Standards.

#### 10 §15301. Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements for Application.

11 Record keeping is required for all applicators who apply any amount of 12 restricted use pesticides. Applicators *shall* keep and maintain, for the period of at least 13 two (2) years, routine operational records, copies of which *shall* be provided by the 14 applicant to the site manager or facility owner. Such records *shall* include the following 15 information:

# (a) The name, address, and certification number of the person who applied thepesticide;

18 **(b)** The expiration date of the applicator's certification;

1 (c) The name and address of the entity for whom the pesticide was applied;

2 (d) The USEPA registration number and trade (or common) name of each pesticide
3 applied;

4 (e) The date, time, location, and method of pesticide application;

5 **(f)** Target pests;

6 **(g)** Target site (i.e., the specific crop (or commodity), residence, school, etc...); and

7 (h) Where or how any rinsate, remaining pesticide and/or the pesticide container is8 stored or disposed of.

9 §15302. Disposal.

Pesticides, empty containers (or parts thereof), or equipment that holds (or has held) a pesticide, *shall* not be emptied or disposed of in such a manner that may present a hazard to persons, animals (especially bees), food, feed, crops or property.

Empty non-refillable pesticide containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to render useless. To dispose of any non-refillable pesticide container that cannot be triple rinsed and punctured, the user must follow directions on the container's pesticide label.

16

17 Empty refillable containers must be triple rinsed and punctured to be rendered18 useless if such container is not being returned to an authorized refiller.

Pesticides that are considered hazardous waste must be disposed of inaccordance with all applicable local and federal requirements.

21 **§15303.** 

#### Storage and Display.

No person *shall* store or display pesticides in violation of the USEPA-accepted label or labeling or local or federal requirements. All pesticides must be stored in the following manner:

25

#### APPENDIX 1 Page 8

(a) No pesticide, empty pesticide container (or parts thereof), or equipment that

1 holds (or has held) a pesticide *shall* be stored, displayed, or left unattended under2 conditions:

- 3 (1) Where food, food containers, animal feed or any other products are likely
  4 to become contaminated; or
- 5 (2) That may create a hazard or cause injury to humans, vegetation, crops,
  6 live-stock, wildlife, beneficial insects or aquatic life.
- 7 **(b)** Pesticides must be stored in a locked, well-ventilated, cool and dry storage area.
- 8 (c) Restricted Use Pesticide storage areas must be posted with a warning sign that
  9 states any, all, or any combination, of the following statements, as applicable:
- 10 **(1)** "Danger";
- 11 (2) "Poison Storage Area";
- 12 (3) "All Unauthorized Persons Keep Out"; or
- 13 (4) "Keep Door Locked When Not In Use".

(d) Pesticides must not be stored in places where flooding is possible or in places
where pesticides might spill or leak into wells, drains, groundwater, or any body of
water.

(e) Pesticides must be stored or displayed in such a way that they are kept out ofreach of children and pets.

(f) Pesticides must not be stored near flammable liquids or solids; or near a sourceof ignition including, but not limited to, a furnace, car, gas grill, or lawnmower.

(g) Pesticides must be stored in their original containers with the complete original
label, which includes, but is not limited to, the USEPA Registration number &
establishment number, ingredient statement, directions for use, personal protective
equipment and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.

25 (h) Pesticides must not be transferred to any container including, but not limited to,

1 soft drink bottles or other food or drink containers other than proper mixing and 2 application equipment.

3 (i) Pesticides must not be stored near incompatible chemicals.

4 §15304. Transportation.

Pest Control Operators transporting pesticides must have a company logo readily 5 recognizable to the public on all vehicles used for such transportation. Such vehicles 6 7 shall not be used for transportation of passengers and pets until such time that the 8 pesticides have been removed and the vehicle or pesticide equipment in the vehicle 9 have been properly sanitized.

§15305. 10

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#### Notice of Intent.

11 (a) Notice of Intent: Structural Pesticide Application (NOI: SPA). Any person 12 intending to perform structural pesticide applications for termites (including pre- or 13 post- construction treatments to soil), must submit a notice of intent for structural 14 pesticide prior to the proposed application.

- 15 (1) NOI: SPA Form. The NOI: SPA shall be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
- (A) The date and time of proposed application; and 17
- 18 **(B)** Information on the pesticide to be used:
- 19 (i) A Copy of the label or labeling on the container for each pesticide 20 to be used;
- (ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and 21
- 22 (iii) A description of the proposed application method;
- 23 (C) Information on the applicator:
- 24 (i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide 25 applicator involved in the project; and

1	(ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
2	application;
3	<b>(D)</b> Information on the application site:
4	(i) The physical address of the application site, including a map to
5	the site and the site lot number;
6	(ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area
7	to be treated;
8	(iii) A map showing all bodies of water within one thousand (1,000)
9	feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional
10	information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected.
11	(2) NOI: SPA General Requirements. Prior to any termite and other soil
12	applications, the applicator must ensure that:
13	(A) After the chemical pesticide application is completed, the treated
14	area is adequately protected from the elements to protect rainwater from
15	reaching the treated area.
16	(B) If the treated area is to be covered with concrete, the concrete must
17	be poured <i>no later than</i> twelve (12) hours after the application is completed.
18	Should it be determined that the proposed pesticide's physical-chemical
19	characteristics such as solubility, adsorption, volatility and degradation indicate
20	potential for adverse impact to surface and ground water of Guam, the
21	applicator must find a suitable less toxic or lower risk alternative for termite
22	treatment at the proposed site. Any alternative pesticide used must meet federal
23	and local requirements for the intended use.
24	(b) Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation (NOI: SF). Any person intending to
25	perform fumigation of any structure including, but not limited to, buildings and any

1	fumigation of soil, must submit a notice of intent for structural fumigation to the
2	Agency prior to the proposed application.
3	(1) NOI: SF Form. The NOI: SF shall be on a form prescribed by the
4	Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
5	(A) The date and time of proposed application; and
6	<b>(B)</b> Information on the pesticide to be used:
7	(i) A Copy of the label or labeling on the container for each pesticide
8	to be used;
9	(ii) A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
10	(iii) A description of the equipment to be used;
11	<b>(C)</b> Information on the applicator:
12	(i) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide
13	applicator involved in the project; and
14	(ii) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
15	application;
16	<b>(D)</b> Information on the application site:
17	(i) The physical address of the application site;
18	(ii) A description of the application site, including the size of the area
19	to be treated;
20	(iii) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
21	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
22	(iv) A map showing all bodies of water and wells within seventy-five
23	(75) feet of the application site. The Administrator may require additional
24	information to ensure that waters of Guam are protected.
25	(E) General Information on the Project:

1 (i) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the 2 project manager; 3 (ii) Description or history of the company's work experience with 4 using the fumigant that is proposed for application; 5 (iii) A standard operating procedure for the project; 6 (iv) A health and safety plan; 7 (v) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management 8 Plan by the product label; 9 (vi) A listing of the target pests. 10 (2) NOI: SF General Requirements. (A) All affected parties must be notified as required by the pesticide label 11 for the product to be used. 12 13 (B) The Pest Control Operator must provide written notices to all occupants of residential homes and businesses that are located within 14 seventy-five (75) feet of the proposed application. If the application area is a 15 16 single-owner complex with multiple units, then The PCO must inform the owner and manager of the site to be fumigated. Notices to the residents must 17 18 be made by the applicator at least fourteen (14) days prior to the fumigation project. The fourteen (14) day deadline may be reduced to two (2) days for 19 boat applications that require immediate treatments. 20 21 (C) A Pest Control Company who proposes to apply a fumigant must 22 have in its possession an occupant's fumigation notice that has been signed 23 by the occupant(s) or the designated agent of the structure. The occupant's fumigation notice must state the pest to be controlled, the proposed 24 25 pesticide(s) to be applied including the active ingredients and the registration

number, and all applicable precautionary statements. This form must state
that the lethal gas will be used in the building on indicated dates, and that it
is unsafe to return to the building until a notice of re-entry is posted by the
licensee in charge of the fumigation. The owner or his designee should
receive a copy of the occupant's fumigation notice.

6 **(D)** *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fumigation application, the PCO 7 must place a copy of the NOI: SF at the primary entrance of the building or 8 structure to be fumigated. The NOI: SF must remain posted throughout the 9 fumigation process. The NOI: SF must be removed by the PCO after the PCO 10 renders it safe to enter.

11 **§15306**.

Posting of Signs.

(a) **RUP-Treated Areas.** *At least* one (1) hour prior to any restricted use pesticide application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written in the English language, are posted within fifty (50) feet of all entrances leading to the application site. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the label or labeling.

The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is completed.

(b) Public Right-of-Way or Roadside Areas. At least one (1) hour prior to any pesticide application on or along a roadside, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs are posted *at least* one (1) hour prior to the pesticide application. Signs

must be written in the English language and must be visible from all usual points of entry to the treated area including each access road, border, footpath and other walking route that leads to the treated area. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated area or in any other location affording maximum visibility. The signs must include the appropriate wording, as indicated on the label or labeling.

7 The signs must stay in place for the duration of any label mandated "Re-Entry 8 Interval" (REI) and must be removed after the REI has expired. In the event that the 9 pesticide does not have a label mandated REI, applicators must leave the signs in place 10 for *at least* one (1) hour after the application is completed; or until pesticide residues are 11 dry and *no longer than* twenty-four (24) hours after the pesticide application is 12 completed.

(c) Structural Fumigation Application. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fumigation
application, the project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written
in the English language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs,
which must be readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include
the following information:

18 (1) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FUMIGATION IN19 PROGRESS";

- 20 (2) The date of application;
- 21 (3) The name of a contact person;
- 22 (4) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

23 Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be 24 removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of

fumigation fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs
 at the appropriate times.

3 **§15307.** 

#### Special Requirements for Foggers.

(d) Ventilation. Pest Control Operators and for-hire applicators of foggers must
follow all requirements listed on the USEPA-accepted label. Applicators must verify
that there is no evidence of fogging fumes in the treated area prior to reentry by anyone.
Applicators may utilize industrial size fans and or air conditioning after fogging took
place before anyone is allowed into the treated area.

9 (e) Posting of Signs. *At least* one (1) hour prior to any fogging application, the 10 project manager *shall* assure that warning signs, which must be written in the English 11 language, are posted at all entrances to the application site. The signs, which must be 12 readable by the general public from *at least* (25) feet away, must include the following 13 information:

14

(5) The phrase: "DO NOT ENTER: PESTICIDE FOGGING IN PROGRESS";

- 15 (6) The date of application;
- 16 (7) The name of a contact person;
- 17

(8) A telephone number where the contact person can be reached.

18 Signs must stay in place during the entire time of the application and must not be 19 removed until such time as the pesticide label indicates; or until there is no evidence of 20 fogging fumes in the area. Project managers are responsible for removing the signs at 21 the appropriate times.

22 §15308. Special Requirements for Aerial Pesticide Application.

(a) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit Required. No person *shall* apply any
 pesticides by aircraft unless specifically permitted by the accepted USEPA label; and
 unless he has obtained a Guam EPA "Aerial Pesticide Application Permit". In addition,

the permittee *shall* notify the Administrator in writing at least three (3) days in advance
 of any aerial pesticide application.

3 (b) Pesticide Application Equipment Safety and Maintenance Requirements.
4 Equipment used for aerial pesticide application shall be kept and maintained according
5 to the following conditions:

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(1) Spray equipment on aircraft shall be leak-proof. Spray nozzles shall be equipped with a device to prevent dribble when spray is turned off.

8 (2) Flexible hoses carrying liquid pesticides under pressure shall not pass
9 unshielded through the cockpit of an airplane or helicopter.

(3) Self-propelled power rigs used for inter-row or broadcast applications shall
be equipped with a pressure control device and a pressure gauge.

(4) Power rigs, mist blowers, boom sprayers and other pesticide applicationequipment shall be in good working order with no leaks.

(5) Persons who own or operate pesticide mixing, loading or application
equipment shall ensure that equipment used for mixing, loading, transferring or
applying pesticides is inspected before each day of use for leaks, clogging, and worn
or damaged parts, and equipment with any safety defect is repaired or altered to
remove the hazard before further use.

(6) Applicators or employees who clean, service, or repair mixing and
 application equipment shall be provided by their employer with any necessary
 protective equipment or clothing and shall be instructed and supervised in the
 maintenance operation in a manner that will reduce work hazards.

23

#### §15309. Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

24 Worker Protection Standard (WPS) is a federal regulation aimed at reducing the 25 risk of pesticide poisoning and injuries among workers, handlers, and volunteer

1 workers who work in any farm, forest, greenhouse or nursery.

All agricultural operators who have workers and handlers who work on a farm,
forest, greenhouse or nursery where a pesticide has been applied within the past thirty
(30) days must follow the WPS requirements as described in 40 CFR, Part 170.

For the purposes of this section, 'worker' shall mean any person who is
performing activities relating to the production of agricultural plants on an agricultural
establishment. This requirement applies to family members, friends, and volunteers.
Workers may or may not be compensated for their work.

For the purposes of this section, *'handler' shall* mean anyone who mixes or loads
pesticides on an agricultural establishment including, but not limited, to flaggers, those
handling or cleaning application equipment, those performing soil incorporation, and
those disposing of pesticides or pesticide containers.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 4 Importation of Pesticides and Pesticide Devices

- 1 §15401. Notice of Arrival.
- 2 §15402. Arrival of Shipment.
- 3 §15403. Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.
- 4 §15404. Sample of Imports.
- 5 §15401. Notice of Arrival.

6 (a) Notice of Arrival Form. Any person desiring to import pesticides or 7 pesticide devices into Guam – regardless of origin, type and quantity – *shall* submit 8 to the Administrator a completed Guam EPA "Notice of Arrival" (NOA) form, *no* 9 *later than* ten (10) calendar days prior to the arrival of the shipment in Guam. The 10 Administrator, or his designee, may waive this deadline if the importer provides 11 valid documents evidencing that the shipment will arrive in Guam in less than 10 12 days from the date of exportation from the point of origin.

For any shipment that includes more than one (1) type of pesticide and/or device, the importer must indicate the on his NOA form all pertinent information for each pesticide and/or device. Importers who apply for a NOA for the first time for a specific pesticide or device must also provide respective labels for each pesticide or device.

1 Upon receipt, the Administrator, or his designee, *shall* complete the form, 2 indicating the disposition to be made of the shipment of pesticides or devices upon 3 its arrival in Guam and *shall* return the form to the importer or his agent.

- (b) Notice of Arrival Required. No pesticide or device *shall* be imported into
  Guam without an accompanying "Notice of Arrival" that has been approved and
  signed by the Administrator or his designee.
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**§15402.** 

#### Arrival of Shipment.

(a) Notice of Arrival Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, the importer, or
his designee, *shall* present to the Customs Officer at the port of entry an approved
and signed NOA which indicates the action to be taken by the Customs Officer with
respect to the shipment. The Customs Officer *shall* compare entry documents for the
shipment with the NOA and must notify the Administrator of any discrepancies.

(b) Notice of Arrival Not Presented. Upon the arrival of a shipment, if the
importer, or his designee, does *not* present an approved and signed NOA to the
Customs Officer at the port of entry, the shipment *shall* be detained until such time a
signed and approved NOA is presented; or until other disposition is ordered by the
Administrator.

(c) Detained Shipments. A shipment may be detained for up to fifteen (15)
 days. A shipment that remains detained for more than fifteen (15) days *shall* be
 treated as prohibited importation.

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#### §15403. Release of Shipment or Entry Refused.

If the signed and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to release the shipment of pesticides or devices, and from examination if it appears to be in compliance, the shipment *shall* be released to the importer or his designee. If the signed and approved NOA directs the Customs Officer to refuse entry of a shipment, or from

examination of the shipment it appears to violate local or federal requirements, such
 shipment *shall* be refused entry and treated as prohibited importation.

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The Customs Officer *shall* notify the importer at least twenty (20) days prior to the date of exportation of the shipment. If a shipment of pesticides or devices is refused entry into Guam, the shipment can be detained at the importer's storage area pending exportation to the country of origin. However, during the detainment period, the shipment shall not be used, sold or distributed or otherwise disposed of other than exportation.

9 Any expenses incident to the handling, storage or transfer of pesticides or 10 devices refused entry into Guam *shall* be at the risk and expense of the importer.

11 §15404. Sample of Imports.

Upon the request of the Administrator, either on the NOA or otherwise written request, the Customs Officer *shall* allow the Administrator, or his designee, to collect samples from a shipment. If the sample is found to be in compliance with local and federal requirements, the Administrator *shall* notify the Customs Officer in writing that the shipment may be released to the importer or his designee.

17 If upon the examination or analysis, the sample demonstrates that there is a violation of local or federal requirements, the Administrator, or his designee, shall 18 19 promptly notify the importer, who *shall* be provided with an opportunity to introduce 20 testimony to show cause why the shipment should not be refused entry. If after 21 consideration of all the evidence presented, it remains the opinion of the Administrator 22 that the shipment is in violation of local or federal requirements; the Administrator 23 shall notify the Customs Officer that the shipment shall be refused entry and treated as a 24 prohibited importation.

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#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

#### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

#### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 5 Special Pesticides

- 1 §15501. Mixtures and Seeds.
- 2 §15502. Treated Articles.
- 3 §15503. Minimal Risk Pesticides.
- 4 §15504. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.
- 5 §15501. Mixtures and Seeds.

Fertilizer-pesticide mixtures and seeds treated with pesticides are considered
pesticides and, as such, are subject to all local and federal requirements.

8 §15502. Treated Articles.

9 An article or substance treated with or containing a pesticide itself if the pesticide 10 is registered for this use is exempt from the provisions of the Act and this Chapter when 11 intended for use and used only in the manner specified. Examples include paint to 12 protect the paint coating, or wood products treated to protect the wood against insect or 13 fungus infestation, as long as the pesticide used to protect the paint coating or the wood 14 products are registered for that purpose.

15 If an article or substance is treated with a pesticide that is not registered with 16 USEPA for that use, the article or substance *shall* be considered a pesticide and as such

is regulated by the Act and this Chapter and must be registered with USEPA prior to
 import, sale, or distribution.

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#### §15503. Minimal Risk Pesticides.

All pesticides that are considered Minimal Risk Pesticides (MRP) must meet all requirements specified in 40 CFR Section 152.25, FIFRA Section 25(b), and any other applicable local or federal requirements. If a pesticide meets the federal requirements for MRP, the pesticide is considered an MRP under this Chapter.

Active Ingredients must be listed in the most current USEPA list of MRPs. Inert
ingredients must be listed in the most current USEPA List 4A.

10 (a) Minimal Risk Pesticide Import Requirements. In order for an MRP to be 11 allowed into Guam, the importer must first obtain a signed and approved Notice of 12 Arrival from Guam EPA prior to the arrival of any shipment, as described in Article 13 4 of this Chapter. Additionally, the product must not be intended for use in such a 14 way as to control or mitigate micro-organisms that pose a threat to human health 15 including, but not limited to, disease-transmitting bacteria or viruses, or claims to 16 control insects or rodents carrying specific diseases including, but not limited to, 17 ticks that carry Lyme Disease or mosquitoes that could transmit West Nile Virus. 18 Additionally, the product label or labeling must meet the following requirements:

19 20 (1) The label or labeling must include:

- (A) The name and percentage by weight of each active ingredient; and
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- (B) The names of each inert ingredient.
- 22 (2) The label or labeling must *not* include:
- (A) Claims to either control or mitigate micro-organisms that pose a
  threat to human health including, but not limited to, disease-transmitting
  bacteria or viruses; or

**(B)** Claims to control insects or rodents carrying specific diseases 1 2 including, but not limited to, ticks that carry Lyme Disease or mosquitoes that could transmit West Nile Virus; or 3 **(C)** False or misleading statements including, but not limited to, those 4 listed in 40 CFR Section 156.10(a)(5)(i) through (viii). 5 (b) Minimal Risk Pesticide Listing. Pesticides listed in this section have been 6 determined to be of a character not requiring regulation under FIFRA; and are also 7 exempt from all local requirements, except import requirements, when intended for 8 9 use, and used, only in the manner specified. 10 (1) Embalming fluids used to preserve animal or animal organ specimens in 11 mortuaries, laboratories, hospitals, museums and institutions of learning; 12 (2) Products used to preserve the integrity of milk, urine, blood, or other 13 body fluids or laboratory analysis; 14 (3) Products consisting of foods which contain no active ingredient which are 15 used to attract pests. 16 (4) Natural cedar blocks, chips, shavings, balls, chests, drawer liners, paneling, and needles that meet all of the following criteria: 17 (A) The product consists totally of cedarwood or natural cedar. 18 19 (B) The product is not treated, combined or impregnated with any 20 additional substance(s). (C) The product bears claims or directions for use solely to repel 21 22 arthropods other than ticks or to retard mildew, and no additional claims are 23 made in sale or distribution. The labeling must be limited to specific arthropods or must exclude ticks if any general term such as "arthropods," 24 "insects," bugs," or any other broad inclusive term, is used. The exemption 25

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does not apply to natural cedar products claimed to repel ticks. The exemption does not apply to cedar oil, or formulated products which contain cedar oil, other cedar extracts, or ground cedar wood as part of a mixture.

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#### **§15504**. Locally Designated Restricted Use Pesticides.

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(a) Local Designation Authority. Pursuant to 10 GCA §50103(3), the Board, or its designee, has the authority to designate a restricted use pesticide. The consideration and designation of a restricted use pesticide must be done in accordance with Title 5, Chapter 9 of Guam Code Annotated - "The Guam Administrative Adjudication Law." Restricted use pesticides so classified in Guam shall be in addition to those USEPA-classified restricted use pesticides.

11 (b) Chlorine Gas. All chlorine gas used as a pesticide (including, but not limited 12 to, chlorine gas that has a USEPA registration number and establishment number) is 13 hereby considered a restricted use pesticide in Guam. Persons applying chlorine gas must be hold a valid certification card in Category 7d, "Chlorine Gas"; or must 14 otherwise hold a valid certification card for Core Training and must, at the time of 15 application, be under the direct supervision of an applicator who holds a valid 16 certification card in Category 7d. 17

18 (c) Designation by Label or Labeling. If the registered label for a general use 19 pesticide states, or has related statements indicating, that the applicator must be professional, licensed, registered, certified, or trained (for example, "Only For Sale, 20 Use, and storage by Professional Pest Control Operators", etc...), the applicator 21 must be certified by Guam EPA in the category most related to the pesticide use 22 prior to the application of said pesticide. 23

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

## Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

#### Article 6 Certification

- 1 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.
- 2 §15602. General Use Pesticide Training Certification.
- 3 §15603. Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.
- 4 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.
- 5 §15601. Instructor Qualifications.

Basic Training, Core Training, or Category Training may be offered by the
University of Guam, the Guam Community College or an independent contractor. Any
person intending to provide any type of training must first meet the following
qualifications and requirements set forth below.

(a) Conducting "Train-the-Trainer". Instructor qualifications and requirements to
 conduct a "Train-the-Trainer" course are:

(1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or
individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related
activity. Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors,
owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public
health regulatory agency;

- 17
- (2) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;

(3) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federal
 requirements; and

3 (4) The ability to effectively prepare student-instructors for teaching the required
4 course material, including the use of a variety of teaching tools.

5 (b) Conducting Training. Instructor qualifications and requirements to conduct
6 Basic, Core or Category Training are:

(1) Two (2) Letters of Recommendation from a former or current supervisor, or
individual who holds a managerial position, with expertise in pesticide-related
activity. Such persons include, but are not limited to, university professors,
owners/managers of pesticide companies, or directors of an environmental or public
health regulatory agency;

(2) Successful completion of a Guam-EPA approved "Train-the-Trainer" courseand the passage of any applicable exam;

(3) Current certification in the type of training to be conducted (BT-A, BT-B, Core
 or the applicable Category/ies);

16 (4) A Guam EPA approved training plan, as described in §15602(d) below;

(5) Practical knowledge of the training material and all applicable local and federalrequirements; and

(6) The ability to teach and communicate effectively with student-applicators toprepare them for proper performance of their occupational duties.

(c) Approved Training Plan Required. An approved training plan must adequately
 incorporate general standards developed by Guam EPA concerning the use of
 pesticides as appropriate to the type of activities in which the pesticide applicator will
 be engaged. An approved training plan must identify the type of training to be

1	provided (Basic Training-A, Basic Training-B, Core Training and/or Category Training),
2	and must include, at a minimum:
3	(1) Instructor information, including:
4	(A) The name and address of each instructor;
5	<b>(B)</b> A description of each instructor's qualifications and experience;
6	(C) A copy of the current certification card for each instructor; and
7	(2) Training information, including a copy of the training agenda and descriptions
8	of:
9	(A) Topics to be covered;
10	(B) The target audience;
11	(C) How the trainer will ensure that the training is provided in a manner and
12	language that the target audience will understand;
13	<b>(D)</b> When, where and how often the training will be conducted;
14	(E) How the exam will be administered and graded, if applicable; and
15	(F) How the training will incorporate information on all relevant local and
16	federal requirements; and Guam-specific challenges and needs.
17	§15602. General Use Pesticide Training Certification.
18	(a) Basic Training.
19	(1) Basic Training-A ("BT-A"). BT-A is required for applicants who are paid
20	housekeeping workers including, but not limited to, cleaners and janitors in hotel <b>s</b> ,
21	hospitals, apartment complexes or condominium complexes, nursing homes, or
22	other non-private residences, and who apply general use antibacterial,
23	antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other pesticides as part of their
24	occupational duties. BT-A applicants must complete a four (4) hour training course
25	and must successfully pass the open-book BT-A exam.

1 (2) Basic Training-B ("BT-B"). BT-B is required for applicants who are paid 2 swimming pool operators and water treatment operators using general use 3 pesticides as part of their occupational duties. BT-B applicants must complete an 4 eight (8) hour training course and must successfully pass the closed-book BT-B 5 exam.

6 7 Workers in this category *may* satisfy this requirement by attending eight (8) hours of Core Training and passing either the BT-B or Core Training exam.

8 Swimming pool or water treatment operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine 9 products in carrying out their occupations duties must successfully complete Core 10 Training and are not required to complete BT-B. Any applicant who intends to use 11 chlorine gas *must also* obtain certification in Category 7d″.

(b) Core Training. Core Training is required for any applicant, other than those described in subsection (a) above, who intends to use general use pesticides as part of carrying out his occupational duties. Core Training consists of a sixteen (16) hour training course and a closed-book exam.

16 **§15603.** 

#### **Restricted Use Pesticide Training Certification.**

(a) Certification of RUP-Applicators. Category Training is required for all
restricted use pesticide applicators. Satisfactory completion of Core Training is
required as a prerequisite for Category Training. Category Training consists of sixteen
hours (16) of a specialized type of training course and a closed-book exam. Applicators
applying restricted use pesticides shall be certified either as a commercial applicator or
a private applicator.

(1) Commercial Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of,
 restricted use pesticides in pest control work, demonstration work or similar pest
 control activity. Commercial applicators are paid for their services.

1 (2) Private Applicators include persons using, or supervising the use of, 2 restricted use pesticides for the purpose of producing any agricultural commodity 3 on property owned or rented by him, his employer, or another person. Persons in 4 this category are not compensated for their work. For purposes of this section, 5 *'compensation'* does not include the trading of personal services between producers 6 of agricultural commodities.

7 **(b) RUP-Applicator Categories.** Applicators shall be further divided into the 8 following categories and subcategories based on general patterns of use and sites where 9 specific knowledge related to the use patter or site is required to demonstrate 10 competency. A person may be certified in as many categories or subcategories as 11 necessary.

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#### **Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control.**

Category 1a: Plants. This category includes applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in production of agricultural crops, including without limiting the foregoing, tobacco, peanuts, cotton, feed grains, soybeans and forage; vegetables, small fruits, fruit trees and nuts, as well as on grasslands and non-crop agricultural lands.

19 **Category 1b**: **Animals.** This category includes applicators using or 20 supervising the use of restricted use pesticides on animals, including 21 without limiting the foregoing, beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, sheep, 22 horse, goats, poultry, and livestock, and to places on or in which animals 23 are confined. Doctors of Veterinary Medicine engaged in the business of 24 applying pesticides for hire, publicly holding themselves out as pesticide

- applicators, or engaged in large scale use of pesticides are included in this
   category.
- 3 **Category 2: Forest Pest Control.** This category includes commercial 4 applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in forests, 5 forest nurseries, and forest seed producing areas.
- 6 Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control. This category includes
  7 commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides
  8 to control pests in the maintenance and production of ornamental trees, shrubs,
  9 flowers, and turf.
- 10Category 4: Seed Treatment.This category includes commercial11applicators using or supervising the use of restricted pesticides on seeds.
- 12 **Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control.** This category includes commercial 13 applicators using or supervising the use of any restricted use pesticide 14 purposefully applied to any body of water as defined in these regulations, 15 including but not limited to standing or running water; the territorial sea; and 16 bays and harbors of Guam, excluding applicators engaged in public health 17 activities included in Category (8).
- Category 6: Right-of-Way Pest Control. This category includes
   commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides
   in maintenance of public roads, electric power lines, pipelines, railway rights-of way or other similar areas.
- 22 Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest
   23 Control.
- 24Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control. This category25includes commercial applicators using or supervising the use of restricted

use pesticides in, on, or around food handling establishments, human
dwellings, institutions such as schools and hospitals, industrial
establishments, including warehouses and grain elevators, and any other
structures and adjacent areas, public or private; and for the protection of
stored, processed, or manufactured products.

6 Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigations. This 7 category is for applicants who apply fumigants to sites including but not 8 limited to commodity storage or holding sites, buildings, boats, and 9 shipping containers. In addition to being certified, applicators of 10 fumigants must submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent: Structural 11 Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as stipulated in 12 §15305(b) of this Chapter.

Category 7c: Soil Fumigation. This category is for applicants who apply fumigants to kill organisms such as fungi, insects, nematodes, parasite and other soil-borne diseases. In addition to being certified, applicators of fumigants must submit a Guam EPA "Notice of Intent: Structural Fumigation" prior to any application of any fumigants, as described in §15305 of this Chapter.

19Category 7d: Chlorine Gas.This category is for commercial20applicants who use, or supervise the use of, chlorine gas for the treatment21of swimming pools, hot tubs, spas and production wells.

Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. This category includes local, federal or other governmental employees using or supervising the use of restricted use pesticides in public health programs for the management and control of pests having medical and public health importance.

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**Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control.** This category includes local, federal or other governmental employees who use or supervise the use of restricted use pesticides in the control of regulated pests.

- Demonstration and Research Pest Control. 4 This category includes 5 individuals who demonstrate, or supervise a demonstration, to the public the 6 proper use and techniques of applications of restricted use pesticides. Examples 7 of such persons include, but are not limited to, extension specialists and local agents, commercial representatives demonstrating pesticide products, and those 8 9 individuals demonstrating methods used in public programs. Category 10 also 10 includes persons conducting field research with pesticides and in doing so, use, 11 or supervise the use of, restricted use pesticides. This includes, but is not limited 12 to, local, federal, other governmental employees, or other commercial 13 applicators.
- 14 (c) Standards for Certification.
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# (1) Commercial Applicators.

(A) Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling 16 of pesticides shall be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as 17 18 appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below, both 19 of which shall be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing 20 shall include the general standards applicable to all categories and the additional 21 standards specifically identified for each category or subcategory in which an 22 applicator is to be classified, and to the pesticide or class of pesticides covered by the persons certification. 23

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**(B)** General Standards of Competency. All commercial applicators *shall* demonstrate practical knowledge of the principles and practices of pest control

and safe use of pesticides as described below. Testing shall be based on
 examples of problems and situations appropriate to the particular category or
 subcategory of the applicator's certification and the following areas of
 competency:

5 (i) Label and Labeling Comprehension. Including factors such as: (aa) General format of labels and terminology that are used on 6 7 pesticide labels and labeling; (bb)Instructions, symbols, and other 8 warnings, terms, 9 information commonly appearing on pesticide labels; 10 (cc)Classification of the product, general or restricted; and 11 (dd)Necessity for use consistent with the label. 12 (ii) Safety. Including factors such as: 13 (aa) Pesticide toxicity and hazard to man and common exposure 14 routes; 15 (bb) Common types and causes of pesticide accidents; 16 (cc)Precautions necessary to guard against injury to applicators and other individuals in or near treated areas; 17 (dd)Need for and use of protective clothing and equipment; 18 Symptoms of pesticide poisoning; 19 (ee) 20 (ff)First Aid and other procedures to be followed in case of a pesticide accident; and 21 22 Proper identification, storage, transport, handling, mixing (gg)23 procedures and disposal methods for pesticides and used pesticide 24 containers, including precautions to be taken to prevent children from

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having access to pesticides and pesticide containers.

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1	(iii) Potential Environmental Consequences of the Use and Misuse
2	of Pesticides. Including influential factors such as:
3	(aa) Weather and other climatic conditions;
4	(bb) Types of terrain, soil or other substrate;
5	(cc) Presence of fish, wildlife and other non-target organisms;
6	and
7	(dd) Drainage patterns.
8	(iv) Pests. Including factors such as:
9	(aa) Common features of pest organisms and characteristics of
10	damage needed for pest recognition;
11	(bb) Recognition of relevant pests; and
12	(cc) Pest development and biology as it may be relevant to
13	problem identification and control.
14	(v) Pesticides. Including factors such as:
15	(aa) Types of pesticides;
16	(bb) Types of formulations;
17	(cc) Compatibility, synergism, persistence and animal and plant
18	toxicity of the formulations;
19	(dd) Hazards and residues associated with use;
20	(ee) Factors which influence effectiveness or lead to such
21	problems as resistance to pesticides; and
22	(ff) Dilution procedures, including calculations to achieve
23	correct application rate.
24	(vi) Equipment. Including factors such as:

1 (aa) Types of equipment and advantages and limitations of each 2 type; and 3 (bb) Use, maintenance and calibration. **Application techniques.** Including factors such as: (vii) 4 Methods of procedure used to apply various formulations of 5 (aa) pesticides, solutions, and gases, together with knowledge of which 6 technique of application to use in a given situation; 7 Relationship of discharge and placement of pesticides to 8 (bb)9 proper use, unnecessary use, and misuse; and Prevention of drift and pesticide loss into the environment. 10 (cc)All local and federal requirements. 11 (viii) (C) Specific Standards of Competency. Commercial Applicators should 12 demonstrate additional competence and knowledge appropriate to their 13 particular category of certification, described as follows: 14 **Category 1: Agricultural Pest Control.** 15 Category 1a: Plants. Applicators must demonstrate practical 16 knowledge of the crops grown and the specific pests on these crops on 17 which they may be using RUPs. The importance of such competency is 18 19 amplified by the extensive areas involved, the quantities of pesticides needed, and the ultimate use of many commodities as food and feed. 20 Practical knowledge is required concerning soil and water problems, pre-21 22 harvest intervals, re-entry intervals, phytotoxicity, and potential for environmental contamination, non-target injury and community problems 23 from the use of restricted use pesticides in agricultural areas. 24

1Category 1b: Animals. Persons applying pesticides directly to2animals must demonstrate knowledge of such animals and their3associated pests. A practical knowledge is also required concerning4specific pesticide toxicity and residue potential, since host animals will5frequently be used for food. Further, the applicator must know the6relative hazards associated with such factors as formulation application7techniques, age of animals, and focus and extent of treatment.

8 Category 2: Forest Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical 9 knowledge of the extent and types of forests, forests nurseries, and seed 10 production in Guam and the pests involved. They should demonstrate practical 11 knowledge of the cyclic occurrence of certain pests and specific population dynamics as a basis for programming pesticide applications. 12 A practical 13 knowledge is required of the relative biotic agents and their vulnerability to Because forest stands frequently include aquatic 14 pesticides to be applied. 15 habitats and harbor wildlife, the consequences of pesticide use may be difficult to 16 assess. The applicators must therefore demonstrate practical knowledge of 17 control methods that will minimize the possibility of secondary problems such as 18 unintended effects on wildlife. Proper use of specialized equipment must be demonstrated, especially as it may relate to meteorological factors and adjacent 19 land use. 20

21 **Category 3: Ornamental and Turf Pest Control.** Applicators shall 22 demonstrate practical knowledge of pesticide problems associated with the 23 production and maintenance of ornamental trees, shrubs, plantings, and turf, 24 including cognizance of potential phytotoxicity due to a wide variety of plant 25 material, drift, and persistence beyond the intended period of pest control.

Because of the frequent proximity of human habitations to application activities,
 applicators in this category must demonstrate practical knowledge of the
 hazards to humans, pets, and other domestic animals.

4 **Category 4: Seed Treatment.** Applicators shall demonstrate practical 5 knowledge of types of seeds that require chemical protection against pests and 6 factors such as seed coloration, carriers, and surface active agents which 7 influence pesticide binding and may affect germination. They must demonstrate 8 practical knowledge of hazards associated with handling, sorting and mixing, 9 and misuse of treated seed such as introduction of treated seed into food and 10 feed channels, as well as proper disposal of unused treated seed.

11 Category 5: Aquatic Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical 12 knowledge of the secondary effects which can be caused by improper application 13 rates, incorrect formulations, and faulty application of restricted use pesticides used in this category. They shall demonstrate practical knowledge of various 14 water use situations and the potential of downstream effects. Further, they must 15 have practical knowledge concerning potential pesticide effects on plants, fish, 16 birds, beneficial insects and other organisms which may be present in aquatic 17 environments. These applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the 18 principles of limited area application. 19

Category 6: Right-of-way Pest Control. Applicators shall demonstrate practical knowledge of a wide variety of environments since rights-of-ways can traverse many different terrains, including waterways. They shall demonstrate practical knowledge of the problems of runoff, drift, and excessive foliage destruction and ability to recognize target organisms. They shall also demonstrate practical knowledge of the nature of herbicides and the need for

containment of these pesticides within the right-of-way area, and the impact of their application activities in the adjacent areas and communities and special drift control methods and procedures.

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# Category 7: Industrial, Institutional, Structural and Health-Related Pest Control.

6 Category 7a: General and Structural Pest Control. Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of a variety of pests including their life 7 cycles, as well as types of formulations appropriate for their control and 8 methods of application that avoid contamination of food and damage and 9 10 contamination of habitat, and exposure of people and pets. Since human exposure, especially to babies, children, pregnant women, and elderly 11 12 people, is frequently a potential problem, applicators must demonstrate 13 practical knowledge of the specific factors which may lead to a hazardous 14 condition, including continuous exposure in the various situations encountered in this category. Because health related pest control may 15 involve outdoor applications, applicators in this category must also 16 demonstrate practical knowledge of environmental conditions particularly 17 related to this activity. 18

19Category 7b: Structural and Commodity Fumigation. In this20subcategory, types of structures include, but are *not* limited to inhabited21buildings, containers, boat. Applicators must demonstrate practical22knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and fumigation use23laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, of handler and24worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety training, preventing

heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to interpret and follow label
 directions and requirements.

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Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, and responding to fumigant emergencies.

8 Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper 9 fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate 10 application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use 11 practices.

12 **Category 7c: Soil Fumigation.** Applicators must demonstrate 13 practical knowledge of core requirements covering fumigant and 14 fumigation use laws and regulations, the basic principles of fumigant use, 15 of handler and worker safety requirements especially pesticide safety 16 training, preventing heat-related illnesses, of fumigant labels, how to 17 interpret and follow label directions and requirements.

Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of the hazards associated with fumigant use and preventing human exposure, environmental contamination, off-site movement/drift, and phytotoxicity, of safe fumigant handling practices, proper PPE selection, use, and care, and responding to fumigant emergencies.

23Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of proper24fumigant application procedures, selecting and using appropriate

application equipment and its calibration, and of hazards and safe use practices.

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3 Category 7d: Chlorine Gas. Applicators must demonstrate practical 4 knowledge of the toxicity of liquefied chlorine gas; the dispersion 5 properties and other characteristics of gaseous chemicals; equipment types; calibration procedures; application techniques; air and water monitoring 6 7 procedures; use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and 8 clothing; and factors that may lead to a hazardous conditions, including 9 handling of pressurized chemicals and direct or continuous exposure to 10 chlorine gas.

11 Category 8: Public Health Pest Control. Applicators must demonstrate 12 practical knowledge of pests of public health importance, vector-disease 13 relationships, and etiology of disease-host relationships. Since a wide variety of 14 pests are involved, these pests must be known and recognized by public health control applicators, and the life's cycles and habitats of each thoroughly 15 16 understood. These applicators should be familiar with a great variety of environmental conditions ranging from streams to dwellings. They should also 17 18 be cognizant of such non-chemical control methods as sanitation, waste disposal, and drainage. 19

20 **Category 9: Regulatory Pest Control.** Applicators shall demonstrate 21 practical knowledge of regulated pests, applicable law relating to quarantine and 22 other regulation of pests, and the potential impact on the environment of 23 restricted use pesticides used in suppression and eradication programs. They 24 shall demonstrate knowledge of factors influencing introduction, spread, and 25 population dynamics of relevant pests. Their knowledge shall extend beyond

that required by their immediate duties, since their services are frequently required in Guam and other areas of the country where emergency measures are invoked to control regulated pests and where individual judgments in new situations must be made.

**Category 10: Demonstration and Research Pest Control.** 5 Persons demonstrating the safe and effective use of pesticides to other applicators and the 6 7 public will be expected to meet comprehensive standards reflecting a broad spectrum of pesticide uses. Many different pest problems situations will be 8 9 encountered in the course of activities associated with demonstration, and 10 practical knowledge of problems, pests, and population levels occurring in each Further, they should demonstrate an 11 demonstration situation is required. 12 understanding of pesticide-organism interactions and the importance of integrating pesticide use with other control methods. 13

Applicators doing demonstration pest control work, conducting field research or method improvement work with RUPs should possess a practical knowledge of all of the general standards detailed in §15603(c)(2) of this Chapter. In addition, they shall be expected to know the specific standards described in §15603(c)(3)(A) through (I) of this Chapter as may be applicable to their particular activity.

For the purposes of this Chapter, the above standards do not apply to persons conducting laboratory-type research involving RUPs; or Doctors of Medicine or Doctors of Veterinary Medicine applying pesticides as drugs or medication during the course of their normal practice.

24 (2) Private Applicators.

1 (A)Determination of Competency. Competence in the use and handling of 2 pesticides *shall* be determined on the basis of written examinations and, as 3 appropriate, performance testing based upon the standards set forth below both 4 of which *shall* be approved by the Administrator. Such examination and testing 5 *shall* include the standards applicable to Category 1, 1a and 1b in which an 6 applicator is to be classified.

7 **(B) Standards of Competency.** Competence in the use and handling of 8 pesticides by a private applicator *shall* be determined by the procedures set forth 9 below. As a minimum requirement for certification, a private applicator must 10 show that s/he possesses a practical knowledge of the pest problems and pest 11 control practices associated with his agricultural operations; proper storage, use, 12 handling and disposal of the pesticides and containers; and his related legal 13 responsibility. The practical knowledge includes ability to:

14 (i) Recognize common pests to be controlled and damage caused by15 them;

(ii) Read and understand the label and labeling information including
the common name of pesticides he applied; pest(s) to be controlled, timing
and methods of application; safety precautions; any pre-harvest or re-entry
restrictions; and any specific disposal procedures;

(iii) Apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and
warnings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentrations of
pesticide to be used under particular circumstances taking into account
such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment
will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operation;

(iv) Recognize local environmental situations that must be considered
 during application to avoid contamination;

- 3 (v) Recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to follow in case of
  4 pesticide accident; and
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(vi) Consult reliable sources of information on the safe and proper use of each pesticide related to the applicator's certification.

7 Standards for Supervision of Non-Category Certified Applicators. The (3) supervisor of a non-category certified applicator must ensure that the applicator 8 9 holds a valid Core Training Certification Card and is someone who follows In addition, the supervisor must be certified in the appropriate 10 instructions. category for the type of application he/she is directly supervising; he must 11 demonstrate practical knowledge of all local and federal requirements; and he must 12 be physically present on site observing the application of the pesticide at the time of 13 application. The non-category certified applicator must complete the appropriate 14 category training no later than ninety (90) days from his date of hire. 15

# 16 §15604. Course and Exam Offerings.

17 Training course and exam offerings are subject to space and instructor availability.18 Exams, however, will be offered at least once per month.

#### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

### Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 7 Licenses, Permits, Certification Cards and Fees.

- 1 §15701. Special Licenses.
- 2 §15702. Permits.
- 3 §15703. Certification Cards.
- 4 §15704. Fees.
- 5 §15701. Special Licenses.

(a) Pest Control Operator (PCO) License. Any person intending to conduct
structural pest control in or around residential and commercial buildings *shall* obtain
a PCO License from Guam EPA prior to conducting any structural pest control.

9 **(b) Pesticide Trainers License.** Any person intending to provide Basic 10 Training, Core Training or Category Training must obtain a Pesticide Trainers 11 License from Guam EPA. This licensure requirement is in addition to the training 12 instructor qualifications and requirements stipulated in §15601 of this Chapter. All 13 applicable requirements must be satisfied prior to the start of any pesticide training.

(c) Pesticide Dealers License. Any person intending to sell restricted use
pesticides must first obtain a Pesticide Dealers License from Guam EPA.
Additionally, a Pesticide Dealers License *shall* be required for each sales outlet
operating in Guam. Each Pesticide Dealers License issued *shall* expire on December
31 of the year in which the license was issued. The application for a Pesticide

1	Dealers License shall be on a form prescribed by the Administrator and shall include,
2	at minimum:
3	a. The name and address of the applicant;
4	<b>b.</b> The physical address of the sales outlet (primary and all branch outlets,
5	when applicable); and
6	c. The name, address, and certified applicator number of the Certified
7	Pesticide Sales Manager (CPSM) at each sales outlet.
8	§15702. Permits.
9	(a) Commodity Fumigation Permit. Any person intending to perform fumigation of
10	any commodity must first obtain a Commodity Fumigation Permit from Guam EPA. An
11	application for a Commodity Fumigation Permit shall be on a form prescribed by the
12	Administrator and shall include, at minimum:
13	(1) The date and time of proposed application; and
14	(2) Information on the pesticide to be used:
15	(A) The name, registration number, and an electronic copy of the label or
16	labeling on the container for each pesticide to be used;
17	<b>(B)</b> A calculation of the amount of the pesticides to be applied; and
18	(C) A description of the equipment to be used;
19	(3) Information on the applicator:
20	(A) The name and certification number of each certified pesticide applicator
21	involved in the project; and
22	(B) The name of the entity for which the applicator is performing the
23	application;
24	(4) Information on the permanent application site, or any temporary sites, if
25	applicable:

1	(A) The physical address of the application site;
2	(B) A description of the application site, including the size of the area to be
3	treated;
4	(C) A map showing all residential homes, schools, hospitals, places of
5	worship and businesses within seventy-five (75) feet of the site;
6	(5) General Information on the Project:
7	(A) The names and contact numbers of the facility owner and the project
8	manager;
9	(B) Description or history of the company's work experience with using the
10	fumigant that is proposed for application;
11	(C) A standard operating procedure for the project;
12	<b>(D)</b> A health and safety plan;
13	(E) Any additional information required in a Fumigant Management Plan
14	by the product label;
15	<b>(F)</b> A listing of the target pests.
16	The permittee must submit a notice of intent for commodity fumigation to the Agency,
17	no later than fourteen (14) working days prior to the proposed application. A yearly
18	permit is required for Commodity Fumigation. Persons applying fumigants must
19	estimate the amount of fumigant to be used for each permit period.
20	(b) Chemigation Permit. Any person intending to conduct any chemigation, msut
21	first obtain a Chemigation Permit from Guam EPA; and must meet the following
22	conditions:
23	The applicator must provide sufficient written evidence to Guam EPA in advance of
24	the application that a chemigation application is the only viable method for pest
25	control. In order to demonstrate to Guam EPA that there are no other viable

methods of pest control, the applicator must provide a list of target pests, location of 1 2 proposed chemigation, a description of equipment to be used, including required back flow prevention devices to prevent contamination of the water sources, a copy 3 of the label for the pesticide(s) proposed for use, and a description of the other types 4 of pest control methods that have been attempted and the results of these methods. 5 The copy of the label submitted to Guam EPA must be a copy of the label on the 6 container(s) of the pesticide to be used. Upon review of the applicator's submission 7 and the EPA accepted label for the product to be used, Guam EPA will make a 8 9 determination as to whether the chemigation application will be allowed. If Guam EPA allows the application, a written permit will be issued by Guam EPA. The 10 pesticide to be used must be registered by U.S. EPA for use in chemigation. 11

(1) Areas to be chemigated must be posted with a sign when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads., or 2) when the chemigated areas is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

18 (2) Application areas must be posted by the pesticide applicator with signs in 19 English at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the 20 listed sensitive area. When there are not usual point of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other locations affording maximum 21 22 visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign must face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs must be printed in the English 23 24 language. Signs must be posted prior to the application and remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water as disappeared. Signs must remain in place 25

indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and
 maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period. Applicators are
 responsible to remove the signs from the treated areas.

4 (3) Effective posting consists of letters at least 2 ½ inches tall, with all letters and
5 symbols in color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the
6 top of the sign must be the words "KEEP OUT", followed by an octagonal stop sign
7 symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word "STOP". Below the stop
8 sign symbol must be the words "PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATION WATER."

9 (c) Aerial Pesticide Application Permit. Any person intending to apply pesticides
10 by aircraft must first obtain and Aerial Pesticide Application Permit from Guam EPA.
11 An application for a Aerial Pesticide Application Permit *shall* be on a form prescribed
12 by the Administrator and shall include, at minimum:

13 (1) Information on the pesticide to be used:

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- (A) The name and registration number of each pesticide to be applied;
- (B) A Copy of the label or labeling on the container for each pesticide to beused;
- 17 (C) The formulation, dilution and application rates for each pesticide to be18 applied;
- 19 (D) A description of the equipment to be used;
- 20 (2) Information on the applicant, pilot and/or applicator:
- (A) The name, certification number, and certification expiration date of the
   applicant and pilot/applicator, if different from the applicant;
- (B) A copy of the certification card for the applicant and pilot/applicator, if
  different from the applicant;
- 25 (C) A copy of the pilot license and any other licenses needed in Guam to

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operate an aircraft;

2 (3) Information on the application site: 3 (A) The physical address of the proposed application site; and (B) A sketch or map of the site, indicating general wind directions, 4 surrounding homes, bodies of water, schools, hospitals, places of worship, 5 6 roadways, and crop plantings within five hundred (500) feet of the application The Administrator may require additional information to ensure that 7 site. 8 waters of Guam are protected. 9 (4) General Information on the Project: (A) A description of the purpose of aerial application and why aerial 10 11 application is desired; (B) The method of aerial application of the proposed pesticides to be 12 applied; 13 (C) The number of application to be made, and the proposed time and date 14 of each application; 15 (D) A description of prior attempts to control the subject pest by other 16 application methods and the results of those efforts; 17 (E) An indication of what measures will be taken to prevent drift or 18 19 overspray of non-target sites. The Administrator may refuse to issue an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit if 20 21 it is determined that the proposed aerial treatment may cause unreasonable adverse 22 effects to human health or the environment. Any Aerial Pesticide Application Permit issued pursuant to this Chapter shall 23 specify the time period for which the permit is valid. The Administrator may specify 24 25 and limit the Aerial Pesticide Application Permit to cover a single treatment or multiple

1 and continued treatments when conditions are not expected to change or vary during 2 subsequent treatments that are conducted in the same designated area. In no case *shall* any pesticide be applied contrary to the U.S. EPA accepted label. 3

4 The issuance of an Aerial Pesticide Application Permit shall not relieve the 5 permittee from the penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or contamination of crops or plants, animals, man and the environment resulting from 6 7 such aerial treatment.

8 §15703.

#### **Certification Cards.**

9 Any person intending to apply pesticides as part of their occupational duties must 10 first obtain a certification card from Guam EPA. Certification cards *shall* be issued after successful completion of the appropriate training. Successful completion is measured 11 12 by the applicator's attendance at the appropriate training course (as certified by the training instructor), together with passing the appropriate exam with a score of seventy 13 14 percent (70%) or higher (as certified by the exam administrator).

15 (a) Temporary Certification Cards. Temporary Certification Cards may be issued to individuals who are unable to attend a the appropriate training course (due to the 16 17 availability of classes) within approximately one month's time from the date he has 18 submitted his application for certification to Guam EPA. Temporary Certification Cards issued pursuant to this Chapter *shall* expire on the last day of the month in which 19 20 the next appropriate training course will be offered.

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#### (b) Basic Training Certification Cards.

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(1) Basic Training-A Certification Card. Any person intending to apply general use antibacterial, antimicrobials, antifungal, disinfectants and other 23 24 pesticides as part of their occupational duties must first obtain a Basic Training-A Certification Card from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application. 25

1 (2) Basic Training-B Certification Card. Any person who is a paid 2 swimming pool operator or water treatment operator intending to use general use pesticides as part of his occupational duties must first obtain a Basic Training-B 3 Certification Card from Guam EPA prior to any pesticide application. This 4 requirement does not apply to paid swimming pool operators or water treatment 5 operators who intend to use RUP-chlorine products. Such applicators must obtain 6 Category Certification as described below, in Category 7d as described in §15604 of 7 8 this Chapter.

9 (c) Core Training Certification Card. Any person, other than those described in 10 subsection (a) above, intending to use general use pesticides as part of carrying out his 11 occupational duties must first obtain a Core Training Certification Card from Guam 12 EPA prior to any pesticide application. Applicants for Core Training Certification must 13 be at least seventeen (17) years of age.

(d) Category Training Certification Card. Any person intending to apply restricted
use pesticides must first obtain a Category Training Certification Card from Guam EPA.
Applicants for Category Training Certification must be at least eighteen (18) years of
age. RUP-Applicators *shall* be certified either as a

(1) Commercial Applicator, in the category or subcategory most related to the
 pesticide he will be using; or

(2) Private Applicator, in Category 1, 1a, or 1b, as described in §15604 of this
Chapter.

(e) Renewal. All Certification Cards issued pursuant to this Chapter *shall* be renewed every three (3) years. Individuals may submit applications for renewal *no more than* thirty (30) days prior to the expiration date of their certification. Individuals intending to renew their certification must successfully pass the appropriate exam.

Training for each applicant is required upon initial application for certification. All
 individuals who hold "Core Training Certification Cards" older than three (3) years
 from the effective date of this Chapter must renew their certification.

4 §15704. Fees.

5 In order to fulfill the duties and responsibilities associated with the implementation 6 of these regulations, the Agency hereby establishes conditions and fees as set forth in 7 Table 1 of this Chapter. All fees *shall* be paid to and deposited into "The Pesticide 8 Management Fund" as specified in 10 GCA §50119, which shall be maintained separate 9 and apart from any other government of Guam bank account. All fees are non-10 refundable and must be paid in the following manner:

(a) Certification Card Fees. Fees must be paid upon issuance of the certification
 card or a replacement card.

13 **(b)** Training/Exam Fees. Fees must be paid prior to each training/exam session.

(c) License/Permit Fees. Fees must be paid at the time a license/permit
 application is submitted.

(d) Notice of Arrival Fees. Fees must be paid at the time the NOA form is
submitted; or based upon an agreed payment plan between the importer and the
Agency.

### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

## Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

### Chapter 15 Pesticides

### Article 8 Enforcement

- 1 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.
- 2 §15802. Enforcement Procedures.
- 3 §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.
- 4 §15801. Enforcement Authorities.

5 The rules and regulations in this Chapter are promulgated by the Agency 6 pursuant to 10 GCA Chapter, "The Guam Pesticides Act". The Act also specifies the 7 Agency's authority to inspect and take necessary enforcement actions to carry out the 8 provisions of the Act or this Chapter.

9 In addition, the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA") is 10 applicable to Guam. Pursuant to Section 23 of FIFRA, the Guam Environmental 11 Protection Agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency have entered into a 12 Cooperative Agreement. Under this agreement, Guam EPA has primary enforcement 13 responsibility for pesticide use violations.

14 The provisions of "The Guam Pesticide Act" and this Chapter are intended to 15 meet minimal requirements of FIFRA. Should there arise a conflict between local and 16 federal requirements, the more stringent requirement applies.

- 17 **§15802.** Enforcement Procedures.
- 18

All enforcement procedures shall comply with 5 GCA Chapter 9 – "The Guam

Administrative Adjudication Law" and 10 GCA Chapter 50 – "The Guam Pesticides
 Act".

(a) Notice of Violation and Order of Compliance (NOV/OC). If – from an inspection, complaint, examination or analysis – there appears to be a violation of the regulations of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, a written NOV/OC *shall* be sent by the Agency to the person against whom proceedings are contemplated. The NOV/OC *shall* state the violation, the manner in which the alleged violator failed to meet the requirement of "The Guam Pesticides Act" or this Chapter, and what should be done to correct the violation.

When a violation has been alleged, and a NOV/OC has been issued, and the respondent has received the NOV/OC, the respondent has the option of: (1) within ten (10) working days, entering into a "Voluntary Compliance Agreement" (See Section 8.5) with Guam EPA to come into compliance with the violated provision; said settlement agreement shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter; or (2) within fifteen (15) working days, appealing the NOV/OC to the Board.

(b) Notice of Defense. A "Notice of Defense" form *shall* be included with the issued NOV/OC. Should the respondent wish to appeal the NOV/OC to the Board, the respondent must submit a completed "Notice of Defense" form to the Board. The Notice must be received by the Board within fifteen (15) working days from receipt of the NOV/OC. Once the Board receives the "Notice of Defense," any administrative action upon the case *shall* be suspended until a "Notice of Judgment" has been issued by the Board.

(c) Prosecution. Pursuant to "The Guam Pesticides Act," the Administrator may
impose fines before an appeal has been filed or before the violation has been corrected.
Enforcement actions may include monetary fines based on civil/administrative penalties
and/or license suspension, revocation, non-renewal, and/or permit cancellation.

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(d) Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA). If the respondent wishes to

1 resolve the NOV/OC without appealing to the Board, the respondent has the option of 2 entering into a Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA) with the Agency, which must be reached within ten (10) working days. The respondent must immediately notify the 3 4 Agency of such intentions upon receipt of the NOV/OC. The Agency may work in 5 conjunction with the respondent to determine the terms and conditions of a VCA. The 6 Agency *shall* inform the respondent that he may exercise his right to appeal the 7 NOV/OC to the Board at any time during the fifteen (15) working day time frame by 8 submitting a completed "Notice of Defense" Form.

9 The purpose of the VCA option is to provide an opportunity to resolve the 10 NOV/OC without going through the appeal process with the Board or the referral 11 process with the Attorney General of Guam.

12 §15803. Denial, Suspension, and Revocation.

The issuance, suspension, or revocation of any certification card, license or permit issued under these regulations *shall* not relieve an individual from the criminal and civil penalty provisions of the Act or any litigation for any damage or contamination resulting from pesticide related activities.

(a) Probable Denial of Application for Certification, License or Permit. An
application for any certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or
this Chapter, may be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the Act, for the
following causes:

21

(1) Falsification of any information required in the application process.

(2) Falsification of or failure to maintain records as required by the Act andthis Chapter.

(3) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction within a five (5) year
 period immediately preceding the date of application of any violation of the Act
 or this Chapter.

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(4) Failure to comply with any order of the Board made pursuant to the Act and this Chapter.

- (5) A suspension of applicant's certification under the Act and this Chapter within a five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of application.
- 4 5

(6) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

(b) Denial of Application for Certification, License or Permit. An application
for any certification card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter, *shall* be denied by the Board as provided in §57135 of the Act, for the following causes:

9 (1) Applicant has been convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction within a
10 five (5) year period immediately preceding the date of the application of two (2)
11 or more violations of the Act or this Chapter or of the Federal Insecticide,
12 Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, or the rules and regulations
13 promulgated pursuant thereto.

(2) Two (2) or more suspensions of applicant's certification, license or permit
 under this Act and this Chapter within a five (5) year period immediately
 preceding the date of application.

(3) Revocation of applicant's certification, license or permit under this Act
and this Chapter within a one (1) year period immediately preceding the date of
application.

(c) Probable Suspension of Certification, License or Permit. A certification
 card, license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter may be suspended
 pursuant to §57135 of the Act for the following causes.

(1) Falsification of any information required in the application process or
falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this
Chapter.

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(2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.

1	(d) Suspension of Certification, License or Permit. A certification card, license
2	or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter shall be suspended for not less
3	than thirty (30) days and not more than one hundred eighty (180) days for the following
4	causes:
5	(1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of
6	the Act.
7	(2) Failure to comply with two (2) warning notices issued by GEPA within a
8	two (2) year period.
9	(e) Probable Revocation of Certification, License or Permit. A certificate,
10	license or permit issued pursuant to this Act or this Chapter may be revoked for cause.
11	Revocation shall be effectuated by a written statement of the Administrator indicating
12	the effective date of the revocation and causes for such action. Possible causes include,
13	but are not limited to, the following:
14	(1) Conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction of a violation of §57131 of
15	the Act.
16	(2) Misuse of a pesticide as defined by the Act and this Chapter.
17	(3) Falsification of any information required in the application process or
18	falsification of or failure to maintain records required by the Act and this
19	Chapter.

### 22 GARR – Guam Environmental Protection Agency

# Division 3 Guam Pesticide Regulations

# Chapter 15 Pesticides

## Article 9 Severability

### 1 §15901. Severability.

*If* any provision of this Chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity *shall not* affect other provisions or applications of this Chapter which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Chapter are severable.

### 22 GARR – GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY DIVISION III, CHAPTER 15 – PESTICIDES TABLE 1 – GUAM PESTICIDE REGULATION FEES

TYPE OF DOCUMENTATION	N COST		EXPLANATION
1. Notice of Arrival (NOA)	\$3/case for up to 10 cases; \$1/additic Chlorine tabs/gas \$5/1000 lbs or \$5/1	Each Shipment	
2. Termite Soil Application	\$50 < 250 gal. of emulsion mix \$100 $\ge$ 250 gal. of emulsion mix	Each application	
3. Fumigation Application Fee (Permits/Notices of Intent)	\$1,000	Yearly*	
4. Chemigation Permit Fee	\$100/Chemigation Permit	Each application	
5. Pesticide Dealers License	\$250/Primary Sales Outlet \$50/Branch Sales Outlet		Expires Dec 31 (Each Year*)
<ol> <li>Certification Cards – Category Training</li> </ol>	a. Cards b. Training c. Exam only d. Replacement Cards	\$15 \$100 (16 hours) \$50 \$10	3 Years*
7. Certification Cards – Core and Basic Training	<ul> <li>a. Cards Only</li> <li>b. Training</li> <li>c. Exam Only</li> <li>d. Replacement Cards</li> <li>e. Exam Study Materials</li> </ul>	\$15 (Core); \$15 for (Basic Training-A/B) \$75 (Core); \$35 (BT-B), \$15 (BT-A) \$25 (Core); \$15 for (BT-A/B) \$10 \$15	3 Years*
8. Pest Control Operators License	\$150		Expires Dec 31 (Each Year*)
9. Pesticide Trainers License	a. Cards b. Training c. Exam only d. Replacement Cards	\$15 \$100 (16 hours) \$50 \$10	Yearly*

\*Annual fees are pro-rated